The Wellsboro Gazette.

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The Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AT

WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, PA.

TERMS, $1.50 Per Year in Advance.

FRANK CONEVERY, Editor and Propr.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

TIME.	1 in.	2 in.	3 in.	4 in.	5 in.	10 in	20 in.
1 Week.	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 Weeks.	1 50	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	11 00	18 00
3 Weeks.	2 00	3 50	5 00	6 00	7 00	13 00	18 00
1 Month.	3 50	4 00	6 00	7 00	8 00	15 00	20 00
2 Months	4 00	6 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	20 00	28 00
3 Months	5 00	8 00	12 00	13 00	15 00	25 00	35 00
6 Months	8 00	12 00	18 00	20 00	23 00	35 00	50 00
1 Year.	12 00	18 00	24 00	28 00	32 00	60 00	100 00

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BUSINESS CARDS.

BLOOM & DAVIS,

BARBERS. Shop in the Eastman block, opposite Coles House, Wellsboro, Pa. First-class work. Satisfaction guaranteed.—Oct 31, 1897-yr.

FRANK H. ROSE,

DENTIST. Office over Mathers, Graves & Co.'s store, Wellsboro, Pa. Preserving of the natural teeth a specialty. All work warranted to give satisfaction.—Nov. 23, 1893.

ARTHUR L. BAILEY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Wellsboro, Pa. Office in Hastings & Bailey block. Money to loan on good security in sums to suit parties of the owners.—Sept. 28, 1900.-1yr.

M. A. ENGLISH, D. O.,

Osteopathic Physician,

GRADUATE of the Boston Institute of Osteopathy. Hours, Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 8 to 12 and 1 to 4. Office in Hastings' block.—Sept. 18-yr.

Dr. AUGUSTUS NILES,

Wellsboro, Pa.,

OFFICE in Converse block. Will visit any part of the country in consultation or to perform any surgical operation. Special attention given to diseases of women and children and abdominal surgery of both sexes.—Feb. 16, 1900.

Choice Family Groceries.

It's All In the Quality

Of the goods we sell. That is the secret of our success—the reason people trade with us—the reason you should trade with us. Where you get the goods that have quality and merit, and get them at the right prices you cannot but be satisfied. Here you get both. We guarantee the quality—the prices speak for themselves. We would very much appreciate a trial order from you, and assure you of our very best efforts.

M. G. Austin & Co.

WELLSBORO, PA.

M. T. MYERS,

(Successor to N. T. CHANDLER.)

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,

Bryden's Old Stand,
Wright Block.

WELLSBORO, PA.

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR EMBALMING IN ANY PART OF THE COUNTY.

Picture Frames made to order. Over 100 new up-to-date samples to select from. Large line of ovals, round and square frames. A nice line of Framed Pictures. Prices to suit all.

Calls day or night receive prompt attention. Local and Long Distance and Farmers' Mutual Telephone connection at house and store.

DR. DELOS E. ACKLEY,

Optician and Eye Specialist.

CHICAGO EXPERIENCE.

When you have tried all others and failed, call on me. I save you dollars and you get better results, as hundreds in this vicinity are able to testify.

Office and residence, Crafton street, east of the postoffice, Wellsboro, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following inventories of real and personal estate, selected to be retained by the widows and children of decedents, will be presented in the Orphan's Court to be held at the Court House, in Wellsboro, in Tioga county, Pa., on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1902, at 2 o'clock p. m., for confirmation nisi, and will be finally confirmed on MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1902, at 2 o'clock p. m., unless cause be shown why said accounts should not be confirmed:

Estate of Frank C. King, late of Deerfield township, deceased, widow's inventory of personal property.

CHARLES L. BABCOCK,
Oct. 30, 1902. Clerk of Orphans' Court.

THE GAZETTE and New York Tribune-Farmer $1.75 payable in advance.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas Hon. Jerome B. Niles, President Judge of the Fourth Judicial district of Pennsylvania, composed of the county of Tioga, has issued his precept, to me directed, for the holding of an Orphans' Court, Court of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer, at Wellsboro, in and for the county of Tioga, Pennsylvania, on the FOURTH MONDAY of NOVEMBER, (being the 24th day,) A. D. 1902, and to continue three weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in and for said county of Tioga to appear in their own proper persons, with their records, inquisitions, exemptions and remembrances to do those things which of their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done; and all witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons are required to be then and there attending and not to depart at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time, agreeably to notice.

Given under my hand and seal, at the Sheriffs' office in Wellsboro, the 27th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

FRANK VAN DUSEN,
Wellsboro, Pa., Oct. 30, 1902. Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the executors, administrators and guardians named below have filed their accounts in the Register's office for Tioga county, Pa., and that the said accounts will be presented in the Orphan's Court, to be held at the Court House in Wellsboro, in said county, on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1902, at 2 o'clock p. m., for confirmation nisi, and will be finally confirmed on MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1902, at 2 o'clock p. m., unless cause be shown why said accounts should not be confirmed:

First and final account of Ellen Clark, Administratrix of the estate of Michael C. Clark, late of Blossburg, deceased.

First and final account of George W. Dickinson, Executor of the will of Jane Cummings, late of Middlebury, deceased.

Final account of Lewis Dalling, Executor of the will of Pemilla Robinson, late of Lawrence township, deceased.

First and final account of Helena Dettner, Administratrix of the estate of Julian F. Dettner, late of Blossburg, deceased.

First and final account of Charles A. Miller, Guardian of Bertha R. King, minor child of William King, late of Liberty, deceased.

Final account of J. M. Sweely, Administrator of the estate of John D. Longwell, late of Charleston township, deceased.

First and partial account of D. S. and J. F. Pitts, Executors of the will of Appollos Pitts, late of Richmond township, deceased.

First and final account of L. L. Bailey, Guardian of Frank C. Robinson, minor child of Jesse M. Robinson, late of Wellsboro, deceased.

First and final account of Frank S. Stillwell Administrator of the estate of Richard J. Stillwell, late of Jackson township, deceased.

CHARLES L. BABCOCK,
Oct. 30, 1902. Register.

Application for Naturalization.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that each of the persons hereinafter named has filed his petition for naturalization, and that said petition will be presented to the Court on THURSDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1902, at 2 o'clock p. m., at which time any person interested may appear:

Val Wianeski, Morris Run.
Martin Skewra, Morris Run.
George Wianeski, Morris Run.
Joe Domnekoski, Morris Run.
Frank Krolak, Morris Run.
John Ketzog, Morris Run.
George Hodzenske, Morris Run.
Mayk Kayzer, Morris Run.
Stanislau Pleshowiak, Morris Run.
Mike Jonkevh, Morris Run.
Walter Kuganski, Morris Run.
Vincent Stanowski, Morris Run.
Stanislau Stachoski, Morris Run.
John Stzryzinski, Morris Run.
Bertel Squirew, Morris Run.
Joe. Pozyhoionski, Blossburg.
Carl F. Johnson, Arnot.

FRANCIS M. SHEFFER,
November 5, 1902. Clerk.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY VIRTUE of writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga county and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Court House in Wellsboro, Pa., on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1902, at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described property in Tioga county, Pa.:

1. The undivided one-half interest in a farm in Brookfield township, Tioga county, Pa.; bounded on the north by land of Gaylord Simmons, east by lands of Benjamin Hunt, south by lands of Horton Wood, Vell Plank and Charles Hunt and west by the public highway and a lot of Charles Simmons of about two acres, lying east of highway (once a part of the farm.) Containing 64 acres, more or less, with about 60 acres improved. To be sold as the property of Charles H. Tubbs, defendants. Ray Seamans, Garnishee, suit of George Butcher.

2. ALSO—A lot of land in the borough of Wellsboro; bounded on the north by State street, east by lands of Thomas Allen estate, on the south by lands of Thomas Horning, on the west by lands of Arthur Shumway, and being 60 feet front on said State street and extending back 250 feet; containing more or less. All unproved, with a frame dwelling house, with shed attached, fruit and ornamental trees and other outbuildings thereon, and well watered. To be sold as the property of Sarah H. C. Arry, suit of H. M. VanHorn.

3. ALSO—A lot of land in the borough of Wellsboro; beginning at a post on the southeast side of Pearl street, at the west corner of a lot of land now occupied by Joseph Robinson, and formerly owned by C. N. Dartt, and being the north corner hereof; thence along said land now occupied by Joseph Robinson south, 45° east, 210 feet to a post; thence by land conveyed by Lillian Louise Jennings and husband to Andrew J. Forsythe south, 45° west, and parallel with Pearl street 40 feet to a post; thence by same land south, 45° east 40 feet to the northwest side of Walnut street; thence by said street south, 45° west, 50 feet to a post, the south corner hereof; thence along the line of the land of the parsonage of the Catholic Church of Wellsboro north, 45° west, 250 feet to a post on the southeast side of Pearl street, aforesaid, being the west corner hereof, and thence along said street north, 45° east, 90 feet to the place of beginning; containing one-half acre of land, more or less, and being the same land conveyed to the said Otis P. Callahan by Lillian Louise Jennings and Charles E. Jennings, her husband, by a deed bearing date June 7, 1900. All improved, with a two story framed dwelling house, a framed barn, other outbuildings, a well of water and fruit and ornamental trees thereon. To be sold as the property of Otis P. Callahan, suit of Walter Sherwood, Guardian of Grier Jones.

4. ALSO—A lot of land in Chatham township; bounded on the north by a public highway, east by lands of W. T. Walker, S. H. Walker, C. A. Walker and Sam Mosher and Allen Mosher, south by lands of George Love, H. H. Cooper, Addie Gloss, and west by lands of Ed. Falkner and H. H. Cooper, containing 70 acres, more or less. All improved, with four-frame dwelling houses, two frame barns with sheds attached, hog house, hen house, corn house, wood shed and other outbuildings, apple orchard and other fruit and ornamental trees thereon and well watered.

5. ALSO—Another lot of land in the township of Chatham; bounded on the north by a public highway and lands of Ed. Falkner, east by lands of Ed. Falkner, H. H. Cooper and George Love, south by lands of George Love and John Hornsby, and west by lands of Elizabeth Smith; containing 30 acres, more or less, and well watered. To be sold as the property of Hiram Leonard, suit of Margaret Furple, Administratrix, deceased.

FRANK VAN DUSEN,
Nov. 4, 1902. Sheriff.

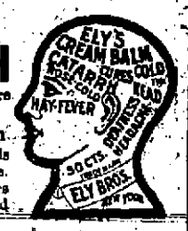
Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.



JOHN GERKEN, Merchant Tailor,

WELLSBORO, PA

I have an extensive assortment of samples of Imported and Domestic cloths, of beautiful patterns, which I am making up at prices as low as ready-made clothing is offered. Shop over Advertiser office.—March 11, 1902.

QUESTIONING MITCHELL

Labor Leader Growing Weary From Strain of Cross Examination.

ANOTHER TILT WITH LAWYER

Arbitrators Are Growing Restless, Because Attorneys Do Not Limit Questions to New Features—Recognition of Union Most Important Point.

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 19. — President Mitchell yesterday for the fourth successive day occupied the witness stand during the two sessions of the strike commission, and was cross-examined by three attorneys for as many coal companies. The arbitrators are growing restless in consequence of the long cross-examination, which apparently does not bring out the facts as quickly as the commission would like to have them presented. Several times during the course of yesterday's session Chairman Gray reminded the attorneys of the value of time and suggested that cross-examination be limited to new features of those questions that have already been gone over. The lawyers assured the commission that they, too, were anxious to expedite matters, and would do everything possible to hurry matters along without injuring their own case.

Mr. Mitchell has been on the stand since last Friday morning and is showing signs of weariness from the strain of four days' cross-examination. Thus far his attorney, C. S. Darrow, and David Wilcox, for the Delaware and Hudson; Wayne MacVeagh, for the Erie; Francis I. Gowen, for the Lehigh Valley, and W. W. Ross, for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company, have examined the miners' president. The commissioners yesterday for the first time entered into the discussion with the lawyers and the witness over disputed points which arose from time to time. Mr. Mitchell was still on the stand when the commission adjourned.

Mr. MacVeagh, who began his cross-examination of Mr. Mitchell on Saturday, concluded yesterday morning. The recognition of the union is looked upon as the most important question before the commission, and it is quite evident from the trend of the proceedings thus far that the companies will oppose it to their utmost ability.

Mr. Ross' line of examination was for some time directed toward testing Mr. Mitchell's knowledge of bituminous mine working, the number of men employed, the wages paid and a comparison of these with the wages paid in the anthracite fields. Regarding the number of hours the men work in the hard coal regions, Mr. Mitchell said that when the breaker runs 10 hours, the men usually work seven, eight or nine hours. When the breaker runs less the men work in proportion. On the average, however, the men worked more hours than the breakers.

"As a matter of fact," said Mr. Ross, "has not your organization stopped the miners from working on the days when the breakers were idle?"

Mr. Mitchell admitted that in this district the rule is that the men shall not prepare coal on idle days. This he said was for the purpose of preventing favoritism.

"Do any of these epithets and slurs," inquired Mr. Ross, "you have made regarding the horrible condition of the miners apply to our company?"

"Will you tell me particularly what slurs you refer to?" Mr. Mitchell asked. "I do not recall having used language of that character."

Mr. Ross did not take any notice of Mr. Mitchell's remark, but instead took up the line of his examination.

"You have spoken of the existence of favoritism for one thing," Mr. Ross said, "and you referred to the excessive system of docking. Do they exist in our mines?"

"That is my information," was the reply.

After some unimportant testimony as to a comparison of wages, the special features of the coal fields was taken up, and Mr. Mitchell said he could not see any other reason in child labor than that the families require the money to live on, the exception being where the parents may be inhuman. He then reiterated his former statement that the minimum wage should be $600 a year.

"We might want to go to the seashore," said he. Speaking with a little sarcasm, Mr. Mitchell said that the company had some employes who had visited Philadelphia once in 24 years, and that they thereby had an important event in their lives to relate to their grandchildren.

At this point Mr. Ross took occasion to call attention to the fact that his company owned 284 houses, which were rented to the miners on an average of $5 a month.

"So you see," remarked Mr. Ross, "we haven't very many houses for the number of employes, upward of 12,000."

"You charge enough for the ones you do have," was Mr. Mitchell's dry response, which caused merriment among the miners in the court room.

Mr. MacVeagh read a list of 14 names of men who were killed during that time, and also submitted in evidence about 75 printed pages of acts of alleged violence, boycott and intimidation, and with the assistance of stacks of other documents maintained that it would be utterly impracticable for the coal companies he represents to enter into agreements with an organization that could not control its own men.

Continuing, Mr. MacVeagh inquired: "Don't you think these acts deserve the statement I made that they were a foretaste of hell?"

"Does our union commit these acts?" Mr. Mitchell inquired.

"We will follow with the proof," remarked Mr. MacVeagh, "but I ask you what language do you use to characterize this situation?"

"I should say intolerable."

"Will you tell me of a single instance in which any one of the perpetrators was disciplined?"

"There never have been occasions when the responsibility was placed upon members of our organization. It is the province of the courts to punish men who violate the law. I do not know that any of our men have been convicted except in the case of the two who murdered Mr. Sweeney, who confessed to the murder of a non-union man and were sent to prison."

"Oh, only sent to prison for killing a non-union man?"

"It is better," said Mr. Mitchell, "than to promote a militiaman who shot a man."

In the course of Monday's session Mr. MacVeagh examined Mr. Mitchell regarding the eight-hour demand, and referred to the fact that Abraham Lincoln, James A. Garfield and William McKinley worked more than eight hours a day and were thus enabled to climb the ladder to the presidency. Mr. MacVeagh grew eloquent in the course of putting one of his questions to Mr. Mitchell regarding the martyred presidents, and added: "I only mention these because they are the direct victims of the spirit of anarchy, which is the curse of this country to-day, and the only serious curse afflicting it."

The miner's president, quick as a flash, came back with the inquiry: "Trades unions are not held responsible for it, are they?" to which Mr. MacVeagh quickly responded that they were not, and supplemented this with the remark that labor unions are most admirable. The bringing of the word "anarchy" into the examination caused a distinct murmur of disapproval from the many mine workers in the court room.

Turning to the question of the responsibility for increasing the price of coal to the consumer by the demand of the miners for higher wages, Mr. MacVeagh asked if the burden of the increased cost would not fall upon the very poor.

"I understand," said Mr. Mitchell, "that it is extremely difficult for the poor to purchase coal, and in connection therewith I should say that when the 10 per cent. was paid to the miners in 1900 it amounted to five cents per ton, and the consumers paid much more than that."

"You expect, then, that any advance will be not only added upon the bowed back of the poor of the great cities in the eastern states, but will be multiplied by the operators?"

"I expect the operators will do that if they can. I should say that if an advance of 20 per cent. were paid to the miners, and if that advance amounted to 20 cents a ton, it would increase the cost to the ordinary poor consumer of coal 20 cents a month, because the poor of the cities don't use coal to exceed a ton a month. I do not think that 20 cents a ton ought to be added to the consumer of coal. I think the operators might pay that advance out of their pockets."

"But suppose they have no pockets?" Mr. MacVeagh remarked.

"Then they might pay it out of their freight rates," replied Mr. Mitchell.

This latter remark of Mr. Mitchell brought forth applause from the miners in the rear of the room, who had been closely following Mr. MacVeagh's interrogatories.

DEMANDS OF NON-UNION MINERS

Statement of Their Case Filed With Strike Commission.

Scranton, Pa., Nov. 18.—The non-union mine workers, through their attorneys, John T. Lenahan and Joseph O'Brien, last night filed the statement of their case with the anthracite coal strike commission. When the commission was created by the president it was not expected that a third party would be injected into the investigation. It is said the non-union miners seeking recognition before the commission number 2000. The statement in part is as follows:

"First—For an increase of 20 per cent. upon the price paid during the year to employes performing contract and piece work.

"Second—For a like increase of 20 per cent. upon the price paid during the year 1901 to employes paid by the hour, day or week."

Continuing, the statement says that instead of desiring a reduction of the hours of employment, "we insist upon a right to work as many hours as we choose and as opportunity affords, so as to better our conditions and increase our earning capacity."

The statement then demands a minimum rate of 60 cents a ton of 2,240 pounds for the miner upon all coal sold from the collieries, and protests against any agreement being made with the United Mine Workers, and protests against rules by which favoritism will be shown to union miners. The statement concludes by guaranteeing that the non-union mine workers will abide by the decision of the commission.

Aged Cripple a Murderer.

Middlesboro, Ky., Nov. 19. In a fit of jealousy yesterday, Thomas Mitchell, aged 88 years, a cripple, shot and instantly killed Elkins Weatherby, 25 years old. Weatherby was to have been married to Miss Lavina Morris, with whom it is said Mitchell was in love. All concerned are prominent people, and live at Weatherby, Dickerson county, Va.

GOMPERS UNDER FIRE

Shaffer's Fight Against Him Bobs Up in A. F. of L. Convention.

ECHO OF GREAT STEEL STRIKE

It is Said Renewal of Dispute Means a Fight to a Finish, and at Present Odds Seem to Favor Gompers—Committee Named to Investigate Charges

New Orleans, Nov. 18.—Either Theodore Shaffer, president of the Amalgamated Association, or Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is destined to pass under a cloud. The eclipse may be temporary and the man who goes under may emerge at some other time, but an eclipse there will be for one or the other. It is a fight to the finish and present odds favor Gompers. The trouble which so suddenly came to a point in the convention of the American Federation of Labor yesterday is an echo of the great steel strike against the United States Steel company, which was fought and lost last year by the Amalgamated Association under the leadership of Shaffer. After his association had been defeated President Shaffer made serious charges against President Gompers, as well as John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, and Frank Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. He asserted that the organizations over which these men presided had, while listening to the advice of their leaders, refused to lend a helping hand to the Amalgamated Association and had even fought against it in the dark.

Part of the charges are as follows: "As the strike went on the federation gave not a cent. The flint glass blowers, the window glass blowers, the bottle blowers and the pottery workers gave us help. I arranged for Mr. Gompers to meet Mr. Morgan to effect a settlement. Mr. Morgan gave up his vacation, went to New York and waited for Mr. Gompers, who failed to appear, nor has he since explained why he neglected our interests. Mr. Gompers urged me to hurry from Pittsburg to New York to sign the wage scale offered by the trust through a committee of which Gompers and John Mitchell were members."

Delegate Sheridan yesterday offered in the convention the following resolution:

"Whereas, President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association, at their last convention, held in Wheeling, W. Va., made charges against President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, which impeached his fidelity to the principles of unionism, therefore be it

"Resolved, That the federation appoint a committee to investigate said charges and report its findings to the convention in order that the truth may be known."

Mr. Gompers, addressing the convention, said: "It is quite immaterial to me what course is pursued, my only request being that prompt action be taken on the resolution. I do not want this matter to drag."

All eyes then turned on Mr. Shaffer, who stood at the foot of the platform upon which Mr. Gompers sat. His face was flushed and he spoke rapidly. "I ask," he said, "I urge, and, yes, I demand the fullest investigation of these charges."

President Mahon, of the Street Carmen's Association, at once made a motion, which was adopted, that the matter be referred to a special committee of five. An amendment was offered and accepted that the convention's committee consist of five members, Mr. Gompers to name two, Mr. Shaffer two and the four a fifth.

Last night Mr. Shaffer said he was not aware of the fact that the resolution was to be introduced in the convention until the opening day, and that he protested against it, as he had no proofs with him by which to prove the charges.

The special committee finally organized this afternoon by selecting F. A. Tangueray, of the Telegraphers, as the fifth member. The other members of the committee are: Named by Mr. Gompers—John A. Moffatt, of the United Hatters, and Edward A. Agard, of the Glass Bottle Blowers' Union. Mr. Shaffer named J. M. Slayton, of the Carpenters' and Joiners', and W. H. Haskins, of the United Mine Workers of Ohio.

The committee spent the afternoon in taking testimony, but does not expect to be able to present a report before tomorrow. It is considered almost a foregone conclusion that the report will be in favor of President Gompers.

The salary of President Gompers was increased from $2,100 per annum to $3,000, and the salary of the secretary from $1,800 to $2,000. The increases were voted only after a long debate. The resolution presented by Delegate Berger, of Milwaukee, provided that they should be $4,000 and $2,400 respectively. The committee to which the matter was referred reported in favor of increasing the salary of the president to $2,400, and that of the secretary to $2,100.

The committee on the president's annual address presented its report and declared that it was opposed to his suggestion of the formation of a national labor union. The convention concurred with the committee in discussing that portion of the report dealing with the refusal of the Carpenters to grant a charter to the Carpenters of Porto Rico, using language thought by man to be too severe, and a long debate ensued on a motion to strike out the objectionable expression suggesting that the Carpenters "come down to mother earth," which was finally eliminated.

Under a suspension of the rules, Delegate James O'Connell presented the fraternal delegates, Edwards and Arrandale, of Great Britain, with gold watches, and Delegate Kennedy, of Canada, with a diamond ring, as testimonials of esteem from the convention.

A large number of resolutions pertaining to labels were submitted, and matters of like importance were transacted, and at 6.30 o'clock the convention adjourned until today.

There is as yet no avowed candidate for the presidency against Mr. Gompers, but there is quite an element among the delegates who are opposed to him, and they are casting about for a candidate. At present their choice for the position of president is James Duncan, who has not said that he will run. The anti-Gompers faction will make a strong effort to induce him to make the race. It is admitted, however, even by those who are opposed to Mr. Gompers, that there is small chance for beating him.

PRESIDENT'S BEAR HUNT ENDED

Mr. Roosevelt Did Not Even Have a Shot at Bruin.

Smedes, Miss., Nov. 19.—President Roosevelt's bear hunt in Mississippi is ended, and he has not had even a shot at a bear. The last day of the chase was simply a repetition of the three preceding days, so far as his luck was concerned. Try as the hunters would, they could not get a bear within range of the president's rifle. The dogs got a fresh trail yesterday morning, and the president and Holt Collier followed it half a dozen miles to the Big Sunflower river. The bear crossed a mile below the ford, so they went to this point, and, believing he was making for the cane brake on the other side, they endeavored to head him off. When they got into the brake, however, they were disgusted to find that the bear had doubled on his tracks and crossed the river still further down. It was then 10 o'clock, and as arrangements had been made to break camp at 2.30 o'clock, the president was reluctantly compelled to abandon further pursuit of the elusive quarry.

When all was in readiness, the president and the members of the party mounted their horses and rode into Smedes, leaving the wagons to follow. The president is a hard rider, and the pace was rapid in spite of the bad trails. The distance, which is fully 12 miles, was covered in less than an hour. At 9.30 o'clock last night the special train started for Memphis, where the president went to attend the reception tendered to General Luke E. Wright today.

BABCOCK IN FAVOR OF CANNON

Illinois Congressman Leads In Race For Speakership.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 17.—The Wisconsin delegation Saturday afternoon endorsed Congressman Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois, for speaker of the 58th congress. The indorsement came after the delegation had offered its unanimous support to Congressman J. W. Babcock, and he had declined upon the grounds that it would be for the best interests of the party to have it united upon the question of speaker.

The action of the Wisconsin delegation is said to foreshadow the election of Congressman Cannon, and was the result of the conference held Friday, in Chicago, between Congressmen Cannon, Henderson and Babcock. Positive assurance was given at the meeting that it was the intention of President Roosevelt to call a special session of congress late in March, as soon as the short regular session was over, for the revising of the tariff.

WOODWARD CONVICTED

Verdict of First Degree Murder Rendered by the Jury.

Camden, N. J., Nov. 18.—Paul Woodward was yesterday convicted of murder in the first degree for killing John Coffin, of this city, who, with Walter Price Jennings, was recently found dead here in the woods near Collingswood, about four miles south of here. The jury was out fifty minutes. Woodward, who is 24 years of age, was a close friend of the Jennings boy. On October 4 Jennings and Coffin, who were about 10 years of age, and companions, were found dead in the woods near Collingswood.

Virginian's Narrow Escape from Death

Richmond, Va., Nov. 19.—A Boydton, Virginia, special says that Colonel Thomas Goode, a member of the state board of agriculture, who lives six miles from there, had a narrow escape from death by poison. A vial of aconite, a deadly poison, was emptied into a glass and left in the glass to be thrown away, and as aconite is colorless, the colonel mistook it for water, and poured in more water and drank freely of it. The mistake was soon discovered, and prompt medical attention saved Colonel Goode's life.

B. & O. Express Kills Two.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 18. — Robert Klinefelter was killed and James Bratt was probably fatally injured last night in a collision of a Royal Blue express bound from New York to Washington on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, with a yard engine at Bay View Junction. Klinefelter was the fireman of the express engine and Bratt the engineer of the yard engine. The latter was brought to a Baltimore hospital.

READING RAISES WAGES

Pay of All Employes Will be Equalized With That of Other Roads.

DATES FROM FIRST OF MONTH

About 20,000 Persons Will Be Affected, and More Than $1,000,000 Added to Their Yearly Wages—Other Roads to Follow.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19. — Theodore Voorhees, first vice president of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company, sent a copy of the following order to all the heads of departments of the company yesterday:

"Taking effect November 1, 1902, the wages of all employes will be equalized with those paid by railway companies in this vicinity.

"Detailed instructions will be supplied on application.

"By order of the president.

"THEODORE VOORHEES."

This is the announcement that the Reading's employes have been waiting and longing for ever since the Pennsylvania Railroad made public the fact that it had increased the wages of all its employes receiving less than $200 a month, 10 per cent. Clerks, stenographers, conductors, engineers and firemen, each and every minor employe of the company, is affected.

While details are lacking, the men are certain that the readjustment of the wage scale will benefit them to the extent of a 10 per cent. increase. They base their hopes on the wording of Mr. Voorhees' order, which declares that "the wages of all employes will be equalized with those paid by railway companies in this vicinity."

In round numbers 22,000 persons will be affected by the increase, and a sum of more than $1,000,000 yearly added to the company's pay rolls.

Other Roads to Follow.

In railroad circles it is said that within the next few weeks increases of the wages of their employes will be announced by various railroad companies that will, in round numbers, swell the yearly income of the 650,000 men affected by at least $15,000,000, and probably by more than $20,000,000. A conservative estimate of the sum is $17,000,000.

That this increase will not be at the expense of the railroads, but at the eventual expense of the public was indicated yesterday in a statement by an executive official of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

"We have advanced the wages of our employes, and it is only fair that the public should contribute toward it, and this can be done by increasing the freight rate," he said. "Take, for instance, iron and steel products, upon which the freights are enormous. These would readily bear an increase of 40 cents per ton in freight rates. Grain and grain products are also among the commodities that would bear increased rates."

This statement, which was given broad circulation among the offices of the stock brokers, was interpreted as the forerunner of a general move on the part of all the large railroads to advance freight rates on certain commodities to a point that will fully cover the additional wages paid to the men.

ROOSEVELT'S SON NEEDS REST

Young Theodore's Eyes Affected By Strain of Study.

Washington, Nov. 17. — Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., the president's eldest son, arrived in Washington Saturday afternoon from Groton, Mass., where he is attending school. Mrs. Roosevelt received a telegram from the master of the Groton school informing her that it would be best for her son to take a rest of a week or ten days for the benefit of his eyes, which have been affected by the strain of study. Mrs. Roosevelt was asked if she preferred to have him remain in Groton or come to Washington, and she directed that he come to Washington.

"I am well," he said, as he walked out of the station; "it is only my eyes that need rest." It was apparent that his general health was good.

Demented Man Found in the Woods.

Elkton, Md., Nov. 18.—Everitt S. Cole, who said his home was in Worcester, Mass., was found buried in a pile of leaves in a wood, two miles south of here yesterday by two gunners. He is about 60 years old and was in a half-starved condition. A check for $1,000 payable to Mrs. Nellie Cole, at the First National Bank, Worcester, Mass., together with a gold watch and other valuable papers, were found on his person. He was well dressed, and stated that he had walked 400 miles, and had been resting in the woods since last Wednesday without anything to eat. The authorities believe that the man is demented and has wandered away from his home. He is being held here for the Worcester authorities.

Boers Abandon American Tour.

Brussels, Nov. 19. — Generals Delarey and Botha have decided to abandon their proposed tour to the United States. General Delarey in an interview published here says they intend to return to South Africa to meet Colonial Secretary Chamberlain at Pretoria.

"Blind Tom's" Mother Dead.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 19. — "Charity" Wiggins, the aged mother of Blind Tom, the negro musician, died Monday night in this city of dropsy of the heart. Her body will be taken by her daughter to Columbus, Ga., for burial. Mrs. Wiggins was 102 years of age.

LUKE HAMMOND, THE MISER.

By Prof. Wm. Henry Peck,
Author of the "The Stone-Cutter of Lisbon," Etc.

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CHAPTER VI.

Continued

"Tell me where you found the will, villain!" cried Elgin.

"This morning, while Mrs Harker and I were removing the rubbish and your paintings, to prepare this room for your occupancy—the white and gold chamber being too near the main house—the missing will was found in a small box in which you kept your vials of tints.'

"Ah! I placed it there the day I was taken sick, intending to give it to a friend of mine the next day," said Elgin. "I wonder you did not find it before"

"The keenest search had overlooked it," said Hammond "A vial of liquid vermillion had somehow been shattered upon the envelope, and having dried, its appearance was that of a mass of paint. When it fell upon the floor, the concussion shook off the dried stuff enough to reveal your writing. I carefully cleansed it, and all became clear."

"And now what do you intend to do?"

"You shall learn ere long," remarked Hammond, himself in doubt, for since morning many things had happened to perplex him. First, Elgin's restoration to speech and reason, secondly, the discovery of the mutual love of Catharine Elgin and James Greene, thirdly, the present situation of Catharine, fourthly, the tidings of John Marks, lastly, and most of all, the loss of the will.

A rapping at the door, and the entrance of a sneaking, cadaverous-looking man, old but active, disturbed the conversation.

"Stephen," said Hammond, as this person came in, "you are to watch with the sick man to-night. Unbind him You are too strong for him, but if he tries any tricks——"

"I have this to tame him," said Stephen, in a hoarse, growling voice, holding up a short club, suspended to his wrist by a stout cord. "Daniel told me about the row."

"You will be careful, Elgin," said Hammond, as Stephen unbound the unfortunate man "Stephen was once a turnkey in the Tombs and understands the business"

"May God help and deliver me!" groaned the prisoner

"Behave yourself and you'll be all right," growled Stephen, as he drew a blanket over the invalid

"If he asks for food or drink, Stephen," said Hammond "furnish all he desires But be careful to lock both doors after you between this room and the hall I think he wants sleep more than anything else"

Stephen growled an assent, and Luke, avoiding Elgin's eye of scorn departed.

CHAPTER VII

BROTHER AND SISTER.

Passing along the hall until he reached the white and gold chamber Luke Hammond rapped at the door—

Nancy Harker's thin vulture like face appeared from within instantly

"How is it with Miss Elgin?" asked Hammond.

"She's as stiff as a gun-barrel," replied Mrs. Harker.

"Where is Daniel?"

"Gone into the main house after bedding, etc"

"Has Miss Elgin attempted to converse with you, Mrs. Harker?"

"Not a bit She draws back from me when I go near her, as if I was a snake or a spider"

"When everything is arranged" said Hammond, 'come to my library I'd rather have her in tears or cast down than so bold"

"Oh, we'll tame her," said Mrs Harker, with a grin that showed her yellow fangs, and loud enough for poor Kate to hear. 'She's been looking around the room for a place to get out but the windows are iron barred and the shutters nailed to the sill outside, and she can't escape by the door for when I am not here old Fan will be Better send old Fan here when you go into the main house'

"I will," said Hammond And Nancy Harker closed the door, while he continued on to his library.

He glanced at the bronze clock on the mantel-piece, and saw that it was half past twelve.

"A great deal has happened since nine," he muttered, 'a great deal, and much more will certainly follow What shall I do?"

The first thing he did was to drink a glass of brandy, then, remembering Mrs. Harker's advice, he pulled at a bell-cord hanging at the wall, and waited for an answer.

The summons was answered after a few minutes by the appearance of an aged and much bent woman, evil-eyed, and with the face of a devil incarnate.

This was "old Fan," the half crazy cook, a hag who would have sold her soul, such as it was, for a golden dollar

"I'm wanted, am I?" said she, in a cracked voice, and rolling up sleeves which covered long and muscular arms, upon which the muscles were knotted and twisted, for old Fan was a giant ess in strength.

"You are wanted," said Hammond, without looking at her

"Some fresh devilry, eh?" said Fan

"What is it to you whether it is good or bad?" said Hammond, looking at her rapacious eyes, which looked more like a rat's than a human being's

"Not a mite, Mr. Hammond, so long as I am paid for the doing," said Fan

"Right," said Hammond, tossing her a coin of gold, which she caught in her bird-like claws as it gleamed in the air. "Hasten to the white and gold chamber. You will find Mrs Harker there. Go."

You may be bad and you be' muttered old Fan, as she departed, "but a better paymaster never lived"

"The sight of that old wretch,' said Hammond, when alone "always chills my blood."

He glanced towards the decanter of brandy, which he had left upon the table

"No, I'll drink no more to-night' said he turning away "The habit will be my ruin if I do not crush it I am beginning to drink brandy like water"

He opened a drawer of his desk and searched for some papers—that which we have said he had drawn up with much care during the day and which he had slid into the drawer when Mrs Harker first appeared in this story

The paper had disappeared'

"Ha!" he exclaimed, springing from drawer to drawer in vain search The will I intended to forge—drawn up in my own handwriting to be copied into Henry Elgin's, has been stolen' She took it—that girl Catharine' She has of course secreted it with the genuine will' A proof of my guilt, if it shall be discovered! Why did she take it? Oh! a woman's eyes are as quick as light—she noticed the heading—saw 'twas the body of a will and thinking of wills, carried it off' I'll have the power of the imprisonment of her life—her life!"

He stamped with rage and was fuming like a fury when Nancy Harker entered without ceremony

'What's the matter now?' cried she "You are going mad or drunk, Luke'

'Mad' Drunk' I must have been both this day to leave doors and drawers open, and I not here" thundered Hammond

'You are getting too fond of brandy, Luke,' said Mrs Harker as her glance fell upon the decanter

'Mind your business, Nancy Harker!" he cried, tossing a handful of papers upon the table, and rummaging among them. "Not only has Catharine Elgin secreted the genuine will but also one drawn up by me and which I meant to forge"

"Mind my own business Luke Hammond!" sneered Nancy Harker looking at him, as he fumed and fretted "If I did, what would become of you since you have taken to that?"

She tapped the decanter with her lean forefinger

You take courage and strength from that, and it will hang you yet, Luke"

'Hang me!" repeated Hammond recoiling from the prophecy

'I mean it Luke Things are getting into a snarl, and you'll work a rope knot under your left ear, if you don't look sharp"

Hammond grew pale, and stared at her in silence

Nancy Harker nodded her head as if it were set on springs of wire

If I do,' said Hammond sitting down and pushing back his grizzly hair, if I do I'll have your company, Nancy Harker But we must not quarrel' we are brother and sister you know"

'Hush!" whispered Nancy and shaking her finger at him If you let that secret out what becomes of you and your plans? I tell you, you drink too much, Luke No one can suspect that I am your sister unless you like a fool, set the suspicion afoot The first thing to be done now is to find the lost will'

'Right' said Hammond "Do you think she concealed it in this room?"

'No said Nancy shaking her head "I think she has secreted it in her room in the front"

But I had the will in my hand the instant before I went to the crimson chamber said Hammond and she was there herself not five minutes after my arrival there

She had time to come here to find the package, to run back to her room, hide it and then follow you' said Nancy

We must search instantly said Hammond springing to his feet

He lighted two lamps gave one to his sister for such Nancy Harker was and with the other led the way to Kate's late room

In going thither it was necessary to ascend a short flight of stairs, and as Hammond placed his hand on the newel post of the banisters at the foot of the flight the carved top piece of the post slipped off in his grasp and caused him to stumble and bruise his face

'Confound that post'' said he, regaining his feet and clapping the top back upon it It has played me that trick twice Go into that closet there and bring me a hammer and a couple of large nails"

Nancy Harker did so and Hammond drove the long strong nails into the cap of the newel post, which was large and hollow fastening it down hard and fast

"That will hold till doomsday" said he, as he finished the work and ascended the stairs followed by Nancy

The evil pair entered Kate's room and searched it from floor to ceiling leaving nothing undone that might give them success

"It is not here" said Hammond after more than an hour's hard labor

"Then she has hidden it in the hall of the eastern wing" said Nancy as they descended the stairs on their way back to the library

"The hall is as bare of crack or crevice as the sole of my boot," said Hammond

"She may have tossed it into some one of the rooms," said Nancy.

'Every door is locked on each side of the hall," replied Hammond "But we will search it"

They did, and found nothing They stared at each other in surprise, and both noticed a mutual paleness

"Nancy," whispered Hammond, "this is a serious matter"

"It is," said she, in the same tone, and feeling more uneasy than she cared to tell.

"Suspicion once fastened on us," continued Hammond "for your name is mentioned in the spurious will, and how long will it be before the detective police are on our track?"

'Suspicion does exist Luke" said Nancy 'And in the mind of a man whom you underrate infinitely'

'You mean James Greene the carpenter' said Hammond No I do not underrate him He has a bold heart a strong arm and a shrewd brain We must prepare to meet him Nancy So again to my library that we may concert some plan to baffle him

Hammond first rapped at the door of the Crimson Chamber and Stephen opened it from within

How is he? asked Hammond

"See for yourself said Stephen as he threw the door back upon its hinges.

Hammond entered with soft cat like tread and gazed upon the invalid Mr Elgin was sleeping as calmly as a rosy, healthy child and his features though thin and pale wore a noble dignity in their repose that Hammond could not but admire

I cannot sleep like that muttered Hammond turning away

Stephen heard the words and whispered

'I've seen men in prison cells asleep that way when the hangman couldn't catch a wink, the night before they were to die"

'Die'' said Hammond shuddering. "Do you think he is going to die?"

'Not yet" said Stephen And then I spoke of bad a look around the mouth that Henry Elgin can never have—for he's never done a murder He's——"

"Silence.' said Hammond sternly, for the man's words suggested unpleasant memories ou speak too loud He begins to mutter in his sleep'

Hammond held his ear near the pale and moving lips and caught these words

"Poor Kate' what will become of her if I die?"

He dreams of his child thought Hammond and then with Nancy who had followed him left the Crimson Chamber

Before the door of the imprisoned Kate they halted again and old Fan answered the gentle tapping of Hammond's knuckles

How is she Does she sleep' he asked

Old Fan made no reply but swung the door wide open

Kate was still sitting in the armchair and her eyes of fire and scorn as she recognized Hammon peering in made him shrink and quail

'She does not sleep—she plans" he muttered as he turned quickly away.

'Watch her well Fan

"Prop my eyelids with gold and they'll never blink nor wink" croaked the old hag with a grimace that laid bare her toothless gums

Right' said Hammond and with Nancy at his heels he strode on to his library for there he loved best to plot and scheme

CHAPTER VIII

A TRAP FOR JAMES GREENE

"And now said Hammond as he and Nancy extinguished their lamps and sat down under the gaslight to talk about James Greene'

"You were an idiot to engage him to repair that desk said Nancy

'Pish' said Luke 'I did not know that he was the intended heir of Henry Elgin nor did I know that he and Catharine had ever met before' You are a woman, Nancy and should have found it out long ago

He glanced toward the brandy decanter, but Nancy pushed it beyond his reach

Catharine Elgin hated me from head to heel said Nancy with a sour look, 'from the very day I entered this house And let me tell you, Luke, that when one woman hates another she is very careful what she says and does in her presence

"The repairing of that unlucky desk" said Hammond after a pause "has caused all this trouble Kate had forgotten all about the groaning she had heard when rooming in this part of the house and if James Greene had not damaged the partition she would be sleeping now in her own room the genuine will would have been mine or destroyed—for I meant to destroy it—and James Greene were easily disposed of'

It is fatality' said Nancy. We must renew our search for the will by daylight

To be continued

Her Shrimp Salad.

A very young and very inexperienced matron—a well known society woman of this borough—recently undertook to assume the entire management even to the smallest detail of her household affairs, and her directions to the servants are conveyed to them in writing A few days ago wishing to have some dainty dish for luncheon she thought a nice shrimp salad would be the thing, and accordingly wrote her instructions to the cook to prepare the salad and for the purpose to order from the market man one small shrimp' The story leaked out, and it will be many days before she will be able to look into the eyes of any of her friends without seeing the small shrimp twinkling therein —New York Times

Kosher Fare on Shipboard

Among the steerage passengers on the German steamer Breslau which arrived from Bremen were 182 Jews from Russia. They were accompanied to Bremen by a rabbi who arranged with the steamship company and Captain Feyer that the party should receive kosher meat and food during the voyage. Two of the Jewish faith daily inspected the food The Captain also set apart a room for religious worship on Saturday Hundreds of the Jews in Russia are now coming to America on every immigrant ship but the Breslau is the first vessel that has offered the facilities called for by their religion —Baltimore American.

Boston's Busy Station

The number of regular trains entering and leaving the South station at Boston on week days now aggregates 794 each day This is believed to be the largest record of the kind in the United States, says the Railroad Gazette

The glue manufacturer must stick pretty close to business.

FIRST FIGHT UNDER THE FLAG.

Fought on Land, Was at Fort Stanwix New York.

The first conflict waged under the thirteen Stars and Stripes on land, after their direct authorization, is known to have been at Fort Stanwix (subsequently re-named Fort Schuyler), in Rome, N Y The fort was invested by the British on the 2d of August, at which time the garrison was without the authorized standard, but they had a description of the design, and soon formed a flag from materials in the fort "Victory perched upon their ruds and hastily constructed banner, and in one sortie made by the Americans they captured five of the enemy's standards.

By an order of Congress, approved by the President January 13, 1794, the flag was changed on the first day of May, ensuing, so as to consist of fifteen stripes and the same number of stars. This continued to be the design of our flag until the year 1818, when the Union embraced twenty States. On the 25th of March, in that year, on the motion of the Hon Peter H. Wendover, of New York, Congress passed an act entitled "An Act to Establish the Flag of the United States" It read as follows

"Section I Be it enacted etc, that from and after the fourth day of July next the flag of the United States be thirteen horizontal stripes alternate red and white; that the Union have twenty stars, white in a blue field

Section II And be it further enacted that on the admission of every new State to the Union one star be added to the union of the flag and that such addition shall take effect on the Fourth of July next succeeding such admission Approved April 4, 1818"

The flags of the United States have since continued to be of this construction, so that, whatever their variations to indicate the branch of the Government service to which a special flag belongs, every one shows by its red and white stripes the number of colonies originally formed the union, and the thirteen, for this purpose, while its white stars in a blue ground will tell the number of States now embraced in our local Union.—George J. Varney, in New England Magazine.

Trade in Live Quails.

A considerable trade in live quails takes place yearly from Messina to the United Kingdom says a consular report The birds are caught in the neighborhood of Messina chiefly at Faro Massa St Giorgio to the north and at Galati Giampilieri Santa Teresa, and Santo Stefano to the south of the town They are kept from three to four days in Messina in cages before being shipped and are fed on hemp seed and ground corn and are watered freely every day It is estimated that from 90,000 to 100,000 are caught annually

These Sicilian quails are caught with running nooses and traps The price of the quails in Messina is from forty cents to fifty cents per head The birds are shipped in cages from Messina to Genoa whence they are sent by rail via Chiasso to the United Kingdom The treatment which they receive on the way is the same as that which they get in Messina before being shipped —London Express

Filthy Filipinos.

The Filipino custom of eating with the fingers often a whole family dipping into the same dish as they sit on the floor around the little low table, is highly favorable to the transference of the curious comma-shaped microbes that play such havoc with the intestines The Filipino makes a great show of external cleanliness bathes by pouring water over himself every day, but he will eat and drink with strange disregard of methods that we consider essential to the healthful preparation of food He has acquired a taste for sun dried fish, whose odor rivals that of the delicacies to be found in a Chinatown grocery, other viands whose appearance and fragrance place them on a par with the fish

Can't Stand It.

Constant backache—
Tired all the time.
Nerves on edge.
Distressing Urinary troubles.
Hard to keep up
With any Kidney ills.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Relieve the aches of a bad back promptly—cure all Kidney and Bladder troubles.

Mr W H Wright of 806 Chestnut street, gold and silver plater at 830 State street, Erie Pa, says, "While I was not troubled with kidney trouble in a severe form, I felt for some time that my kidneys were sluggish and inactive When I first got up in the mornings I had a dull tired aching across the loins, and felt unrefreshed after my night's rest I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, and felt that they would remove the trouble, so I procured a box at Haviland & Hunter's drug store and used them A few days' treatment sufficed to thoroughly restore the kidneys to a normal and healthy condition, and I have had no return of the trouble since"

Doan's Kidney Pills sold at all drug stores, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co, Buffalo, N. Y.

L. A. GARDNER & CO.'S INSURANCE AGENCY,

WELLSBORO, PA.

Representing the following companies:

Imperial, of London, Hartford, American Central, Springfield, Citizens, National, of Hartford, Northern Assurance, Fidelity and Casualty.

Fires are inevitable! Accidents will happen Don't fail to insure. L. A. GARDNER & CO

All Stuffed Up

That's the condition of many sufferers from catarrh, especially in the morning. Great difficulty is experienced in clearing the head and throat

No wonder catarrh causes headache, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, pollutes the breath, deranges the stomach and affects the appetite.

To cure catarrh, treatment must be constitutional—alternative and tonic

I was afflicted with catarrh I took medicines of different kinds, giving each a fair trial but gradually grew worse until I could hardly hear, taste or smell I then concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and after taking five bottles I was cured and have not had any return of the disease since" Eugene Forbes, Lebanon, Kan.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures catarrh—it soothes and strengthens the mucous membrane and builds up the whole system.

HOW SALT COOLS COFFEE.

A Little Experiment Worth the Trying Out of Mere Curiosity.

Between bites of simple breakfast he had ordered, the young clerk gazed nervously at the restaurant clock It was plain he had overslept himself, and was paying the way to future indigestion by bolting his food The coffee was the stumbling block It was hot, very hot but the clerk needed it badly and he sipped it carefully, having due regard for his mouth and tongue

But time pressed and, with a parting glance at the clock he reached for his glass of ice water and prepared to pour some of the frigid fluid into his cup

'Don't spoil your coffee, young man" said an elderly gentleman, who was eating his breakfast on the other side of the table "You take all the good out of it by putting ice or ice-water in it"

The clerk was at first inclined to resent the interference, but the patriarchal appearance of the other man tempered his resentment

'What am I to do?" he asked "I am late for the office, and I want this coffee badly'

'Let me show you a little scheme," said the elderly man Taking the cylindrical salt cellar from the table he wiped it carefully with a napkin, then reaching over, deposited the glass vessel in the cup of coffee

"Salt, you know, has peculiar cooling properties" he said, meanwhile holding the receptacle firmly in position. "They put it with ice to intensify the cold when making ice-cream. It is used extensively in cold storage warehouses for cooling purposes, and being incased in glass does not affect its power to any great extent"

As he spoke he withdrew the salt cellar from the coffee and motioned to the younger man to drink He raised the cup to his lips and to his surprise found the liquid cooled to such an extent that he could drink it without inconvenience

"The uses of salt are manifold," said the elderly man with the air of one beginning a lecture. "I remember once when I was in Mexico——"

But the clerk with another glance at the clock thanked him profusely and dashed out of the restaurant.—New York Mail and Express.

Can a Monkey Throw Stones?

An explanation of the origin of stories which attribute to monkeys the power of throwing stones may be found in the account of their habits given by trained and competent observers, says the London Chronicle Sir James Brooke says with reference to the orangs that he never observed the slightest attempt at defense, and that the wood which sometimes rattled about his ears was broken by their weight, "and not thrown, as some persons represent." Mr Wallace, also talking of the orang, declares that he has seen him throw down branches when pursued. "It is true he does not throw them at a person, but casts them down vertically, for it is evident that a bough cannot be thrown to any distance from the top of a lofty tree. In one case a female mias, on a durian tree, kept up for at least ten minutes a continuous shower of branches and of the heavy spined fruits, as large as thirty-two pounders, which most effectively kept us clear of the tree she was on. She could be seen breaking them off and throwing them down with every appearance of rage, uttering at intervals a loud pumping grunt and evidently meaning mischief."

Bible in Four New Tongues

Four hitherto unknown tongues—so far as print is concerned — are now being added to the list of languages in which the British and Foreign Bible Society prints the gospels, and of these three are for the benefit of subjects of His Majesty. The New Testament is to be turned into Nyanja, for the tribes of the Shire River bank, Nyassaland, and in this work the Livingstonia mission of the United Free Church of Scotland, the Blantyre Mission of the Established Church of Scotland and the Myera Mission of the Dutch Reformed Church are collaborating. A version in Yalunka is nearly ready for natives of the Falaba district, of Sierra Leone, and in Bugotu for the inhabitants of Isabel Island — one of the Solomon group Lastly, a translation into Visayan, spoken by some 2,000,000 persons in the Philippine archipelago, is being undertaken. All are enterprises of great interest to philologists —London Telegraph.

The Practical Politician.

Once upon a time there was an intensely practical politician who drifted into office with the success of his party and found himself in a desirable position where the labor involved was in inverse proportion to a large salary.

After a while there was a great change in public sentiment, and he decided to change his politics, with the result of getting a reappointment from the new party when it came into power. Then there came another political change that promised the restitution of the old party.

"I am convinced that I have been wrong," said the practical politician, "and must turn to the party of my former faith."

Moral —One good turn deserves another.—New York Herald.

New Money For Old.

There is an unprecedented demand for new money. In reaching out for the evidence of wealth æsthetic taste is asserting itself in the choice of the tokens of prosperity. New, clean, crisp notes are in demand, and persons do not hesitate to ask for them. There is a strongly asserted objection to receiving old, dirty, crumpled paper money that looks as though it might be a vehicle for all sorts of disease germs.

This fact is in evidence at the window of every bank paying teller in the land and at the cash counter of every store

"Please give me new money," and "Will you give me a cleaner bill in place of this one?" are requests heard thousands of times every day. These requests are having their effect so far that there is a growing tendency to pay out only the clean, unobjectionable money It is an illustration of the old truth that people get what they want and insist on having

Every bank will verify this fact. Old and objectionable bills go into them, but they do not go out to their customers. They go to the redemption division of the National Treasury, where they are exchanged for new money and then destroyed. That department reports an immense increase in this branch of its business.—New York Herald.

Good Advice.

Do not consult a small child too much regarding what it will eat. In fact, as a rule, it is best not to consult them at all upon the matter A well brought up child with a healthy appetite will eat what is set before it without requiring or worrying for food that is on the table for its elders. Of course, when a child shows a strong aversion to any particular kind of food, it should never be forced into eating it, as, if this is done, the food will only do more harm than good.—Quincy News.

There's the Sunshine of Summer and the smell of Forest Pines in the Lines. . . . . .

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.

'TWILL CURE COLDS, RELIEVE BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT AND TONSILITIS, AND FORTIFY AGAINST THE DREAD CONSUMPTION.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar

Should be kept on hand for instant use.

OF DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in One Minute.

Germany's Uncollected Premium.

The premium of 1000 marks offered by Germany for the proof of trichinosis from eating American pork has stood for two years without a claimant

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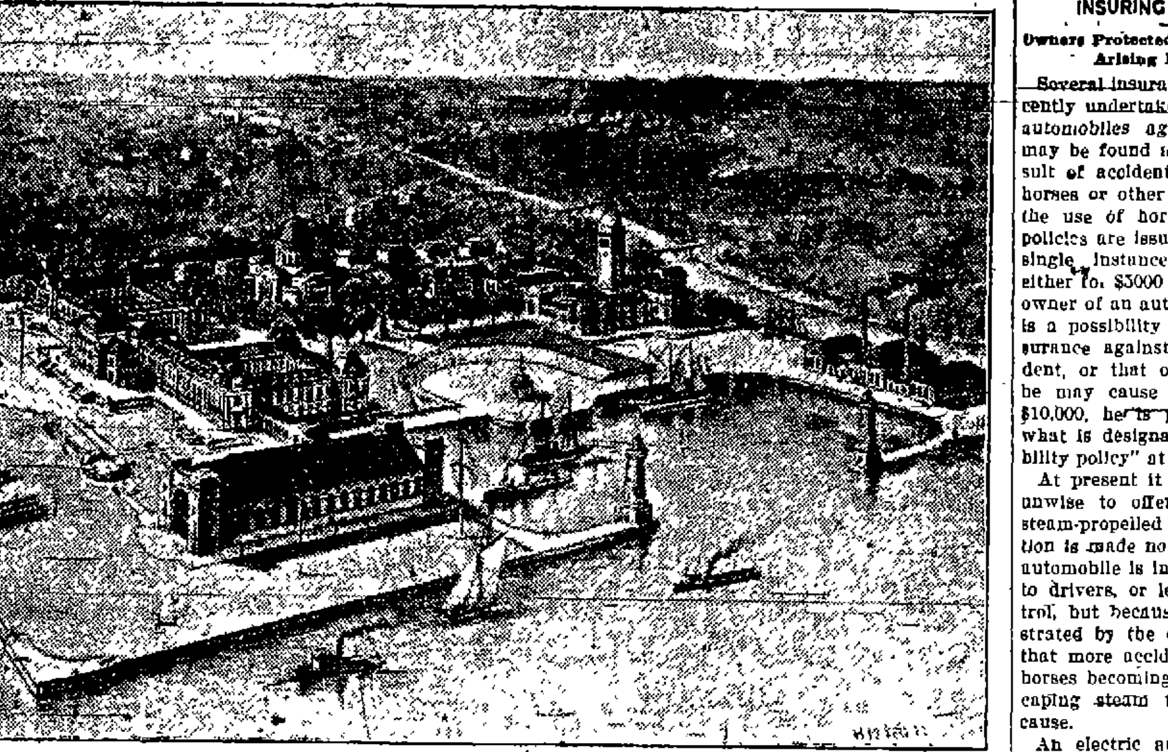


THE UNITED STATES MIDDY'S NEW HOME.

(This drawing represents the buildings and docks of the Naval Academy at Annapolis as they will appear when the work now under way is completed.)

—From Harper's Weekly.

The New Annapolis.

THE Republic has been slow to recognize the importance of the institutions where are created the generals of its army and the commanders of its war-ships, but at last it has been roused to the necessity of providing the young men who are to serve on sea as well as on land with facilities in keeping with the profession which they have adopted. As a result of the plans which have been prepared, upon the shores of the Hudson and on the Severn, at Annapolis, Md., will be erected groups of buildings which will be monuments to American progress in the science of war. They will form military and naval colleges in every sense of the word, and will have no equal in any other country.

Only after a long struggle with Congress did the friends of the navy finally obtain recognition of the needs of the institution, the first appropriation of $500,000 being secured in 1897. With this a beginning was made, and, thanks to the efforts of various Congressmen, as well as to the several Secretaries of the Navy, year by year appropriations have been granted, until it is safe to say that all of the improvements suggested will be carried out, although they will represent an outlay of fully $6,000,000. Of first importance is the home of the cadets, or the "quarters," as it is technically termed. This building, stately in dimensions and truly magnificent in design, has a frontage of 635 feet upon Annapolis Harbor, with a width in the centre of not less than 400 feet. Its wings will contain the sleeping-apartments of the students. Other parts form the *mess-hall, kitchen, etc.* The armory will contain ample space for a drill-hall where a body of 500 men can practice evolutions in-doors when the weather permits. The boat-house, as its name implies, takes the place of the present antiquated structure, and with its rear end facing the proposed basin allows access to the water. As the armory and boat-house are in such continual use, it was decided best to connect them in the manner illustrated, and the group, which may be termed the front section of the Academy, forms a most notable architectural picture, facing as it does the Chesapeake, with the broad parade grounds extending from its terraced surroundings to the water-front.

Next in importance to the cadet-quarters, and located immediately back of it, will be what is termed the Academic building, where sessions of the classes will be held. This is planned to give ample facilities for all instruction, except the departments which must be taught with the aid of apparatus. In the rear of the boat-house and separated from it by the proposed ship-basin will stand the power-house, furnishing heat and light as well as power for the entire group of buildings. The laboratory for instruction in physics and chemistry will also be a separate building, as well as the department of marine-engineering, which necessarily requires quite an elaborate mechanical *equipment*.

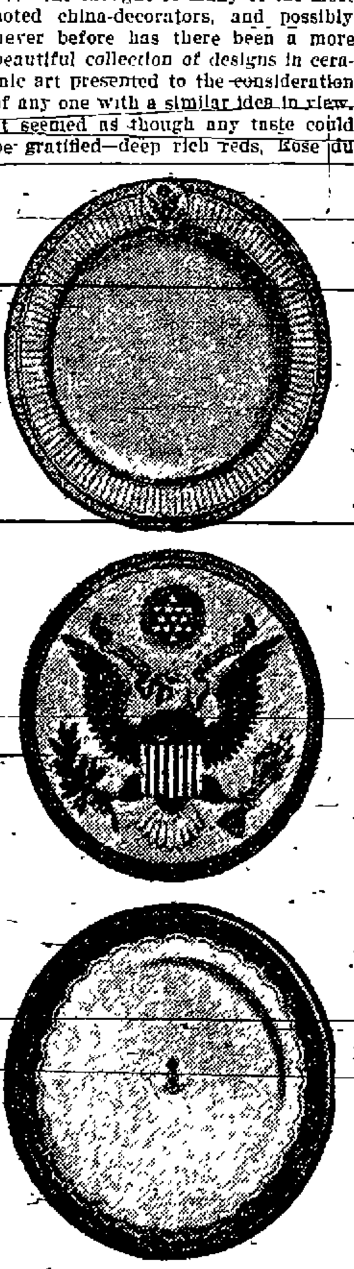
All of these structures, as will be noted by the illustration, harmonize in location and design with the general plan of the architect, Mr. Ernest Flagg. One of the principal improvements will be the magnificent auditorium, which will take the place of the simple naval chapel. It will be a domed structure, and when completed will cost not less than $400,000. The basin will be deep enough to allow the training-fleet to be moored at the docks, and will accommodate all of the craft used by the cadets. The open space from the bank of the river to the nearest building will be a campus 412 feet long and 250 in width. This, however, will not be used as a drill-ground, *the evolutions of the cadet* corps out-of-doors being carried out on the area which will be provided directly in front of the quarters.—Harper's Weekly.

The Parcel Post in England.

In the United Kingdom over 70,000,000 parcels are delivered annually through the mails. This fact in itself shows to what an extent the people appreciate and patronize the system. It is one of the great conveniences of English life. It simplifies a very troublesome problem for the housekeeper. The value of the service to merchants and business houses is, of course, proportionately great. At certain seasons of the year it is not uncommon for one house to send out from 50,000 to 70,000 parcels. There is one large firm of seedsmen which about Christmas time send out annually 100,000 packages to all parts of the country.—*Good Housekeeping.*

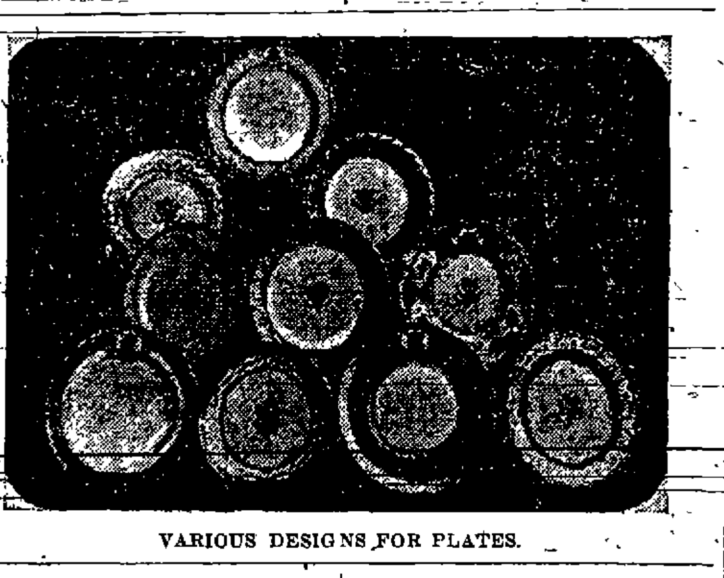
THE NEW WHITE HOUSE CHINA

SOME months ago Mrs. Roosevelt commissioned Mr. Charles M. Van Heusen, of the Van Heusen Charles Company, Albany, New York, to visit the noted factories, with the idea of submitting a collection of samples for her selection. Seventy-eight different and exclusive designs were brought to the attention of the lady of the White House. For months the matter has been the thought of many of the most noted china-decorators, and possibly never before has there been a more *beautiful collection of designs in ceramic art* presented to the consideration of any one with a similar idea in view. It seemed as though any taste could be gratified—deep rich reds, Rose du Barrys, and the different shades of green to the very simplest treatments that can be imagined.



NO. 1.—DESIGN FOR SOUP PLATES.
NO. 2.—THE SEAL OF THE UNITED STATES USED ON THE CHINA.
NO. 3.—DESIGN FOR DINNER PLATES.

NO. 1.—A GOBLET DESIGN FOR THE GLASS SERVICE.
NO. 2.—SHAPES OF CUPS AND SAUCERS THAT ARE TO BE DECORATED.



VARIOUS DESIGNS FOR PLATES.

The one selected by Mrs. Roosevelt is a simple Colonial pattern, with the obverse, or front, of the Great Seal of the United States enamelled in color as the decorative feature. It was made by Wedgwood, and covers the requirements possibly better than any of the others. One disadvantage, however, of which the democratic simplicity of this country boasts, is that there are no heraldic emblems, and Mrs. Roosevelt was very anxious to have a service which would be distinctly known as the White House service. There are, however, two or three emblems which can be used to denote the Presidential position. One is his personal seal, but which is no different from the seal of any notary public. Another is the Great Seal of the United States. It was finally determined that the Great Seal should be enamelled on the service, and then the hunt for the samples began.

The Great Seal, *as originally adopted* by the statute of June, 1782, consisted of two faces, an obverse, or front, and a reverse, or back.

It has been noticed that none of the different drawings of the Great Seal as adopted by Congress has been in detail absolutely correct, and considerable attention has been paid to have the Seal that is to be enamelled on the service as nearly accurate as possible. It is indeed an exquisite decoration for the White House service. The White House service consists of 1290 pieces. The glass service is one of extreme beauty, and is unusual, as it exemplifies the arts of heavy cutting and delicate etching well blended.

It is understood that but one piece signed by John Wedgwood is known to exist, and that bears the name and date, 1691, incised around the jug.

The design selected by Mrs. Roosevelt has been patented and copyrighted for the exclusive use of the White House. The Executive designs will not be sold outside the White House under any consideration.—Harper's Weekly.

A Family's Longevity.

Wilson Everett, of Belvidere, N. J., one of the first conductors on the Belvidere division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has four brothers, whose ages, with his own, aggregate 400 years, or an average of eighty years each.

The ages of the five brothers are: Joseph, of Frenchtown, eighty-nine years; Benjamin, of the same place, eighty; Wilson, of Belvidere, seventy-seven; John, of Philadelphia, eighty-seven, and Daniel, of Easton, Pa., seventy-three.

The Everett family is noted for its longevity. Daniel, the father, lived to be eighty-eight. His widow died in her ninety-third year and left 107 living descendants—11 children, 47 grandchildren, 47 great-grandchildren and 2 great-great-grandchildren.—New York World.

INSURING AUTOMOBILES.

Owners Protected Against Legal Damages Arising From Accidents.

Several insurance companies have recently undertaken to insure owners of automobiles against damages which may be found against them as the result of accidents to individuals or to horses or other property arising from the use of horseless carriages. The policies are issued to cover losses in a single instance, and are made out either for $5000 or $10,000. Should the owner of an automobile feel that there is a possibility that he may need insurance against more than one accident, or that on any single occasion he may cause damage in excess of $10,000, he is permitted to take out what is designated as "an excess liability policy" at half the original rates.

At present it has been found to be unwise to offer rates to owners of steam-propelled vehicles. This distinction is made not because this class of automobile is in itself more dangerous to drivers, or less susceptible to control, but because it has been demonstrated by the compilation of records that more accidents have resulted by horses becoming frightened by the escaping steam than from any other cause.

An electric automobile may be insured against damages to one person not to exceed $5000 at rates of from $50 to $75, or a policy providing against damages secured by a number of persons injured in the same accident will be issued on the same terms, it being agreed that the total liabilities shall not exceed $10,000. The gasoline automobiles come higher, the rates for the same amount of insurance being from $60 to $90. Automobile delivery trucks are charged for insurance against the damages they may do from $75 to $125. The insurance companies in their accident and liability departments are still experimenting with the insurance of automobiles. If they find themselves to be the losers the rates will be raised.

The Poet and the Check.

Getting a check cashed is no easy matter sometimes. A poet solved the difficulty last week pretty successfully. Walking into the Fifth Avenue Bank he said to the cashier, "I don't suppose you will cash this check without I am identified?" The cashier seemed to agree with him that something of the sort would be required and handed him over to the manager. The latter scanned the check and said: "Well, I know your writings, but I have not had the pleasure of meeting your before." The poet said the disappointment had been mutual. Then there was a pause. "Have you got anything about you, except letters, which would be likely to lead to your identification?" The poet said he had not. "Well," hummed the manager, "have you, for instance, any initials in your hat?" The poet said he had not, but if the manager would allow him five minutes' grace, he would go round to the nearest hatter's and have them put in. Then there was a mutual smile. "Have you a card?" The poet had. As this did not seem to satisfy the dispenser of cash, the poet at last said with a sigh, "You say you know my writings?" "Yes" "Well, I will sit down now, and write you a poem—" "Mr. ——," hurriedly ejaculated the manager, "we will cash your check!" And he did it at once.—The Journalist.

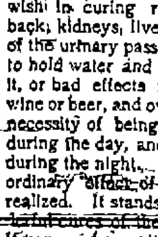
A Hygienic Floor.

A germ-proof house is the latest addition to the hygienic terrors of life. It is not yet actually in existence, but medical congresses are busily and even hopefully paving the way for its advent. When it arrives, and we are all thoroughly scientific and uncomfortable, our homes will be single-storied, without stairs, built on gravel soil, destitute of cellars, with concrete and blocks of earthenware "pierced for ventilation" placed under the floor, and the ordinary bricks "will be superseded by glazed and tightly fitting hygienic brick." The roof will be tiled, not slated, and the windows will reach from top to bottom of the walls. The dining table will be of polished mahogany, the chairs cushionless or stuffed with *medicated wool*. The walls ought to be made of a cement that takes a high polish, can be stained to any color, and washed frequently. Curtains and draperies of all kinds will be abolished; pictures will be permitted only when let into the cement walls; for artistic touches we shall be depending on "plants of the India rubber and eucalyptus type." In no room will there be corners to harbor dust and bacteria, and *the skirting* will always curve into the hardwood parquet floors, instead of striking them at right angles.—London Chronicle.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

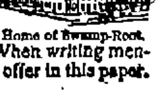
Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours, a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble, too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.



What to Do.

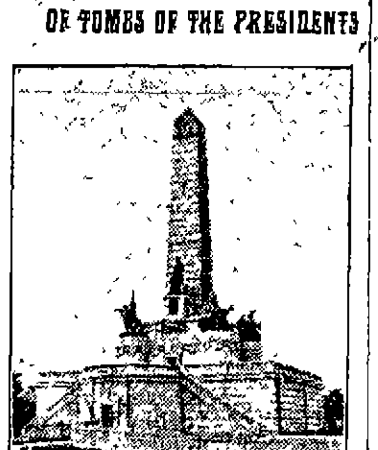
There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

TWO MORE IN OUR SERIES OF TOMBS OF THE PRESIDENTS



1. Abraham Lincoln.

In Oak Ridge Cemetery, Springfield, Ill., stands an imposing monument to mark the resting place of Abraham Lincoln. Mrs. Lincoln was buried beside her husband. The grounds are now the property of the State of Illinois.

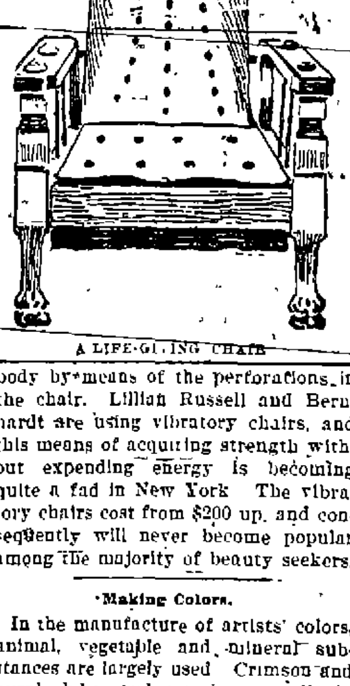
2. James K. Polk.

In the garden of his home at Nashville, Tenn., the eleventh President of the United States, James K. Polk, was buried. The homestead is situated near the State capitol and the tomb itself, being of fine white marble, is a conspicuous object.

A LIFE-GIVING CHAIR.

Vibrations Sent Through the Water Filled Cushions.

The latest scheme to renew health and prolong life is a vibrating chair. By means of this peculiar bit of mechanism it is claimed that youth can be restored, muscles strengthened and wasted tissues replaced. The principle upon which the vibrating chair is worked is an old one. The chair has a heavy rubber seat and back. Underneath this is a coat of thin rubber. The heavy rubber contains perforations which are covered by the thin rubber. The seat and back of the chair are filled with water when the patient sits in the contrivance, and then a hammer, which strikes a rubber disc, is set in motion. This hammer starts vibratory waves in the water and these waves are communicated to the body by means of the perforations in the chair. Lillian Russell and Bernhardt are using vibratory chairs, and this means of acquiring strength without expending energy is becoming quite a fad in New York. The vibratory chairs cost from $200 up, and consequently will never become popular among the majority of beauty seekers.



A LIFE-GIVING CHAIR

Making Colors.

In the manufacture of artists' colors, animal, vegetable and mineral substances are largely used. Crimson and purple lakes and carmine are all obtained from the cochineal insect. Sepia is the dark fluid discharged by the cuttlefish to render the water opaque for its own concealment when attacked by a larger fish.

Prussian blue is made by fusing the hoofs of horses with impure potassium carbonate, and ultramarine is obtained from the precious mineral known as lapsis lazuli.

Gamboge is the yellow sap of a tree which grows in Siam, and raw sienna is the natural earth from Sienna; when burnt it becomes burnt sienna. Turkey red is made from the Indian madder plant.

There is only one color that English people *do not know how to produce*, and that is India ink. Only the Chinese can make it, and they refuse to divulge the secret of its composition.

Gas as Heat, Light and Power.

The use of gas as a fuel and source of power has made wonderful strides during the last decade, and present indications point to a still more marked advancement in the methods of production and systems of lighting, heating and power supply. The systems of incandescent gas lighting, so prevalent and popular at the present time, depend for their efficiency wholly upon the heating power of gas, rather than on its luminosity. Water gas or producer gas will undoubtedly be the future heating and lighting agencies, and along the lines of their production will be directed most of the forces of investigation and improvement. The future trend of gas production will probably be in favor of generator rather than retort gases, which ought to result in purer gases; i. e., gases of a fairly constant chemical composition.—Mines and Minerals.

Even a deaf man can have sound judgment.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ERIE RAILROAD

Time Table in Effect Sept. 21, 1902.

GOING WEST—READ DOWN. GOING EAST—READ UP.

No. 7	No. 5	No. 3	No. 1	No. 17	No. 25	STATIONS.	No. 4	No. 2	14-20	No. 24	No. 8	No. 6
p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	Leave. Arrive.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.
9.10	7.25	2.25	8.55	8.30	...	New York	3.23	6.52	1.07	6.17	6.17	7.5[illegible]
8.13	6.13	6.13	9.35	9.35	.....	Carbondale	5.45	5.45	...	...	8.53	8.53
3.40	1.10	8.15	2.27	11.45	6.25	Susquehanna	9.47	1.33	6.30	9.05	12.23	2.25
..	note	.	..	12 01	6.40	Great Bend	.....	.....	6.13	8.48	note	..
4.25	1.46	8.55	2.58	12.28	7 10	Binghamton	9.10	1.01	5.42	8.20	11.40	1.43
...	.....	.....	...	12.59	7 27	Union	.....	.....	5.24	7.57	...	...
5.01	2.13	9.25	3.25	1.31	7.54	Owego	8.38	12.31	4.59	7.33	11.00	1.09
5.31	2.39	9.51	3.50	2.06	8.30	Waverly	8.12	12.00	4.28	6.56	10.28	12.43
6.04	3.05	10.20	4.14	2.45	9.13	Elmira	7.49	11.42	3.52	6.21	9.58	12.16
6.37	3.41	10.47	4.38	3.22	9.54	Corning	7.22	11.18	3.25	5.55	9.18	11.50
7.00	...	...	4.55	3.46	10.19	Addison	7 05	11.00	3.06	5.06	8.54	11.31
7.45	...	.....	...	4.37	11.15	Canisteo		10.29	2.32	4.18	8.15	.....
8.07	4.30	11.50	5.40	4.45	11.40	Hornellsville	6.28	10.21	2.25	4.10	8.05	10.50
11.15	7.00	.....	8.00	8.00	7.45	Buffalo	...	8.00	...	.....	4.00	8.10
1.58	8.08		9.09	9.09	9.09	Niagara Falls	...	6.48	.....	.....	12.45	6.43
11.42	8.47	2.04	9.00	9.00	2.50	Jamestown	2.14	5.15	...	...	3.05	6.35
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Cleveland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.00
6.55	...	2.15	...	...	6 55	Cincinnati	2.00	...	.....	.....	.....	...
7.35	9.45	5 20	.....	.....	7.35	Chicago	10.30	.....	.....	.....	9.20	...
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Arrive. Leave.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.

Above trains run daily except that No. 25 *does not run* Sundays between Salamanca and Jamestown, train 5 does not run west of Leavittsburg, Ohio, on Mondays and days following legal holidays. No. 8 will stop at Great Bend to take on New York passengers and let off passengers from Buffalo. No. 5 will stop at Great Bend to let off passengers from New York. Trains 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, are vestibuled.

Additional Trains going East—No. 18, local, daily, leaves Hornellsville 5.40 a. m., Canisteo 5.48 a. m., Addison 6.42 a. m., arrives Corning 7.05 a. m. leaves Corning 7.40 a. m., Elmira 8.21 a. m., Waverly 9 01 a. m., Owego 9.41 a. m., Union 10.12 a. m., Binghamton 10.41 a. m., Great Bend 11.26 a. m., arrives at Susquehanna 11.50 a. m. Trains 30 and 122, daily except Sunday, leave Binghamton 6.15 a. m. and 3.35 p. m. for New York and to Carbondale via Susquehanna.

Additional Trains going West—No 19, local, daily, leaves Susquehanna 6.33 p. m., Great Bend 6.48 p. m., Binghamton 7.15 p. m., Union, 7.31 p. m., Owego 7.56 p. m., Waverly 8.32 p. m., Elmira 9.05 p. m., Corning 9.35 p. m., Addison 9.56 p. m., Canisteo 10.46 p. m., arrives at Hornellsville 10 55 p. m. Trains 121 and 29, daily except Sunday, from Carbondale and New York, arrive at Binghamton 12.04 noon and 10.16 p. m.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

101	122	107	STATIONS.	102	114	109
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Lve. Arr.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
5.25	1.45	6.45	Elmira	10.35	1.22	9.00
6.00	2.20	7.20	Corning	10.03	12.50	8.30
6.42	3.03	8.04	Bath	9.22	12.08	7.47
7.35	3.54	8.59	Wayland	8.34	11.22	6.53
9.15	6.00	10.55	Rochester	6.50	9.35	5.00
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.

Nos. 107, 108 and 101 run daily, others run daily except Sunday.

TIOGA DIVISION.

101	107	105	STATIONS.	102	124	108
p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	Lve. Arr.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
4.50	9.35	6.30	Elmira	9.10	4.00	5.30
6.00	10.44	9.05	Lawrenceville	8.02	....	4.11
8.23	11.00	10.20	Tioga	7.47	1.30	3.58
8.40	11.20	11.00	Mansfield	7.30	12.45	3.38
7.00	11.40	1.25	Blossburg	7.10	11.40	3.15
p. m.	a. m.	p. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.

All trains daily except Sundays.

No. 202, local, Sundays only, leaves Rochester at 8.00 a. m., Wayland 9.44 a. m., Bath 10.30 a. m., Corning 11.09, arriving at Elmira at 11.59 a. m.

Parlor cars. Through standard Pullman sleeping cars to Albany, Boston, New York, Buffalo, Chautauqua Lake, Cambridge Springs, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago. Tourist car service to Western, Pacific coast and California points; also to Boston via Binghamton and Albany. Connections made at Binghamton, Union Depot, with D. & H. trains for Albany, Boston, Saratoga, Lake Champlain and New England points. Highback seat coaches. Dining, cafe and buffet cars. Trains protected by safety block signal system.

D. W. COOKE, General Passenger Agent, New York.
W. G. MACEDWARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Elmira, N. Y.

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CORNING, N. Y.

BARTHOLOMAY'S CELEBRATED LAGER

Mineral Water, Ginger Ale and All Kinds of Pop.

Our line of bottled goods, which are put up fresh daily, include the following:

BEER.	ALE.
Bartholomay's Export,	Evans' India Pale Ale,
Bartholomay's Apollo,	Brown Stout and Cream Ale,
Bartholomay's Vilamalt,	Extra fine bottled Cream Ale,
Bartholomay's Bavarian,	Robert Smith's India Pale Ale,
Bartholomay's Bohemian,	Ryan's Sparkling Ale,
Bartholomay's Pale, extra,	Ryan's Celebrated Porter.
Feigenspan's Wuerzburger.	

The above goods will be supplied in case lots or in any quantity desired. Orders by mail or telephone will receive prompt attention. Address,

February 9, 1900. VALENTINE RETTIG, Corning, N. Y.

The Gazette —AND THE— Thrice-a-Week World, ONLY **$2.00** PER YEAR CASH, IN ADVANCE.

Mansfield Normal School

A Superior Training School for teachers. Equipment unexcelled. Healthful location.

Free Tuition in Normal Department.

Expenses moderate in special departments.

MUSIC (Hamlin E. Cogswell, Director.) A complete CONSERVATORY COURSE OF STUDY, a special department for training of teachers and supervisors for public school work.

ART AND ELOCUTION

In the hands of a specialist.

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Beautiful buildings and surroundings, Fine Gymnasium, Athletic Park, Elevator, Hospital and attendant nurse. Good Board, Electric Light, Steam Heat, etc.

Fall term opens Monday, September 1st. Send for Catalogue.

ANDREW THOMAS SMITH, Ph. D., Principal, Mansfield, Pa.

W. D. VANHORN, Pres't. W. W. MILLER, Cashier

ESTABLISHED 1864.

First National Bank,

OF WELLSBORO, PA.

CAPITAL STOCK, $125,000

SURPLUS, - - $125,000

This Bank transacts a general banking business, makes collections, sells drafts on Europe, and gives prompt attention to all business at lowest rates. Interest paid on time deposits.

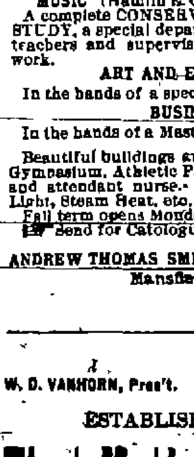
Steamship tickets by first-class lines to and from New York.

With a record of twenty-three years of prudent and successful management, marked by a steady growth of both Capital and Patronage this Bank does business on as liberal terms as are consistent with safe banking.

NO ADULTERATION OR DECEPTION.

ABSOLUTELY PURE OLD RYE

WHISKEY



From Distillery Direct to Consumer.

In order to introduce our Six Years-Old, Gilt-Edge, Pure, Copper-Distilled Rye Whiskey in all parts of the country, we will send it, put up in bottles, securely packed, in a plain box, to any point in the United States, either by freight or express, at the following prices:

1 full quart bottle for only $1.20
2 full quart bottles for only $2.00
3 full quart bottles for only $2.70
4 full quart bottles for only $3.25

FREE With every order we will put in FREE OF CHARGE a sample quart bottle of our celebrated California Wine, either Port, Sherry, Catawba or Blackberry. Please state which kind you prefer.

We do not pay express or freight charges, but add this quart bottle of our best wine free of charge to recompense buyers for the small amount they pay to railroad or express companies for delivering the goods to them. It is cheapest to order goods sent by freight, unless you are in a hurry or live within two hundred miles of this city.

This offer is made to induce you to try our GILT EDGE RYE, an *absolutely pure Whiskey, distilled from best grain at our own distillery.* Once you try this Whiskey you will always want it.

As to our responsibility, we refer to any business house in Williamsport.

Remit by express money order, Post Office money order or registered letter. All orders filled same day as received. Siegel Bros., Distillers, Williamsport, Pa. Mention Gazette.

The Laces of Paraguay.

In some of the towns of Paraguay nearly all the inhabitants are engaged in lace-making. The art was taught there two centuries ago by missionaries, and the designs were taken from the webs woven by spiders. These designs survive in the manufacture to this day, the lace being called by an Indian word meaning "spider web."

The Gazette.

WELLSBORO, PA.

THURSDAY, NOV. 20, 1902.

FRANK CONEVERY, - - Editor and Proprietor

Local and Long Distance Telephone Connection.

THE statement that the President has determined to call an extra session of Congress on tariff revision is doubted in Washington.

THE Treasury Department has given warning to Wall Street that the Government is not in position to give further aid in the event of a money stringency.

ON Monday the Standard Oil Company declared a dividend of $10 a share, making the total dividend for the present year 45 per cent.

GENERAL CHAFFEE, who has just returned from command in the Philippines, says it may take a hundred years to make the Filipinos a peaceful, civilized nation.

IT will doubtless prove a source of disappointment to many families to learn that the administration, at the behest of the protected interests in the Philippines, has decided that Christmas boxes for the soldier boys in the islands will be subject to the same tariff duties as other merchandise. There will be no duty free Christmas presents for the soldier boys this year.

A PITTSBURG dispatch says that Robert E. Pattison is to be the candidate of the Democrats in the next Legislature for United States Senator. On joint ballot the Democrats will have 55 and the Republicans 144 votes. Following the usual custom of complimenting the candidate for Governor, Pattison will be the choice of the Democrat caucus Senator Penrose will be re-elected, unless there are radical changes in Republican plans.

THE Philadelphia District Attorney has completed his investigation of the charges brought against Senator Quay for violation of the federal law by soliciting campaign contributions from office holders. Of course the attorney entirely vindicates the Senator, who, it seems, from the attorney's report, was in dense ignorance of the fact that his name was used. If the Senator had been less successful in the manipulation of the Pennsylvania elections the attorney might have found differently.

WITH the advent of the new Board of County Commissioners there promises to be some radical changes in the appointive offices for the coming year, and the scramble has already begun If we do not miss our guess some of the Doumaux Democrats of the medical profession, who have been receiving for several years very generous fees for their services in outside relief cases, will walk the plank. To all of which the rank and file of the Democratic party will say Amen, but not "God bless you"

THE complete official returns of the late election show that the aggregate vote of the State for Governor was 1,094,688. This is 78,522 less than the total for President in 1900. Pennypacker's vote is 119,348 less than McKinley's and Pattison's is 26,745 more than Bryan's. Although defeated by 142,830 plurality, Pattison polled nearly as many votes as when elected by over 16,000 in 1890, and came within 25,000 of the vote received by Governor Stone when elected by a plurality of nearly 118,000. Thirty nine counties were carried by Judge Pennypacker and twenty-eight by the Democratic candidate for Governor. In 1890 Governor Pattison had a plurality in forty-three, and in 1882 in forty nine

THE Pennsylvania farmer who voted for Oleo Brown, says the *North American*, will be pleased to hear that there is a rush of dealers to the internal revenue office for government licenses to sell the "advanced product of the farm" and that a boom in the oleomargarine trade is looked for this winter. Oleo colored yellow in imitation of butter will be sold for about sixteen cents a pound when the purchaser knows what it is, and for twenty-four cents when he doesn't know. Cow butter cannot be sold at a profit for much under thirty cents. The prospect is not encouraging to the cow, but the farmer can comfort her by singing to her softly that soothing lay of the dairy, "Consider, good cow, consider," and reminding her that she has no ills worthy of mention, now that the country is saved.

TO RETIRE JUDGE MITCHELL.

Superior Court Justice Unable to Resume Duties on the Bench.

Under the Judges' Retirement Act of the last Legislature, Governor Stone has appointed a committee of three physicians to examine and report upon the condition of Superior Court Justice J. I. Mitchell, of this borough, who for more than a year has been unable to perform his judicial duties. The physicians are Dr. J. V. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia; Dr. A. J. Connel, of Scranton, and Dr. M. L. Bacon, of Wellsboro, Justice Mitchell's family physician.

Judge Mitchell was nominated for Superior Court Judge in 1899 to take the place of the late Josiah R. Adams, of Philadelphia, who withdrew as the Republican candidate. Judge Mitchell was elected and took his seat on the bench in January, 1900. About a year afterward he was prostrated by a stroke of paralysis, and has not served on the bench since then.

Under the Judges' Retirement Act, if the physicians should report that there is no likelihood that he will ever be able to take up his duties as a member of the court, he will be retired upon half pay for the remainder of his term Judges of the Superior Court are paid a salary of $7,500 per annum, and on Judge Mitchell's retirement he would get $3,750 per annum for the next seven years, he having gone on the bench January, 1900

It has been known for some time that Justice Mitchell was so seriously ill that there is practically no hope of his ever being able to don his official robes again, and it is expected that the report of the officials will be to that effect.

Should Justice Mitchell resign, Governor Stone will appoint a successor who will serve until January, 1904, his successor being elected in November, 1903.

A Harrisburg dispatch says that "The Governor declines to discuss the probable appointee, although it is thought he has already selected the person for the vacancy He would like to have the man he appoints nominated by the next machine Republican State Convention for a full term Ex-Judge David Cameron, of Wellsboro, is not an unlikely candidate for the place His appointment would again give Tioga the place. Mr. Cameron is a brother-in-law of Judge Mitchell. He is also a very close friend of Governor Stone."

NEWS FROM SABINSVILLE.

An Invalid Meets With a Bad Accident—A Disgraceful Scene—Other Notes.

SABINSVILLE, Nov. 19.—Edgar Bovier, our hardware merchant, met with a severe accident last Wednesday morning. He has been an invalid for some time Being left alone while Mrs. Bovier descended to the kitchen to prepare his breakfast, after assisting him to dress, he proceeded to undress and unlocked a door that led to an outside stairway, where he was seen to fall or jump off to the ground, about 18 feet below. He received cuts and bruises on the head of a serious nature and is now in a critical condition.

The B & S. railroad company have had the steam shovel at work below town, where they have dug a new channel and changed the course of the stream so as to avoid two long trestles, which were the cause of considerable damage to the road during high water. Many people visited the scene of operations daily to witness the work of the steam shovel.

The Maccabees of the Galeton tent visited the local lodge last Wednesday evening. Oysters and other delicacies were served and a right royal good time was reported.

The membership of the Grange in this place is rapidly outgrowing its accommodations, the hall not being able to accommodate all who attend the meetings. It is now proposed to erect a more commodious building. The insurance privileges connected with the Grange are a drawing card.

A disgraceful scene was witnessed on the streets in this place last Saturday, the participants being a man and woman who hailed from the county seat of Potter county. The couple were unknown in this place. The woman struck the man with the whip as they were riding along and then the trouble began.

Frank Whittaker, of this place, has sold $700 worth of ginseng this season

Archibald Potter is quite sick. He is attended by Dr. Bair.

Frank Whittaker is beautifying his residence by the addition of a commodious porch and other improvements.

Cheny Bristol, who recently moved to this town, is afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism.

Rex Bair, son of Dr. T. A. Bair, is attending the Cook Academy at Montour Falls, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs Justus Beach attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Almina Sunderlin at Sunderlinville last Friday The deceased was an aunt of Mrs. Beach

Edgar Boom died on Monday morning An investigation showed that one of his legs had been broken

MATTERS IN SOUTH DELMAR.

Lecture by State Grange Official—Social and Personal Events.

BALSAM, Nov 19.—A. M. Cornell, Lecturer of the State Grange, will deliver a lecture at Middle Ridge Grange Hall on Tuesday evening, Nov. 25th. All patrons of the order are especially invited to be present.

Mrs. William Finn, of Riverside, N. Y, who has been visiting friends in this locality, was suddenly called home on Sunday by a serious accident which occurred on the Erie railroad, in which her stepson, a trainman, was one of the victims.

Ira Wetherbee, one of our oldest residents, has been confined to the house several days by sickness.

There appears to be something radically wrong with the Delmar and Hoytville line. Patrons find it almost impossible to make connections with the Central at Wellsboro.

Owing to the unusually large number of field mice this season cats and traps are in great demand in this section.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Walbridge will attend the annual meeting of the State Grange at Clearfield on December 9th, as delegates from Middle Ridge Grange.

The M. E. church at Stony Fork has just placed a new bell in its belfry.

The Ladies' Aid for the Baptist Church will meet next Saturday at the home of Mrs. George Francis.

Linus Hilfbolt expects to go to Port Allegheny, McKean county, where he has secured employment in a glass factory.

The chicken-pie supper and entertainment at Grange Hall in this place last Wednesday evening was well patronized by the people in the immediate vicinity. The programme was good and well rendered. The chicken-pie was also equally as good and well rendered. The receipts were about $14.

NEWSY KANSAS LETTER

Correspondent Writes About His Recent Visit to Wellsboro.

MANY CHANGES ARE NOTED

By Former Resident After an Absence of Twenty-Seven Years—But Few Landmarks Were Recognized—Kansas and its State Buildings.

(Correspondence of the GAZETTE.)

TOPEKA, Kansas, Nov. 16.—To the Wellsboro friends of schoolboy days, and later years comrades in the Civil War, who made it so pleasant for me on my recent brief visit to their homes, I will always remember among the pleasantest days of my life. An absence of twenty-seven years had brought about wonderful changes, for most of the faces were new to me, but nowhere was I more surprised than in the hills surrounding the place—for they, seemingly, had grown to more than double their former height when us kids, (I mean Rank VanHorn, Walter Sherwood, Ben Christenat, Geo. Riberolle, Arthur Roy, Dry Holiday, Jim. English, Hod. Packer, Len Harrison, and many others,) played "deer" and other amusements on those same hills. And what of Wellsboro? there were but few landmarks to me I recognized. Most of the old homes there had given way to more modern ones, and hundreds of new ones built, and while all the business houses then were frame, now they are brick and stone. To one and all who made it so agreeable to me they will ever have my heartiest wishes, and should any of them ever visit the land of sunshine and sunflowers, which is Kansas, they can have the best in our home.

The pleasant reunion I had with the comrades of Co. A, 187th Pennsylvania, many of whom were from Wellsboro and close vicinity, was indeed a pleasant one. Following down the list of names in that company, Sturrock, Brewster, Torpy, Mack, Boatman, Borden, Mosier, Hart, and others—dead came the response. What a grand history Wellsboro and Tioga county made in that Civil War. Walter Sherwood has some facts relative to the number of soldier boys from your town and county killed in that war which he ought to write up for publication. It would be astonishing.

And the columns of your three news papers, detailing the news events of town and county every week, shows thrift. The old district schoolhouse, where I first attended school and in which I was severely whipped by a lady teacher for violating the whispering rule, has been torn down and a roomy brick house has been erected in its stead. And the two frame taverns, large and roomy in those early days, have been torn out to make room for two first-class, modern brick hotels. All had changed in my eyes. In my constant wanderings in your beautifull place, I seldom came across a landmark familiar to me that I had in mind twenty-seven years ago.

Going up Pine creek and Marsh creek, where I fished hundreds of times, I kept constant lookout from the platform of the train, believing that I could recognize some place where I had fished. The pine and hemlock had been cut off, farms had been opened, and it seemed there wasn't a spot anywhere that I had ever seen before. My friends in Wellsboro said I had changed. Certainly no more so than they had changed to me. Rank VanHorn and Ben. Christenat couldn't fool me, most of the others did.

Returning to Kansas I found the trees about stripped of their foliage as I left them in Wellsboro. Jack Frost had been getting in his work here as well as there. The fall has been unusually pleasant and warm in all Kansas, yet while I was in Wellsboro many of your people were wearing overcoats and cloaks.

It has been given out that the Kansas Capitol building will be finished sometime during the winter. It was commenced in 1865 It has cost over three million dollars to date. During the Populist reign in Kansas scarcely any work on the building was done In fact they were so redhot at Topeka they threatened to remove the capitol of the State elsewhere.

The State buildings are scattered here and there. Topeka has the State Insane Asylum and the Reform School; Atchison has the Soldiers' Orphans' Home; Leavenworth the Penitentiary, Dodge City is the site of the Soldiers' Home; Winfield is the Home for Imbeciles Hutchinson has the Reformatory, Osawatomie has the Deaf and Dumb School and Beloit is the site of the Industrial School for Girls. Besides Leavenworth has a branch of the National Soldiers' Home and is kept up by the United States. For the last several years this home has kept from 2,500 to 3,000 old veterans all the time, who come from all the States. Kansas has nothing to do with the operation of this National Soldiers' Home.

Throughout Kansas the wheat raisers report glowing prospects for wheat. At this time the ground is in the best condition possible, with plenty of moisture deep down. A year ago wheat was doing fairly well, and the ground dry as a powder magazine. A fact that I tried to impress on the minds of the farmers in the vicinity of Wellsboro on my recent trip there, was Kansas' 100 to 1,000 acre fields in growing wheat and corn.

Every two years the Legislature of Kansas elects a State Printer, instead of owning a plant as do some States. It is a fat job, and is worth at this time about $25,000 for the two years, but not a cent less. It is the best paying office in the gift of the voters of the State. Is it any wonder the political factions of the State are so anxious to control the Legislature?

It has been given out that the department of Kansas G. A. R. will present the name of Col. H. C. Loomis, department Commander of Kansas, before the next National Encampment at San Francisco, for Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R. Col. Loomis lives in Winfield. It was to his untiring energy and love for Kansas and the old veterans that this State made such a magnificent display and turn-out of her people at the recent National Encampment in Washington.

H. C. R.

[As an evidence of the honor of some of the Kansas pensioners it may be of interest to our correspondent and others to learn that the Pension Bureau has received from a Topeka pensioner a letter in which the writer states that he has been converted to Christian Science; that as a result he is now able to see that the "alleged rheumatism and alleged stomach trouble" for which he has been receiving a pension was a "moral error" which deceived and extended the hallucination to the examining physicians. In view of this error he surrenders his pension. Under these circumstances the genuineness of the man's conversion certainly cannot be questioned.—ED.]

An Aged and Active Preacher.

BROOKFIELD, Nov. 19.—Rev. Noah B Sellick, a Methodist local preacher, who is nearly 90 years of age, has split several hundred fence posts this summer He has also built several hundred rods of wire fence besides doing other manual labor.

Bowman Joseph, of Warren, Warren county, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Nancy Gardner, and family.

Messrs. George Simmons and Charles Chase, who have been working at Alexander, N Y, the past six months, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Robbins are visiting relatives at Bradford, McKean county.

Last week the Westfield *Free Press* printed an item stating that Mrs. Mary Jordon, of Treadwell, N Y, was visiting her sister, Mrs. A McLean, of that place We desire to remark that Mrs McLean is and has been a resident of this town for the past twenty-five years. She never lived in Westfield All the people do not live in Westfield.

Mr. and Mrs H B Hunt, who moved from their farm to Westfield last spring, have moved back to their farm in this township.

Successful Concert at Roseville.

ROSEVILLE, Nov. 19—The class musical last Saturday evening, conducted by Mrs B. F. Smith, was a great success, the receipts being over $21. Every one of the class did great credit to their instructor by their excellent singing and playing. At the close of the concert many repaired to the hall and partook of an oyster supper, the receipts from which were $5 75

G. Brown and daughter, of Luzerne county, are visiting friends and relatives here.

Misses Coral and Anna and Irwin Smith, of Smithfield, Mrs. H H. Smith, of Big Pond, and Mrs. Brownlee and Mr. and Mrs. Harrer, of Ralston, have been entertained at the home of B F Smith for several days.

While Mr. and Mrs John M. Hall were driving last Sunday they met with an accident. The horse became frightened and ran away, throwing out the occupants and breaking Mrs. Hall's arm The wagon was badly wrecked.

Dr. Barden and family will move to Ithaca, N. Y, to reside. They will be greatly missed Mrs Barden is much improved in health.

Died at the Corning Hospital.

Ransom Wilcox, of Keeneyville, died at the Corning Hospital at an early hour yesterday morning as the result of the amputation of his arm on Monday afternoon.

Mr Wilcox was taken ill about three weeks ago with diabetes and gangrene. His condition became so serious that local physicians were powerless to help him and he was taken to the Corning Hospital for treatment. His condition steadily grew worse and on Monday it was deemed necessary, after a council of physicians, to amputate his arm. The operation did not prove of benefit and the end came at the time stated above

Undertaker J W. Roe, of Keeneyville, went to Corning and returned with the remains last evening. The funeral will be held from the late home of the deceased to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Mr Wilcox was 54 years of age and is survived by his wife, a daughter and son He was a member of the M. E. Church of Keeneyville and a prominent Odd Fellow.

Fatally Injured by the Cars.

Charles Bullon, of Freeman, died on Tuesday morning at the home of his sister in Elkland from injuries sustained by being struck by a train on the Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad last Friday night The accident happened at what is known as the Addison road crossing, about one mile from Elkland. Mr. Bullon was driving home with a single rig and when the ill fated crossing was reached he failed to observe the approach of the passenger train. The engine struck the rig squarely and threw the occupant and horse some distance away. Mr. Bullon was picked up by the train crew and taken to Elkland. His back was broken and he was otherwise internally injured. The horse was decapitated. The deceased was 66 years of age.

Greatest Offer Ever Made.

Many of our subscribers are taking advantage of our great clubbing combination. It is the best clubbing offer that the GAZETTE or any other paper has ever made, and it ought to reach every fireside in Tioga county.

The WELLSBORO GAZETTE, *Thrice-a-Week World*, the Cosmopolitan Magazine and the Woman's Home Companion, together $2.75—one year each. Subscribers who take advantage of this great offer must pay all arrearages and $2.75. Regular price of the four publications, $4 50.

—Call and see the premiums which are offered *free of charge* to subscribers of the GAZETTE.

Free Holiday

Games

In each pound package of

Lion Coffee

from now until Christmas will be found a free game, amusing and instructive—50 different kinds.

Get Lion Coffee and a Free Game at Your Grocers.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of RHODA R VANCE, late of Chemung county, N.Y., having been granted to Walter Sherwood, by the Register of Tioga county Pa., notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to pay the same at once, and all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to the undersigned.

WALTER SHERWOOD,
Administrator.

Wellsboro Pa., Nov 13, 1902 6t

NOTICE OF DISTRIBUTION.—In the Orphan's Court of Tioga County, Pa Notice is hereby given that distribution of the funds in the hands of the Administrator of the estate of WALLACE CODNEY, late of Covington township, Pa., deceased, said funds having been ordered into court, will be made by the Judge of the Orphan's Court at the Court House in Wellsboro, Pa., on MONDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1902, at 2 o'clock p m—at which time all persons interested in said distribution must appear and prove their claims or be forever debarred therefrom

CHARLES L. BABCOCK,
Clerk.

November 20, 1902-2t.

BACHE AUDITORIUM

DARTT & DARTT, Managers.

LAST SEASON'S FAVORITE.

THURSDAY, NOV. 27th,

THANKSGIVING.

FRED RAYMOND'S

OLD ARKANSAW

Latest Melo-Dramatic Success

F. O. IRESON,

FRANCIS OWEN

AND OTHER WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS IN THE CAST

Grand Scenic Production

NEW AND STARTLING MECHANICAL EFFECTS.

The Famous "Blue Cut" Hold Up. Mob Law in Arkansas The Jail Breaking Scene

NEW SPECIALTIES ADDED THIS SEASON.

PRICES—25, 35 50 and 75 cents. Seats on sale at Hyer & Howd's, Tuesday.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Here is an exceptional chance to obtain fine reading at remarkably low cost. It is by all means the best offer yet announced by the Wellsboro Gazette.

Providing you subscribe for all four at the same time, you can have the Wellsboro Gazette, the Thrice-a-Week World, the Woman's Home Companion and the Cosmopolitan Magazine one year for $2.75, but you cannot subscribe for one and then send for the others.

The Thrice-a-Week World is without a rival in its own field. Published every other day, except Sunday, at its regular subscription price of $1 per year, it is equaled by few dailies that cost five times as much.

The Woman's Home Companion is all that its name indicates. It has the services of the best writers and artists, and is especially adapted to women. It comes monthly to the fireside. Its separate price is $1 per year.

The Cosmopolitan is a monthly magazine costing separately $1 per year.

The Gazette is one of the best local papers in the county It contains all the local and general news when it is news Terms, $1 50 per year.

Thus for $2.75 you can obtain reading material that would cost $4 50 if the publications were furnished separately. Send to us for all four at the same time. Address Gazette, Wellsboro, Pa.

Mansfield Normal School

A Superior Training School for teachers. Equipment unexcelled. Healthful location. Free Tuition in Normal Department. Expenses moderate in special departments.

MUSIC (Hamlin E. Cogswell, Director.) A complete CONSERVATORY COURSE OF STUDY, a special department for training of teachers and supervisors for public school work.

ART AND ELOCUTION In the hands of a specialist.

BUSINESS In the hands of a Master Accountant.

Beautiful buildings and surroundings. Fine Gymnasium, Athletic Park, Elevator, hospital and attendant nurse Good Board, Electric Light, Steam Heat, etc. Fall term opens Monday, September 1st. Send for Catalogue.

ANDREW THOMAS SMITH, Ph. D., Principal, Mansfield, Pa.

You are going to use some kind of condition powder this winter. Why not use the kind you are sure of?

ANGELL'S STAR CONDITION POWDER

NEVER DISAPPOINTS.

It is universally known as "the kind that sells." Sells because it cures. Ask your merchant for it.

THE

Model Dry Goods House

IS STILL DOING BUSINESS AT THE OLD STAND.

The number of SUITS, JACKETS, CAPES and SKIRTS that went out of this justly popular store last week was wonderful.

Ladies, after looking all over town, come back here and say: "You have the largest and best line of Suits and Wraps in town." And that must be true, for there is nothing we are so particular in buying as our

READY-TO-WEAR GOODS.

A look at our styles and prices will convince you that it is so.

SHOES.

Ask to see our Shoes. We can save you money on footwear. Our sales are constantly increasing on Shoes, for our prices are right.

Our Stock on All Lines of Dry Goods is Complete and Up-to-Date.

Your patronage is respectfully solicited.

We are the only Dry Goods store which gives the old reliable green trading stamps.

MODEL DRY GOODS HOUSE,

F. C. WHITNEY, Manager.

FINKELSTEIN BROS., Prop's.

NEXT DOOR TO STAR CLOTHING HOUSE, WELLSBORO.

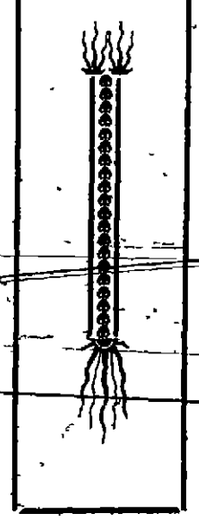
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

WE HAVE JUST STARTED AN INNOVATION AT OUR STORE,

"A BARGAIN COUNTER,"

Where you will find different kinds of merchandise at much below its normal value.

This Week



We are selling our Kabo and Warner long waisted Ladies' Dollar Corsets for 69c.

A lot of Ladies' Shoes that were priced from $1.25 to $2.00, at the low figure of 67c.

A lot of wide Wool Dress Goods, reduced to about 50c. on the dollar.

Our stores are stocked with choice goods in every department, which will be sold at the usual low prices that always prevail with us.

In order to fill your "National Premium Stamp Book" quicker, we will give you one stamp for every five-cent purchase instead of every 10 cents. This offer we may withdraw at any time.

Respectfully yours,

MAX BERNKOPF & BRO.

N. B.—Although Kerosene has advanced materially, we still sell it at 10c. a gallon and give Premium Stamps with it.

THE SOULS OF FLOWERS

mingle in happy union in the exquisite perfumes we carry. Scents are as difficult to blend into harmony as sounds. It takes almost as high an order of ability to make a true perfume as is required to write good music.

No wonder so much of the perfume offered is rank, flat and unsatisfactory. If not wholly pleased with the odors you are now using we would like to have you try some of the delightful ones we handle. Cost you no more than the poorer kinds.

CREAM OF VIOLETS

makes chapping impossible. Keeps the skin like velvet and is as harmless as dew. 25 cents.

PHARMACISTS, HYER & HOWD, WELLSBORO, PA.

P. R. FULLWOOD,

—Dealer in—

WATCHES, CLOCKS

AND JEWELRY.

General Repairing a Specialty.

We can save money for you on the purchase of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver novelties.

Sept. 25, 1902. P. R. FULLWOOD.

Wanted to Buy

Sage

AND

Beeswax

Central Pharmacy

BLATCHLEY & CAMPBELL

WELLSBORO PA

LOCAL NOTICES.

CUTTERS, Sleighs and Blankets at Gifford & Raish's warerooms on Pearl street. —Nov. 13-4t.

HARNESSES and extras of all kinds at Gifford & Raish's. Low prices prevail. Call and see stock.—Nov. 13-4t.

IF you contemplate buying a Cutter or Sleigh this season call and see the stock at the warerooms of Gifford & Raish. The prices will please you.—Nov. 13-4t.

LOST.—On the Catlin Hollow road in Charleston, two gold penholders in a case. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning the same to Mrs. W. G. Pitts, Wellsboro.

STOVES FOR SALE.—Three hard coal and three wood heating stoves. Two of the coal stoves are "Art Garlands" and one a "Crown Jewel." All in good condition. One iron stove, nearly as good as new, and two sheet-iron stoves for burning wood. Will be sold cheap. Call at the GAZETTE office.

THE FAIR.—The place to buy first-class, up-to-date Millinery. For value received we give the fullest possible value in return, both in material and workmanship. Call on us and be convinced that we can save you from 15 to 20 per cent. on nearly every article purchased at our store. Our trimmer, Miss Lela B. Whitaker, has just arrived from the city and we will be ready for business on and after October 1st. JOHN FISCHLER.

THE scenic effects of "Old Arkansaw" are even more elaborate than last season. During the summer months an entire new set of scenery has been prepared and some novel mechanical effects have been introduced. The Grand Rapids *Herald* says: "Old Arkansaw" has all other melodramas beaten to a standstill in the way of stage effects." You will likely render the same verdict if you take advantage to witness it at the Auditorium on Thanksgiving night. Seats on sale Tuesday.

BARGAINS IN SEWING MACHINES AND ORGANS.—One *Helpmate* sewing machine, good as new, $12; one Demorest, all attachments, $8; one Davis, all attachments, $10; one Victor, $2.50; one Singer, $3; one Singer, good as new, all attachments, $8. Organs—One Shoninger in first-class condition, $15; one Petebnt two manual organ, a good instrument for pipe organ scholar, $15. Two new pianos, slightly marred, cheap.

W. G. PITTS,
Coles House Block, Wellsboro.

THE plot of "Old Arkansaw," which comes to the Auditorium on Thanksgiving night, is well developed and the interesting story is well and admirably told and acted. There are no unnatural or improbable scenes, as the play was written from a true story. "Old Arkansaw" tells a [illegible] set, and still sparkles with rich, refined comedy. The play is best described as "different" from the blood-and-thunder melodramas so numerous nowadays, and yet it imbibes all of their best qualities.

"THE Missouri Girl," which comes to the Auditorium, Saturday evening, is a play of the Old Homestead order, and one of the first of that kind to be written. That "imitation is the sincerest flattery" is clearly proven by the fact that in nearly every one of the later domestic comedies there can be seen traces of the "Missouri Girl," which has enjoyed prosperity for the past eight years. With the present company it is admirably acted, and the management has given it splendid mounting. The scenery is elaborate, being painted by the foremost artists in this country. The stage settings are built with an absolute disregard to cost, perfection being the one idea in view. Prices, 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents.

A FEW of the important features to be seen in the Missouri Girl which appears at the Auditorium on Saturday evening are the sensational mine explosion with its comical finale, the powerful dramatic scene in the second act, where the villain takes advantage of the old farmer's simplicity, and the subsequent murder. The beautiful drawing-room scene, where the Missouri folks visit old friends; the old-fashioned Missouri hoe-down to a tune on a squeaky fiddle; the birthday party, where all the members of the cast show their ability as vaudeville artists; the thrilling, sensational climax, where the villain attempts to dispose of his antogonists by the use of dynamite, and is himself killed by the explosion. All these, and many more, go to make up a performance that has left a clean record for the past eight years. Prices, 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents.

The Gazette.

THURSDAY, NOV. 20, 1902.

New Advertisements.

Old Arkansaw—Dartt & Dartt.
The Missouri Girl—Dartt & Dartt.
Notice of Distribution—Estate of Wallace Codney.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

—Court next week.

—Thanksgiving next Thursday.

—The Missouri Girl Saturday evening.

—Mrs. E. Cole, of Jersey Shore, had business in town yesterday.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Urell, of Mansfield, were in town yesterday.

—John B. Kerwin has accepted a position in the drug store of Blatchley & Campbell.

—Mrs. Fred F. Spencer, of Mansfield, has been visiting friends in town the past week.

—Charles Allen, of Wyoming county, has been spending several days with Roy Moore.

—"Old Arkansaw" is the Thanksgiving attraction at the Auditorium. The show is all right.

—An epidemic of severe colds is prevalent in this place. Many attacks are similar to the grip.

—Bacon's cider mill has been turning out the apple juice at the rate of forty barrels daily for several weeks.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Nickerson have gone to Dubois to spend the winter with their son, Dr. Leon G. Nickerson.

—Locke & Kelts have a handsome new delivery wagon, which was made by the Wellsboro Carriage Company.

—Postmaster A. M. Roy is circulating a petition for his reappointment to the office. His term expires next January.

—Owing to his rapidly increasing business Henry E. Grosjean is enlarging his store building at Stokesdale Junction.

—With the exception of one or two characters the supporting company of "The King of Tramps" was on par with that of "Hearts of Gold."

—We are indebted to John Eberenz for a crate of fine assorted apples. Mr. Eberenz has packed several hundred barrels of apples for shipment.

—Mr. and Mrs. Otis Bowman mourn the death of their five-months-old daughter, which occurred on Tuesday morning. Interment at Millerton.

—Union services will be held on Thanksgiving day in the First Baptist church at 10:30 a. m. Rev. A. C. Shaw, D. D., will preach the sermon.

—On Monday while Burdett Rumsey was at work in the Tiadaghton mill his right hand came in contact with a circular saw, severing his little finger and lacerating the hand quite badly.

—"Bill" Stewart exhibited to his friends yesterday a spicy bit of poetry concerning a horse race, printed in the Rochester *Union*, which must be seen to be appreciated. "The old Sport wasn't in it, be Jeez!"

—The Philadelphia *Ledger* of last Saturday remarked that "Deputy Attorney General Fred W. Fleitz, of Lackawanna, is said to be an aspirant for a seat on the Superior Court bench. Judge Mitchell, who may retire, is Mr. Fleitz's father-in-law."

—Charles F. Barrett will begin a series of revival meetings at the Methodist church next Sunday morning. Mr. Barrett comes to Wellsboro very highly recommended. He is spoken of as a gentleman of pleasing address and a preacher of great power.

—The hunting party from this place which recently explored the wilds of Potter county in quest of game think that there is little difference between hunting and fishing, except that the one is all hunt and no game, while the other is all fish and no fish.

—There is a serious scarcity of eggs in this section, and the farmers say they have few to sell. They are now selling here for from 25 to 28 cents a dozen—a stiff price for so early in the fall. It is said that the scarcity is due to a corner in eggs forming in Chicago.

—At the annual election on Monday evening the Wellsboro Fire Department chose the following officers for the ensuing year: Chief Engineer, Ed. S. Dartt; First Assistant, Grant Kelsey; Second Assistant, E. H. Green; Secretary, Hugh Kerwin; Treasurer, D. Z. Swan.

—The Dantz run well has been completed at a depth of 1,500 feet and drilling operations have ceased. The pressure of gas, which was struck at a depth of 700 feet, still holds out. A second well will be drilled in that immediate vicinity in the hopes that another gasser may be secured.

—A shoplifter from out of town operated successfully in the Model Dry Goods House on Tuesday. She "lifted" a handsome waist and then made her sneak. She was afterwards rounded up and upon returning the garment was permitted to go free. The sneak thief also forgot to settle for her dinner at the Hotel Wilcox.

—Ernest Scheider, Jr., whose illness was mentioned in these columns last week, was successfully operated on for appendicitis at the Williamsport hospital last Thursday. Dr. Nutt, the specialist, who performed the operation, reported the case to be a most aggravated one. Nothwithstanding, the prospects for Mr. Scheider's complete recovery are said to be very favorable.

—Those who have read or shall hereafter read "Lin McLane" and "The Virginian," will be interested to know that the Bishop of Wyoming, one of the characters, is none other than Bishop Ethelbert Talbot, who often visits this parish and is well-known hereabouts. It will be recalled that Bishop Talbot came to the diocese of Central Pennsylvania directly from Wyoming some years ago. He enjoys a personal acquaintance with the author, whose last book, "The Virginian," is having a tremendous sale.

FICKLE GIRLS BOYCOTTED.

Wellsboro Boys Miffed Because They Were "Turned Down" by the Girls.

About a month ago an estrangement occurred in a certain set of the young society folks in this place owing to an unpardonable (?) offense committed by several of the fair sex, who held an informal reception to which only gallant young men from out of town were invited. Since that event the young men of this place have been getting even with the girls who "turned them down" by boycotting them in the way of attention and refusing to invite them to the semi-monthly hops and card parties.

We learn from a dispatch that the young men of Mt. Carmel, this State, were treated in a similar manner by the society girls of that town. They practically ignored the home boys when the Philadelphia soldiers were in that place during the late coal strike. The young men have formed "The Anti Girl Club," and over 150 names have already been attached to the following pledge:

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree not to associate with any girls in Mt. Carmel who were with any soldiers while they were encamped here. The object of this club is to protect ourselves, to make examples of the girls who went with soldiers, and last, but not least, to show the young ladies that, inasmuch as we were not wanted when the boys in blue were here, we can get along without the girls, now that the soldiers have left.

A fine of 25 cents will be imposed for the first offense and will be doubled for each additional offense. The agreement will hold for one year.

"Old Maids' Convention."

A full house greeted the "Old Maids' Convention" at the Auditorium last evening, and judging from the hearty applause and convulsive fits of laughter the large audience was greatly pleased with the entertainment. All the characters were attired in costumes of "ye olden time," and they presented a quaint and highly amusing appearance. Garrets and storerooms had evidently been ransacked in order to unearth such a large assortment of ancient and variegated costumes, which were decidedly becoming to some of the wearers.

The debates by the members of the "Young Ladies' Single Blessedness Society" kept the audience in an uproar. The wonderful transformation of several of the old maids into charming and accomplished young buds was very amusing. The machine balked on some of the characters produced and refused to work.

Carolyn Huston rendered two recitations in a most excellent manner. Her style and general delivery would do great credit to a much older person. Misses Genevieve Babcock and Mary Moran executed a pretty dance very nicely. The Mandolin Club furnished good music preliminary to the opening of the convention.

Hunters Killed Four Deer.

The party of Wellsboro hunters returned from the Adirondacks last Wednesday evening and brought home four fine deer, which were shot during four days' hunt in the mountains. There are various conflicting stories as to who killed the game. However that may be, Dr. N. W. Mastin, District Attorney F. H. Rockwell and Recorder C. L. Babcock, of this place, and Forrest B. Dunkle, of Jersey Shore, each had one of the animals.

It is said that Hon. W. E. Champaign, the crack shot of the party, killed one of the deer which he presented to Forrest Dunkle, while a Jersey Shore correspondent declares that Mr. Dunkle "shot two fine deer and brought one along with him."

—All subscribers who desire to take advantage of our premiums or clubbing offer *must pay all arrearages to date and one year in advance.*

A THRILLING EXPERIENCE.

A Leetonia Man Followed Through the Woods by a Strange Animal.

James Kerr, who lives between Tiadaghton and Leetonia, had a thrilling experience while on his way to this borough with a cow at an early hour on Monday morning. He was leading the cow and came down the switchback of the Leetonia railroad. As he was passing through a dense piece of woods about two miles from Tiadaghton he was startled by seeing a strange animal suddenly make its appearance and halt in a crouching attitude alongside of the track a few feet ahead of him. Mr. Kerr threw a stone at the beast and hallooed loudly, which appeared to frighten it somewhat and it slunk out of sight. Mr. Kerr then proceeded on his way down the switchback but had gone only a short distance when the animal again made its appearance, this time being perched on the end of a tie on the railroad above, a distance of about twelve feet, and was apparently ready to make a spring. Mr. Kerr was now thoroughly frightened, having no weapon but a jackknife to defend himself. By resorting to the same tactics as before, hallooing loudly and throwing more stones, he finally succeeded in driving the beast off its perch.

The cow, which had also become badly frightened by the capers of the wild beast, then started down the road at a good pace with Mr. Kerr closely following at the end of the rope.

Before leaving the woods the bold animal made its appearance for the third time, having followed Mr. Kerr for a distance of a mile or more, and each time was seen in a crouching position, ready to pounce upon him.

Mr. Kerr believes that had it not been for the presence of the cow the beast would have attacked him. He had a good view of the animal, it being bright moonlight. It was from four to five feet long, about the size of a dog and was spotted. He is quite positive it was not a wild cat or a panther. From the description given it is supposed to have been a lynx, an animal which is quite rare in these parts.

Teachers Must Be Vaccinated.

Now that the School Board has passed a resolution directing the teachers to be vaccinated, the recent decision of Judge Rice, of the Superior Court, relating to vaccination, will be read with special interest. The case is one against the Board of Education of Philadelphia and declares that school authorities have the right to order teachers as well as pupils in the public schools to be vaccinated. A high school teacher in Philadelphia refused to submit to vaccination and she was removed. She applied to the courts of Philadelphia for an injunction restraining the Board from removing her, but the courts refused to interfere. Then an appeal was taken to the Superior Court.

Judge Rice says that if the school authorities in this State have the right to order the vaccination of pupils, which they undoubtedly have, it appears clear that they have an equal right to direct the vaccination of their teachers.

Meeting of the School Board.

At the regular meeting of the School Board on Monday evening all the members were present. Bills aggregating $1,176.87, which included $915.56 for teachers' wages, were ordered paid.

A committee was appointed to negotiate for the sale of the old high school bell to the Pearson district in Delmar.

A resolution was passed directing all teachers who had not been vaccinated to be vaccinated at once.

Clerk Swan reported $5,791.03 received on tax duplicate for 1902, of the $7,600 tax levied. It was resolved to place the uncollected duplicate in the hands of T. T. Rees on his filing bond.

The question of the holiday vacation was decided by fixing Friday, December 19th, for closing the schools and to reopen on Monday, January 5th.

A First-Class Attraction.

"The Missouri Girl," which shows at the Auditorium on Saturday evening, was here last season and this is what the GAZETTE of October 25th, 1901 said of the company and the play:

The domestic comedy, "The Missouri Girl," was presented at the Auditorium last evening before a large audience. It was one of the funniest plays that has ever been witnessed here. It is pure, unadulterated fun, and, together with a very interesting plot, holds the close attention of the audience from start to finish. The specialties were first-class, the scenery was handsome and each and every character was admirably presented. The stars, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond, are surrounded by a well-balanced company of real artists, and a return engagement would meet with a packed house.

Wellsboro Girl Married.

Daniel McCeaigue, a popular linotype operator, who mastered his trade in the *Telegram* office, and is now in the employ of the *Gazette*, was united in marriage at 7 o'clock last Saturday evening to Miss Mildred Yahn, one of Wellsboro's pretty daughters. The ceremony was performed at the home of Rev. A. W. Fenton, the Methodist minister at Elmira Heights. Many friends of the groom will wish for him and his bride all possible happiness and prosperity in the future.—*Elmira Telegram.*

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

A Summary of Local Events and Happenings of the Week.

—A night school has been opened at Arnot with 150 pupils.

—The new Catholic church recently dedicated at Morris cost $3,000.

—Apples on the trees are offered for ten cents a bushel in some places.

—Many of the residents of Middlebury are suffering from the effects of vaccination.

—Mrs. Charles Scanlin, of Wilcox, Elk county, is visiting at the home of her parents in Delmar.

—The local coal dealers of Blossburg have formed an organization for their mutual protection.

—A twenty-months-old baby of Potter county choked to death on a piece of apple one day last week.

—Rev. Brunning, of Mansfield, who is 82 years of age, is said to be the oldest Free Mason in the county.

—Fred C. Deuel, of Mitchell Creek, has moved to Mansfield, where he and his brother will open a meat market.

—Twenty-four bushels of fine Baldwin apples were picked from one tree on the farm of Mrs. Betsy Mattison in Chatham.

—It is said that several residents of Covington have the automobile fever and will purchase horseless carriages next spring.

—David Ryon, of Lawrenceville, has purchased a farm and large tract of timber near Hornby, N. Y., and expects to move there next month.

—The *Courier* claims that Knoxville has the distinction of having more pretty young lady residents than any town in the Cowanesque valley.

—The plant of the Galeton *Dispatch* is advertised to be sold at Sheriff's sale. The paper has been financially embarrassed for several months.

—Ralph E. Cleveland, of Mansfield, a minor child of the late Mahlon S. Cleveland, has been granted a pension of $10 a month and $407 arrearages.

—Mrs. Frederick Eaton, of Lawrenceville, has gone to Binghamton, N. Y., where it is expected she will undergo an operation at the hospital in that city.

—Mrs. Isaac Isaacson, wife of a farmer of Hamilton township, became violently insane a few days ago. She was taken to the Danville asylum last Saturday.

—A car load of live turkeys were shipped from Gold, Potter county, to a Knoxville firm one day last week. About 30 of the fowls were suffocated during the trip.

—A Sullivan farmer has from 1,000 to 1,200 bushels of potatoes, the greater portion of which he has stored in preference to selling them for 20 cents a bushel.

—Bert Ordway, of Little Marsh, left last week for Pine Bluff, N. C., for the benefit of his health. He was accompanied by his brother, George Ordway, of Elkland.

—In the shooting contest last week between E. A. Kennedy, of Westfield, and J. C. Beach, of Sabinsville, the score was 23 to 34 out of a possible 50 in favor of Mr. Beach.

—Ira L. Price, of Penn Yan, N. Y., has leased the Hotel Bartlett at Covington and will take possession the first of next month. He will apply for license at the January term.

—An exchange says that more young men are learning trades in penitentiaries than out of them, and this state of affairs comes about by the free and unrestricted use of the streets at night.

—The majority of the parents of children at Tioga are not in favor of a curfew ordinance in that place, as shown by a petition recently circulated by members of the W. C. T. U.

—George Ballman, of Elkland, was fatally injured by being struck by a Buffalo & Susquehanna train last Saturday night. He died on Tuesday night from the result of his injuries.

—The work of laying the big pipes of the Potter county gas line to Elmira is being pushed as rapidly as possible. Less than twenty miles are yet unlaid, about forty miles of the line being completed.

—John Kelley, a former grocer at Blossburg, died at his home in that place last Thursday afternoon, aged 49 years. He had been in poor health for some time and his death was not unexpected.

—In a runaway on a log road near Austin one day last week one man was killed and two others sustained fatal injuries. The train left the track, plunged down an embankment and was dashed to pieces.

—Local branches of the Master Horseshoer's National Protective Association have been formed at Tioga and Mansfield. It is expected that organizations of like character will soon be perfected in every town in the county.

—Holman Morgan, of East Charleston, celebrated his 101st birthday on Monday. He is hale and hearty, eating three meals a day, and with the exception of a slight defect in his eyesight he is in pretty good condition generally for one of his years.

—H. C. Hawley, of Earle, Ark., formerly of Chatham, in remitting for the GAZETTE for another year, says: "I can't do very well without the GAZETTE, as it gives me all the news from Tioga county every week, which I appreciate very much."

—About twenty residents of Mansfield have brought suit for damages against that borough. The suit is the result of damage to real estate by high water caused by the insufficient outlet under Main street, opposite the Smythe Park entrance.

—Samuel Ladd, who lived with his parents on the Upper Jemison in Clymer township, died last Saturday of typhoid fever. His mother died a short time ago from the same disease and the father, Hannibal Ladd, is now slowly recovering from the malady.

—The Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad has changed the bed of the creek below Sabinsville for a distance of nearly a quarter of a mile, in order to make the roadbed of the railroad more secure against high water. In making the change two trestles were done away with.

—Here's a pointer for the farmers. The Austin *Autograph* in commenting on the article in a recent issue of the GAZETTE regarding the big crop of apples in this county and the large quantity of cider being made, says that a good market for both could be found in that place.

—There is a counterfeit ten dollar bill in circulation, so reports say, but as we haven't seen such a large piece of money "since George Washington crossed the Alps" we spread the news for the benefit of delinquent subscribers who are so thoughtfully hoarding up our money for us.

—The General Superintendent of the New York Central railroad has announced that the wages of all Central men, including the Fall Brook employes, will be raised, though not all at the same time. The changes are being made by classes and so far about half the employes have been reached.

—W. E. Davis, of Little Marsh, who has conducted a general merchandise store at that place for several years, has sold a portion of his stock to A. M. Roberts. Mr. Davis will move to Nelson, where he has purchased the south side store of Mr. Phillips and will continue the business. The change will take place the first of next month.

—A Lycoming county man had a falling out with his best girl and brought suit against her for $38 for presents he had made her. The girl did not dispute the bill, but brought a cross suit for $137 for meals furnished him during a three years' courtship. It probably will end by their getting married, and then the trouble will begin anew.

—The merchants of Hammondsport, Steuben county, are making an effort to put a quietus on the chronic dead beat. At a recent meeting of their protective association a resolution was adopted whereby each member is bound by a forfeiture of $25 to give no credit to parties who do not settle according to the terms of the association.

—A young man of Mansfield has ordered a supply of ginseng seed and will make an effort to grow some of the valuable root in his garden. A resident of Westfield township is the owner of a thrifty and valuable ginseng farm from which he expects to realize a handsome sum, provided he can protect the roots from the raids of sneak thieves.

—Work at all the mines in this county is booming, the demand for soft coal being greater than the supply. It is said that in the vicinity of Blossburg track men on the railroads and other laborers are leaving their work and entering the mines, where they double their pay and find plenty of work. The railroad companies find it a difficult job to keep a supply of empty cars to haul the coal away.

—David Doney, Sr., of Union, died at his home in that township last week Monday, of paralysis, aged 79 years. Mr. Doney was one of Union township's oldest citizens, having settled on his farm 52 years ago, when it was a dense forest. He was married to Miss King, of Liberty, in the early '50s. To them were born ten children, eight of whom survive him. The funeral was held on Friday afternoon.

—Frederick Mold, aged 33 years, a former resident of Blossburg, died in Virginia last week Tuesday, death resulting from typhoid fever. The deceased was a graduate of Yale College and for several years past has been engaged as a civil engineer in the construction of a railroad in Virginia. He is survived by his father and a brother. The remains were taken to Blossburg and the funeral was held on Friday.

—It is announced from Washington that the gold dollars to be struck in commemoration of the centennial celebration of the Louisiana Purchase by a World's Fair at St. Louis in 1904, will be ready next month. Two designs will be used, one the head of Jefferson, who negotiated the great purchase, the other the head of McKinley, who issued the proclamation of the World's Fair. The number will be limited to 250,000, and they will be sold at a premium.

—C. W. Goodyear, one of the owners of the Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad, says that there will be no work started on the Buffalo extension of the road before next June. "Our surveyors are on the field now," says Mr. Goodyear," and have practically surveyed the entire district, but further than that no work has been started. On the other end of our line we have a force of men constructing a line from Shamokin to DuBois, Pa., which extends through a heavy lumber region and which will connect with the main line of the B. & S. project to Buffalo."

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

MARRIED.

McCEAIGUE—YAHN.—At Elmira Heights, N. Y., November 15, 1902, by Rev. A. W. Fenton, Mr. Daniel McCeaigue, of Elmira, and Miss Mildred Yahn, of Wellsboro, Pa.

ZIMMERMAN—WELCH—At the Commercial House, Addison, N. Y., November 13, 1902, by Justice Wade, Mr. Fred W. Zimmerman, of Westfield, Pa., and Miss Nina B. Welch, of Sunderlinville, Pa.

DIED.

JACKSON.—In Delmar, Pa., November 12, 1902, Mrs. Sarah J. Jackson, aged 93 years.

LENT.—In Charleston, Pa., November 16, 1902, of typhoid fever, Mr. Fred Lent, aged 27 years.

BACHE AUDITORIUM

DARTT & DARTT, Managers.

RETURN ENGAGEMENT OF LAST SEASON'S GREAT SUCCESS.

SATURDAY EVE'G, NOV. 22

THE MISSOURI GIRL,

Greatest Domestic Comedy of the Age.

Presented by the inimitable

MR. FRED RAYMOND

and a selected company of artists, including

SADIE RAYMOND.

Rewritten, Up-to-Date. New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties. All New Special Scenery. A Gorgeous Scenic Comedy Production.

PRICES, 25, 35, 50, 75c.

Seats now on sale at Hyer & Howd's.

W. D. VANHORN, Pres't. W. W. MILLER, Cashier

ESTABLISHED 1864.

First National Bank,

OF WELLSBORO, PA.

CAPITAL STOCK, $125,000

SURPLUS, - - $125,000

This Bank transacts a general banking business; makes collections, sells drafts on Europe, and gives prompt attention to all business at lowest rates. Interest paid on time deposits.

Sts amship tickets by first-class lines to and from New York.

With a record of twenty-three years of prudent and successful management, marked by a steady growth of both Capital and Patronage this Bank does business on as liberal terms as are consistent with safe banking.

FRANK H. ROSE,

DENTIST. Office over Mathers, Graves & Co.'s store, Wellsboro, Pa. Preserving of the natural teeth a specialty. All work warranted to give satisfaction.—Nov. 23, 1899.

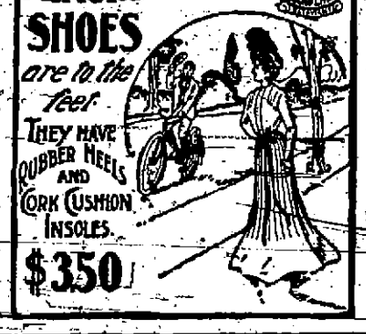
What the pneumatic tire is to the bicycle

MINOR'S TREADEASY SHOES

are to the feet.

THEY HAVE RUBBER HEELS AND CORK CUSHION INSOLES.

$3.50



AGENTS FOR

WALK-OVER SHOES

FOR MEN.

Ultra and Treadeasy

FOR LADIES.

Finest Line of Overgaiters and Leggins in the County.

SMITH & STONE.

2 Guaranteed Linen Collars 25 Cents

The Double Triangle Brand Collars are stylish and comfortable. The only collar made with a heavy 5 ply seam. Sold by up-to-date merchants everywhere or 2 samples sent prepaid for 25 cents. They equal any quarter collar made. Merchants should write for our 1902 offer.

A SURPRISED PHYSICIAN.

A Dying Patient Recovers Through the Interposition of a Humble German.

Chicago, Nov. 15.

Some weeks ago Dr. G——, a very reputable and widely-known physician living on C—— street, was called to attend a very complicated case of rheumatism. Upon arriving at the house he found a man about forty years of age lying in a prostrated and serious condition, with his whole frame dangerously affected with the painful disease. He prescribed for the patient, but the man continued to grow worse, and on Sunday evening he was found to be in a very alarming condition. The knees and elbows and larger joints were greatly inflamed, and could not be moved. It was only with extreme difficulty that the patient could be turned in bed, with the aid of three or four persons. The weight of the clothing was so painful that means had to be adopted to keep it from the patient's body.

The doctor saw that his assistance would be of no avail, and left the house, the members of the family following him to the door, weeping. Almost immediately the grief stricken ones were addressed by an humble German. He had heard of the despair of the family, and now asked them to try his remedy, and accordingly brought forth a bottle of St Jacobs Oil The poor wife applied this remedy The first application eased the patient very much, after a few hours they used it again, and, wonder of wonders, the pain vanished entirely! Every subsequent application improved the patient, and in two days he was well and out When the doctor called a few days after he was indeed surprised.

Seals Were Astonished.

Hundreds of seals made Nelson Island, in the South Shetland group, look black as night as we approached, says a writer in the Independent. They disported themselves in the water and played upon the shore. In wonder, not alarm, they stared at us as we drew near in a small boat. We leaped on shore among them. Still they looked at us in dumb curiosity. I was as much impressed as were the seals, and stared as hard at them in an answering wonder. "Come, old fellow," said young Sobral, approaching one of the large seals with outstretched hand. It edged away a few feet "Move on, then," he said, smacking it on the back with his open hand. It edged a little further away, looking over its shoulder with an injured air. But it made no attempt to seek safety. A mere plunge into the water would have brought freedom from any danger. Several leopard seals were shot by our party, and their fellows gathered around them, wondering why they lay so motionless and staring at us with wide, pathetic eyes.

Blind Singing Birds.

Attention has been drawn more than once to the Continental trade in blind singing birds. One Belgian town has forbidden the sale of them, and the vendors thereof have had to shift their places of business to Hodimont. It would appear from the letter of a correspondent of the Feathered World that the public conscience of this town in turn has protested against the traffic. As a result the local Council—by a majority of one only, it is pitiful to notice—has also stopped the brutal trade. Unfortunately, by a later decision, the carrying of the regulation into force is deferred until the autumn of 1903. For nearly a year, therefore, the infamous business of blinding songsters is to proceed unchecked.

American Sweet Tooth Growing.

The consumption of sugar in the United States has increased from less than a million tons in 1880 to 2,200,000 tons in 1902.

Bright Young Man's Fate.

Sometimes bright young men grow up to be almost useful citizens.—New York Press.

The trouble with a mutual admiration society is that it is seldom mute.

Many a girl marries a man merely to keep some other girl from getting him.

BACKACHE.

Backache is a forerunner and one of the most common symptoms of kidney trouble and womb displacement.

READ MISS BOLLMAN'S EXPERIENCE.

"Some time ago I was in a very weak condition, my work made me nervous and my back ached frightfully all the time, and I had terrible headaches.

"My mother got a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me, and it seemed to strengthen my back and help me at once, and I did not get so tired as before. I continued to take it, and it brought health and strength to me, and I want to thank you for the good it has done me."—Miss Kate Bollman, 142nd St. & Wales Ave., New York City.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures because it is the greatest known remedy for kidney and womb troubles.

Every woman who is puzzled about her condition should write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all.

Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC

Genuine stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

MY MOTHER.

FROM THE CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

She gave the best years of her life
With joy for me,
And robbed herself, with loving heart
Unstintingly.

For me with willing hands she toiled
From day to day
For me she prayed when headstrong youth
Would have its way.

Her gentle arms, my cradle once,
Are weary now;
And time has set the seal of care
Upon her brow.

And, though no other eyes than mine
Their meaning trace,
I read my history in the lines
On her dear face.

And, 'mid His gems, who showers gifts
As shining sands,
I count her days as pearls that fall
From His kind hands.

MAKING GOOD.

THE Universal Trading Company wasn't so much a trading company as it was universal, and its universality lay chiefly on its sumptuously lithographed letter head. Abers, the President, would have preferred to have the name Inter-Stellar Trading Company, but, as Abers sometimes sadly admitted to himself, the present age is far behind the times.

Abers was a nervous little red-headed chap. He believed implicitly in Abers. His religion was that the world owed him a living.

Any one entering the office of the Universal Trading Company immediately found himself wedged between the office door and a frosted glass partition. This partition had little slits or openings in it, labelled respectively "Letters," "Cables and Telegrams," "Cashier" and "Bookkeeper." This was all that the public was allowed to contemplate. On the other side of the glass was the letter clerk, the stenographer, the telegram and cable clerk, the cashier and the bookkeeper His name was Middleton, and naturally he was a melancholy young man. Middleton's work was to keep one eye on the four slits in the glass, and the other eye on Abers This latter eye was so busily employed that it had acquired a slight cast.

The word melancholy used above as describing Middleton is used reservedly, and merely serves the purpose of expressing a condition of thought.

Abers had the blues, if such an expression may be used regarding a red-headed man. Business was bad. All that he had was his original capital of $15,000, and now this was threatened If he only had $15 000 more! This sum would mean an income of $1500 a year. Abers often thought that with this income a man could buy a suburban place somewhere, run for Mayor, marry a rich widow, and there you are! His present game was to get that other $15.000

He found the game a stiff one, particularly as he had to play it alone He would have preferred a game more similar to golf, for instance, where in exasperating moments there is always a good heavy driving iron and a friend's head handy. A solitary game with losing odds would give even a hopeful political statistician the blues It was in this state of mind that Abers decided to take in an uptown variety theatre. As a rule, theatres were against his principles. He had often impressed upon Middleton the fact that he had never been to the theatre in his life.

Abers took great interest in the show He laughed uproariously. There was only one laugh in the house more robust than his, and Abers noted with pride that that was a box laugh. He glanced up at the box with a smile, but the smile slowly jellied on his face For in the box, basking in the smiles of Beauty, was Middleton, the $10 clerk—Middleton the melancholy, who was very evidently supremely pleased that he was alive.

Abers shivered "Say, now," he remarked, "I'll bet she wouldn't look at anything less than wine, either"

The show immediately palled upon him and he went back to the office After an examination of the books the blues deserted him, and what might be called the yellows set in.

When Middleton opened the office door the next morning he had the shock of his life A substantial looking policeman grabbed him by the arm while Abers danced excitedly around the pair, pointing the finger of accusation at his late assistant.

"Officer," said Abers, "that man has robbed me of at least $1000 His books are short! I shall have an expert examination made at once. Meanwhile I wish him arrested."

"Wait a moment," said Middleton, "there is such a thing as being in error, you know Officer, what's your name? McCarty? Thanks Mr McCarty, please wait in the hall two minutes. I wish to speak privately to Mr. Abers. Thanks.

"Now, look here, Mr Abers," he went on, "I am short—$1500 I knew it'd be found out sooner or later. Well and good. I have cost you $1500, and now I am going to be the means of your making $15,000 out of me. What d'ye think of that?"

Middleton paused dramatically Evidently the education he had picked up from theatre boxes had not been entirely lost. "Fifteen thousand," he repeated, "and you'll make it as easy as winking."

Abers gave his shoulders a shrug acquired the previous evening "Don't tell me," he said disdainfully

"As easy as winking," replied Middleton. "You get a bond on me from a surety company for $20,000. We fix up the books. You give me another $3500. I skip. You go to the surety company with tears in your eyes and say, 'My bookkeeper has skipped. He is $20,000 short.' Then they come and look at the books. Then they pay you the money and start after me. Well, all I want is a chance to spend that $3500 and then they can get me."

Abers gazed in blank admiration at the young man. "I don't think we need the policeman any longer," he remarked at length, with an air of abstract thought.

The time was six weeks later. Abers was radiant. The first thing he did that morning was to laugh. His last action before going to sleep the night before was to chuckle. He had even smiled in his dreams. The scheme was working beautifully. The bond for $20,000 had been arranged. A new set of books had been cooked to perfection. They showed a shortage of $20,000. The old ones had been burned. The day before Middleton had received $3500 and had disappeared. To-day the mine was to be sprung. Abers's ambitions were never so near realization. On his way down town he looked in his paper for suburban property for sale. There seemed to be likely places in New Jersey. He wondered if the mosquitoes were really so bad over there.

"Now for springing the mine" He picked up the letters and opened one in Middleton's handwriting.

"Dear Mr. Albers," it ran, "you will remember that when you applied for a bond on me you signed a statement that I had never been short in my accounts This was wrong. Officer McCarty knows to the contrary. The old cashbook which we burned was a copy. I have the original, with notations in your handwriting, which you made for our guidance in cooking up the new book If you take any action against me I shall make a full statement to the surety company and hand them the proofs Of course, you know that you have been guilty of conspiracy. There are men in State's Prison for that, and I fear that the surety company would make a horrible example of you to discourage further attempts in this line. I am yours faithfully,

"JACOB MIDDLETON"

"P S—I cooked up a check this morning for $15,000 on the firm account. I have just received the cash.

"P. P. S—Let this be a lesson to you."—New York Evening Sun.

Burning Mud.

Nowadays everything that will burn is interesting. A fuel works at Stangfiorden, in Norway, where peat is made into a useful fuel, should be of especial interest to Massachusetts, which is said to be talking of opening up its extensive peat beds The factory at Stangfiorden is run by electricity generated by water power, and has been in operation since 1898 The chief difficulty in manufacturing fuel from peat is getting rid of the water with which it is always soaked. About eighty-five per cent. by bulk is water, and practically all of this must be removed before a satisfactory fuel is obtained At Stangfiorden the wet peat is brought to the factory in boats, from which it is removed by electric conveyers and submitted to a preliminary rough drying and pressing The briquettes thus formed are placed in chambers, through which warm, dry air is driven, and are finally placed in electrically heated retorts, where the drying is completed

The peat yields, besides these briquettes, tar, charcoal creosote, sulphate of ammonia and other by products. The electric power is obtained from five eighty-kilowatt dynamos The plant is capable of turning out 1000 centners (a centner is about 110 pounds) of air-dried peat a day. The fuel is said to burn well, yields little soot or ash and is really salable in Bergen and other towns.

Where People Are Content.

In his book, "The Soul of a People," Mr. H. Fielding Hall gives an interesting and sympathetic account of the quiet life and philosophy of the Burmese. Among other things he says

"And so all the people are on the same level. Richer and poorer there are, of course, but there are no very rich; there is none so poor that he cannot get plenty to eat and drink. All eat much the same food, all dress much alike. The amusements of all are the same, for entertainments are always free. So the Burman does not care to be rich. It is not in his nature to desire wealth, it is not in his nature to care to keep it when it comes to him. Beyond a sufficiency for his daily needs money has not much value. He does not care to add field to field or coin to coin; the mere fact that he has money causes him no pleasure Money is worth to him what it will buy. With us, when we have made a little money, we keep it to be a nest egg to make more from. Not so a Burman He will spend it. And after his own little wants are satisfied, after he has bought himself a new silk, after he has given his wife a new bangle, after he has called all his village together and entertained them with a dramatic entertainment—sometimes even before all this—he will spend the rest on charity."

Hard Lines For the Misogynist.

A stringent law against bachelors has recently been promulgated in one of the States forming the Argentine Republic.

A man is marriageable in Argentina when he is twenty. If from that date, and till he passes his thirtieth birthday, he wishes to remain single, he must pay $5 a month to the State. For the next five years the tax increases 100 per cent.

Between *thirty-five and fifty* the bachelor is mulcted to the tune of $20 a month. From his fiftieth year to seventy-five $30 a month is the tax; but having reached the seventy-fifth year, relief finally comes, and the tax becomes nominal, being reduced to $20 a year. After eighty a man can remain single without paying anything.

There is a paragraph relating to widowers, who are given three years in which to mourn and pick a successor.

A man who can prove that he has proposed and been refused three times *in one year is also considered to have* earned immunity from taxation. It is said that the law works like a charm.

Generous Britain.

A correspondent who signs himself "The Parson," writes: "Some months ago a laboring man in a small parish near Reading stopped, at some risk to himself, a runaway two-horse post van. The horses had gone, without a driver, at a great pace, half a mile or more on a much-frequented high road. The man was not thanked at the time, but the matter was brought to the notice of the G. P. O.; inquiry was made, and he received—sixpence!—London Times.

HOUSEHOLD MATTERS

Cleaning Shellacked Floors.

Shellacked floors may be cleansed without injury to the polish by wiping with cloths dipped into clear warm water, to which has been added kerosene oil in the proportion of one tablespoonful to a pail of water. The cleansing process must be a rapid one

Rush-Bottomed Chairs.

In chairs rush-bottom seats are the very latest, mostly in angular frames, such as our forefathers used, of mahogany or weathered oak. The claw and ball or simply a claw foot is the most used finish for their pedal extremities It may be well to know, now that the claw and ball foot is so popular, that this originated with the Chinese many centuries ago, and came from one of their legends of the dragon of evil in his search after the good, holding a pearl in his foot

A Japanese Den.

The Japanese den is the latest, and as the existence of a den presupposes its use as a smoking room the introduction of the Japanese form of decoration is regarded with interest by those who like simple furnishings and object to the use of heavy draperies, such as have been characteristic of the dens of the past when Turkish, Moorish and like schemes of decoration served as models In a Japanese room the keynote of the furnishing is simplicity and plainness the light divans and chairs being smokeproof, while the draperies are easily removed and aired The Japanese form of decoration, which is likely to meet with favor on account of its originality, is thoroughly characteristic. It consists of the application of split bamboo on the walls or on furniture in designs that are unmistakably Japanese.

Colonial Curtains.

In furnishing and decorating a room a certain [illegible] must be maintained. For instance, if you are arranging your family heirlooms of mahogany in one room you should not set them off with modern plush curtains or lace sash pieces. The claw-foot chairs and delectable candle-stands and sewing tables, or card tables with folding lids, demand a certain propriety of accompaniment. The mise-en-scene will be better if you can drape your windows with ancestral damask curtains of old blue or amber, a little faded perhaps, but speaking aloud of Colonial looms. The old-fashioned Indian cotton curtains are delightful accessories to a Colonial room. The rather coarse white, with blue figures, has a truly Colonial air There are other colors softly blended in these old East India cottons A dull dahlia or plum color which verges into brown is seen in these pre-Revolutionary fabrics Almost any of the colors which you see in old china are acceptable in the sash curtains for a Colonial room; if you cannot procure these you can at least choose white dimity or some old-fashioned looking muslin. Avoid the Mexican work or drawn-thread cotton curtaining for your Colonial room: it has no part nor parcel in such an machine-made apartment, nor should modern lace drapery be suggested

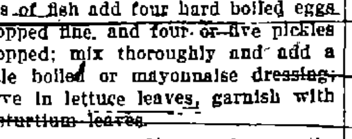
Bedroom Ventilation.

Every room in the house should be well ventilated, but the bedroom should be especially well ventilated, and the orifices at which air is admitted should be well above the level of a person occupying the room

The current of inflowing air, in fact, should be directed toward the ceiling, for air admitted near the ceiling very soon ceases to exist as a distinctive current, and will be found at a short distance from the inlet to have mingled with the general mass of the air, and therefore attained the temperature of the room, partly owing to the larger mass of air in the room with which the inflowing current mingles, partly to the action of gravity in cases where the inflowing air is colder than the air in the room.

It may be regarded as an axiom in ventilating and warming that the feet be kept warm and the head cool Those who complain of being tired in the morning should look into this matter at once

The tired feeling may be due to an overweight of bed clothing, to overexertion during the day, to indigestion caused by taking too late a meal, or to poor ventilation of the sleeping room. If there is another room to which you can retire, try what a change of sleeping apartment will do Many people can sleep better at the top of a house than on the first floor.—American Queen.



Fish and Egg Salad—Pick the bones from any cold cooked fish; to two cupfuls of fish add four hard boiled eggs chopped fine, and four or five pickles chopped; mix thoroughly and add a little boiled or mayonnaise dressing; serve in lettuce leaves, garnish with nasturtium leaves.

Quince Butter—Pare and core the quinces, cutting them rather fine, cover them with water, cook until tender. Place the parings and cores in another saucepan, just enough water to prevent burning, cook until soft; strain off the juice and add to the quinces To each pound of fruit allow three-fourths of a pound of sugar Boil down until smooth and thick, stirring to prevent burning Put in jelly glasses and seal. Keep in cool, dry place.

Orange Cream—Soak half a box of gelatine in half a cup of cold water one hour; beat the yolks of three eggs with one cupful of sugar and the grated rind of one orange; scald one pint of milk and pour it over the egg mixture; return to the double boiler and stir over boiling water until creamy, then add the soaked gelatine and stir until dissolved off the fire, strain, and when cool add the juice of five oranges; when it begins to stiffen add one cup of cream, whipped stiff, folding it in carefully. Turn into a mold and stand in the ice chest one or more hours.

HURRY CAUSES ILLS.

Nervous Diseases That Are Due to Stress of City Life.

To point to the hurry and stress of modern town life as the cause of half the ills to which the flesh to-day is heir has become almost a commonplace in aetiological diagnosis. The old-fashioned complaints, says the London Lancet, might almost excite a medical man's pity, so much do they seem to be crowded out by those active, widespread young fellows, neuritis, neurasthenia and a whole young family of nervous illness, the offspring of the strained existence of to-day.

A chain is as strong as its weakest link, and to-day it appears that the nervous system is the weakest link of the organism. The weakness is not natural. It is acquired because the strain upon this link is so often and almost constant and out of proportion to the wearing power of the material. Whether as generations advance individual nervous systems will more easily bear the labors asked from them or not, at any rate, it may fairly be assumed that in the early days of any new style of life the generations born under an old regime have the worst of it.

We may imagine future generations perfectly calm among a hundred telephones and sleeping sweetly though airships whizz among countless electric wires over their heads and a perpetual night traffic of motor cars hurtle past their bedroom windows. As yet, it must be sorrowfully confessed, our nervous systems are not so callous. Some of us still start at the telephone ring, and find the irregularities of the instrument a source of irritation and worry.

Fortunately, the very causes of nerve exhaustion, so far as improved rapidity of locomotion may be counted one of them, provide one important counter-acting feature of town life at the present day. We are alluding to the facility with which those whose week days are spent in city toil may spend the seventh in breathing the fresh air and beholding the innocent joys of the rustic.

Without trains, electric tramways and motor cars, a wholesome change of scenery and surroundings would be scarcely possible in the limited time available.

We do not wish to underrate for a moment the value of parks and open spaces—the "city's lungs" For many these afford the only possibility of a Sunday in at any rate comparatively fresh air. Those large numbers, though, who habitually find the Sabbath's rest in a day's wholesome exercise at some little distance from their work-a-day centre may spare a moment from the usual condemnatory attitude toward the bustle, rush and clatter of up-to-date locomotion to bless the means which enable them so profitably to enjoy the day.

The Perpetual Failure.

If you lack character, downright, genuine honesty and squareness, your college education, your superior advantages only emphasize or extenuate your real failure, for no man has ever succeeded, no matter how many millions of dollars he may have accumulated, who has lost his character in the process If he has left his manhood behind him, if his integrity has escaped in his long-headed methods, his shrewd, sharp dealings, in his underhanded schemes, his life is a failure. It does not matter what position he has reached or how much money he has made. He is a miserable failure if he has lost the pearl of his life.—Success

The Drunkard's Bequest.

The number of imbeciles and idiots in the country is increasing at a rate faster than the general population. Mr. Alexander Johnson, superintendent of the Home for the Feeble-minded at Fort Wayne, Ind., who has made a life-long study of such matters, says that seventy-five per cent of these unfortunates owe their defects to drunken parents.

Loss of Flesh

When you can't eat breakfast, take Scott's Emulsion. When you can't eat bread and butter, take Scott's Emulsion. When you have been living on a milk diet and want something a little more nourishing, take Scott's Emulsion.

To get fat you must eat fat. Scott's Emulsion is a great fattener, a great strength giver.

Those who have lost flesh want to increase all body tissues, not only fat. Scott's Emulsion increases them all, bone, flesh, blood and nerve.

For invalids, for convalescents, for consumptives, for weak children, for all who need flesh, Scott's Emulsion is a rich and comfortable food, and a natural tonic.

Scott's Emulsion for bone, flesh, blood and nerve.

We will send you a free sample.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE, CHEMISTS,
409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c. and $1; all druggists.

THE OPTIMIST.

Some people seem to think this world is full of base deceivers;
Of interested persons, who, with fraudulent intent,
Assume the mark of virtue and are callous unbelievers
In piety and goodness that are plain and evident
My nature is confiding; I am really optimistic,
My faith in human nature has been long securely pinned
Concerning it I feel that I can't be too eulogistic—
Still, it is just as well to keep your two eyes skinned

My loving friends are dear to me—I know that they are loyal—
I wouldn't make a statement that would be considered rash
I hold them stanch and trusty, and with natures fine and royal,
And I would even trust them—well, to some extent—with cash
I like to have them round me—there's sufficient reason why too—
At times they are quite useful, and it's rarely I have sinned
By doubting them I'm sure they nearly all are safe to tie to,
Still, it is just as well to keep your two eyes skinned

I have no sort of doubt about the teaching of the teachers.
The physic of physicians or the justice of law
My confidence is boundless in the preaching of the preachers,
The truth of lovely woman's without the slightest flaw,
I do believe policemen have an honest sense of duty,
In short, our good old world is full of loveliness and beauty—
Still, it is just as well to keep your two eyes skinned.
—Chicago News

PITH AND POINT.

"What profession do you follow?" "I follow the medical profession, I'm an undertaker."—Town Topics.

"Father, what is an umpire?" "An umpire, my boy, is merely a human excuse for a row"—Chicago Post.

She—"My little brother will not bother us to-night." He—"That's good. When does the funeral take place?"—Chicago News

Patience—"I would never squeeze my feet out of shape" Patrice—"Oh, yes, you would if you were in my shoes"—Yonkers Statesman.

"I began dramatically 'The fool and his money—'" "Are the salvation of the industrious," interrupted the Shrewd Promoter.—Puck

To air our knowledge we're inclined,
And though our talk be gusty,
'Tis well to air it, for we find
That knowledge groweth musty
—Philadelphia Record

"She says she believes in evolution" "On what grounds?" "Well, she married a dude and he has turned into a real sensible husband."—Philadelphia Bulletin

Blind Bill (who had just received a copper)—"Thankee, sir; thankee. I see as you wouldn't fergit the poor blind man *d'reckly I see yer come* 'round the corner"—Tit-Bits.

"Did you say that my face would stop a clock?" "Not exactly, I intimated that it would tempt Father Time himself to pause in admiration."—Washington Star.

Work at your task from year to year
And when at last success is won,
Some smiling sluggard will appear
And tell you how it should be done
—Washington Star

"Now, Willie," said the careful mother, "I don't want you to associate with those Smith boys—they are so rough and rude" "Not t' me, ther' ain't Why, I picked a fight an' licked 'em as soon as I struck de neighborhood"—Baltimore Herald.

"See here," remarked the guest to the new waiter, "there doesn't seem to be any soup on this menu card" "Oh, no, sir," replied the waiter, nervously. "I didn't spill it at this table—it was the one on the other side of the room."—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

"Your husband, I suppose, still keeps up his habit of taking two baths a day, as prescribed by that physical culture teacher?" "No; he got tired of it and hunted up a physical culture teacher who says bathing is weakening and injurious."—Chicago Tribune.

Walking Tours.

Walking is an art, almost said to be one of the lost arts, says Country Life in America It is astonishing how few know how to walk; know how to acquire the measured stride, the springy step, the easy poise of the body and the swing of the arms, which make walking at once one of the most healthful and enjoyable forms of physical exercise. For the real pleasure of walking one must turn to the country Pavements are but dead, unyielding matter at best. In the turf of the country there is a spring in response to the pressure of the foot which is a delight and an inspiration in itself The purity of the air sets the blood to racing gloriously Good walkers find twenty miles a day a comfortable average, allowing plenty of time for rest and "loafing." Two weeks thus spent will afford memories to last for all time, and with them a measure of health and strength, a quickening of vital forces, a nervous energy which will find expression in increased power for accomplishment in the world's work.

250 Miles an Hour by Mail.

It is stated that the Italian postal authorities are considering a scheme, devised by an engineer named Piscicelli, for the establishment of a new rapid electric postal service It is proposed to transmit the mail in aluminum boxes traveling along overhead wires at the rate of 400 kilometres an hour. A letter could thus be sent from Rome to Naples in twenty-five minutes, and from Rome to Paris in five hours. A technical commission has been appointed to investigate the inventor's claims. The track will consist of steel wires, supported every 300 feet by poles forty-five feet in height. From these wires are suspended small motors propelled by current from the line. Each steel wire is designed to carry a weight of two tons and the motors, with their aluminum luggage carriers, weigh only seventy pounds each. It will be possible to carry 2000 newspapers at a time. The installation will cost a little less than $1000 a mile

What Doughnut Is.

"A doughnut, children," said the practical teacher of digestive economics, "is a round hole in the centre of a compound mixture of dyspepsia."—Baltimore News.

A kind thought is like a blossom: It always has the potential fruit of a good deed at its heart.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

PENNSYLVANIA DIV.—FALL BROOK DIST

Condensed Time Table, in effect June 15, 1902

GOING SOUTH.

	Week Days				Sundays	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Lyons	....	8 05	1 50	6 30	8 05	4 00
Geneva	....	9 35	2 23	7 15	8 35	4 28
Dresden	....	9 03	2 54	7 35	9 03	5 00
Penn Yan ar	....	9 28	3 20	8 28	9 28	5 28
Penn Yan lv.		8 12	2 9	7 07	8 12	4 27
Himrods	...	9 17	3 19	7 57	9 17	5 14
Dundee	..	9 28	3 18	8 07	9 28	5 24
Watkins	....	9 51	3 48	8 30	9 51	5 45
Corning ar.		10 37	4 25	9 10	10 37	6 21
Corning lv.	6 00	10 47	5 23	P. M.		6 32
Lawrenceville	6 27	11 16	5 54		....	7 03
Elkland	8 29	11 53	6 30	....	....	7 40
Knoxville	9 03	12 15	6 50	....	....	8 00
Westfield	9 40	12 30	7 05		...	8 15
Ulysses	11 00	1 10	7 50		...	9 00
Tioga	6 41	11 53	6 11	....	....	4 17
Stokesdale Jct	7 15	12 10	6 50	....	....	7 55
Wellsboro ar	7 25	12 20	7 00	...	....	8 05
Wellsboro lv	6 55	11 45	6 25	...	....	7 35
Ansonia	7 30	12 29	7 09		...	8 15
Blackwells	8 03	1 10	7 40		...	8 53
Slate Run	8 23	1 21	8 02	A. M.	....	9 17
Jersey Shore	9 16	2 20	9 05	11 45	....	10 16
Williamsport	9 50	2 55	9 40	12 20	....	10 50
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	....	P. M.
Reading P. & R	2 55	8 26	6 00	5 50		5 00
Philadelphia	4 35	10 15	6 59	7 30		6 59
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.

GOING NORTH.

	Week Days				Sundays	
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
Williamsport	...	7 21	2 40	5 47	7 20	....
Jersey Shore	...	7 50	3 11	6 23	7 50	....
Slate Run		8 40	3 53	7 18	8 40	....
Blackwells		8 59	4 17	7 40	8 59	....
Ansonia	....	9 30	4 43	8 15	9 30	....
Wellsboro ar	....	10 05	5 20	8 55	10 05	....
Wellsboro lv.	....	9 45	4 45	8 20	9 35	....
Stokesdale Jct.		9 55	5 10	8 45	9 55	....
Tioga		10 21	5 38	9 12	10 21	....
Ulysses	....	8 35	3 50		8 35	....
Westfield	....	9 18	4 33	...	9 18	....
Knoxville	....	9 34	4 50	...	9 34	....
Elkland		9 52	5 10		9 52	....
Lawrenceville		10 35	5 54	9 27	10 22	P. M.
Corning ar.	A. M.	11 05	6 20	9 55	11 05	
Corning lv.	7 25	11 10	6 25	p.m.	11 10	6 35
Watkins	8 03	11 48	7 07	...	11 48	7 07
Dundee	8 24	12 10	7 29	....	12 10	7 29
Himrods	8 33	12 18	7 31	...	12 18	7 37
Penn Yan ar.	9 28	12 58	8 23	...	12 58	8 23
Penn Yan lv.	8 12	11 57	7 07	....	11 57	7 07
Dresden	8 47	12 32	7 55	...	12 33	7 55
Geneva	9 20	12 57	8 22	...	12 57	8 22
Lyons	9 45	1 20	8 50	....	1 20	8 50
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.
Auburn, N.Y.C	10 30	3 34	9 45	....	5 25	9 45
Syracuse	10 55	3 00	10 40	....	3 00	10 40
Albany	2 30	4 57	2 50	....	....	2 50
New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....	....	[illegible]
Rochester	10 50	2 20	10 00		12 30	10 00
Buffalo	12 55	4 15	11 55	....	4 15	11 55
Niagara Falls	2 45	5 17	12 30	....	5 17	12 30
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.

Connections at Lyons and Geneva with main line and Auburn road trains; at Williamsport with Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

GEO. H. DANIELS, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, New York.
W. H. NORTHROP, General Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

Popular Scenic Route

BUFFALO AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Condensed Time Table in Effect July 20, 1902.

STATIONS.	Da. Ex Sun	Da. Ex. Sun	Da. Ex. Sun	Da. Ex. Sun	Sun-Only!
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Addison Lv	7.15	11.10	...	5.10	6.10
Elkland	7.46	11.41	....	5.41	5.41
Osceola	7.51	11.46	..	5.46	5.49
Knoxville	8 07	11.55	..	5.55	6.55
Westfield	8 16	12.11	..	6.11	6.11
Gaines Junc.	[illegible]	12.47	.	6.47	6.47
Galeton Ar.	10.20	1.00	...	7.00	7.00
Galeton Lv.		6.25	5.00	....	...
Germania	10 26	6.31	5.07	...	7.07
Corbett	10 34	6.44	5.15	..	7.15
Cross Fork Junc	10.58	7 25	5.40	...	7.40
Wharton	11.39	8.04	6.24	....	8.24
Costello	11.49	....	6.31	....	8.36
Austin	11 55	..	6.43	...	8.45
Keat. Summit Ar.	12.25		7.10	...	...
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	....
Keating Summit Lv		12.40	7.30	9.10	....
Austin	6 35	1.05	8.00	9.50	....
Costello	6 44	1.14	...	...	...
Wharton	6.56	1 28	...	3.10	....
Cross Fork Junc.	7.30	2.09	...	4.39	...
Corbett	8.00	2.38	....	5.15	...
Germania	..	2.47	..	5.28	....
Galeton Ar	8.23		...	5.35	...
Galeton Lv		2.53	..	...	....
Gaines Junc.	8 36	3.06	....	....	....
Westfield	9.14	3 43	....	....	....
Knoxville	9.29	3.58	....	....	....
Osceola	[illegible]	4.06	...	...	....
Elkland	9 41	4.11	..	...	...
Addison Ar	[illegible]	4.43	....	....	...
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	..

STATIONS.	Daily.	Da. Ex. Sun.	Da. Ex. Sun.	Da. Ex Sun.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Ansonia Lv	.	...	9.40	8.20
Manhattan	.	..	9.54	8.35
South Gaines	.	.	9.57	8.39
Gaines Junc	....	....	9.59	8.42
Galeton Ar.		...	10.20	8.55
Galeton Lv.	6.20	1.06	...	....
Walton	6.47	1.24	...	....
Newfield Junc	7.13	1.50	....	....
West Bingham	7.30	2.06		....
Genesee	7.41	2.18	...	....
Shongo	7.46	2.24	..	....
Wellsville Ar	8.06	2.45	....	..
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Wellsville Lv	8.30	3.20	...	...
Shongo	8.53	3.43	....	..
Genesee	8 58	3.48	..	..
West Bingham	9.09	3.59	..	....
Newfield Junc	9.27	4.17		....
Walton	9 51	4.41	...	....
Galeton Ar.	10.10	5.00	...	....
Galeton Lv	...	....	[illegible]	6 25
Gaines Junc.	.	....	8.50	6.37
South Gaines	.	...	9.07	7.40
Manhattan	.	.	9.11	7.44
Ansonia Ar		...	[illegible]	7.00
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

P. M	P. M.	A. M.	lv. ar	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
8.05	1.00	6.15	Cross Fork	11 50	3.00	6.38
8.55	2.00	7.15	Cross Fork Jc	11.00	2.10	5.45
P. M	P. M.	A. M.	ar. lv.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Leaves Wharton for Sinnemahoning daily except Sunday at 8:05 a. m., arriving at Sinnemahoning at 8:58 a. m. Returning leaves Sinnemahoning at 1:40 p. m., arriving at Wharton at 3:00 p. m.

ADDITIONAL TRAIN.—Leaves Addison 5:10 p. m., Elkland, 5:41, Osceola, 5:46, Knoxville, 5:55, Westfield, 6:11, Gaines Junction, 6.47 and arrives at Galeton at 7.00 p. m.

Connections.

At Keating Summit with P. R. R. (Buffalo Division) for all points north and south.
At Ansonia with the N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. (Pa. Division) for all points north and south.
At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R. Union Station.
At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.
At Addison with Erie R. R., Union Station.
At Wellsville with Erie R. R.
At Sinnemahoning with P. R. R., P. & E. D. W. Union Station.

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Athletics Injure Studies.

By Professor Ira N. Hollis.

IT does not stand to reason that a student in intercollegiate athletics can do as much work as one who devotes all his time to study. The athletic season of football, for example, last six weeks in the fall, and so far as classroom work is concerned, the time is practically thrown away. The members of the team attend lectures regularly; they are obliged to, but their minds are on signals and plays for the next game or practice. As a consequence one fifth of the year is lost, and the players have to do as much work in the remaining four-fifths as others do in the five-fifths. With average students it will not be done. The physical training which the football men have gone though cannot under favorable circumstances increase their efficiency enough to make good the difference. Then, as a rule, their participation in athletics has made them natural leaders in the social life of the college, and so they lose still more time. The only point that may be regarded as established by the records is that few students admitted to the teams are subsequently thrown off for poor scholarship. This proves that most athletes can usually do enough work to remain satisfactory in their studies. Of late years a good player has lost caste if he permits himself to be disqualified through any fault of his own.—The Atlantic.

It is Easy to Be a "Nobody."

By O. S. Marden.

IT is the easiest thing in the world to be a "nobody." All that is necessary is to do nothing, or to be like the boy who, when questioned by his father as to why he had resigned his position as clerk in a store replied: "The work was too hard; I am looking for something easy."

Look for a "soft snap." Don't get up in the morning until you feel like it. Don't go to work until you are obliged to. Don't put yourself out to meet engagements. Never mind if you miss a train, or if you are half an hour late at your work.

If you are at school, don't trouble about preparing your lessons. "Crib" whenever you can, cheat as often as possible, and get the best of your teacher whenever you see a chance, and your progress in the desired direction will be assured.

If you are in college, never mind about a scholarship; the main thing is to slide through. You can employ a tutor at the close of each term and "cram" for the examination. Have "a good time," and never bother about results, they will take care of themselves.

Do not try to do things as well as you can; any way will do. If you are sawing a board, do not exert yourself to saw it straight. If you start to make a sled or a bookcase, never mind about completing it; or, if you do, put it together anyhow. Half done, botched work is just the thing for "nobodies."

Education by the Way.

By Hamilton Wright Mabie.

HENRY WARD BEECHER was once asked how he had acquired the knowledge of the processes of all kinds which enabled him to draw so freely on the whole range of devices, methods, and machines used in manufacturing of every variety. He replied that, whenever he found himself in the neighborhood of a factory and had a little time to spare, he made it a practice to go through the establishment, ask questions, and try to understand everything he saw. In this way, without any special exertion, simply by using his eyes, his mind, and his time, he had come to know a great deal about many kinds of manufacturing, and this knowledge supplied him with a great fund of metaphors and illustrations, often of a very striking character. In like manner, whenever he was thrown with anyone of a different occupation, he made it a point to induce his companion to talk about his work, his habits, his skill. The great preacher went out of his way to secure a box seat on a stagecoach, in order that he might talk with the driver, watch his ways, learn his language and get his point of view. If he was to make a journey on a steamboat, he asked permission to go into the pilot house, and drew the pilot into talk about piloting boats, and life on the river or lake. In this way he came to have a very wide knowledge of men, of their different points of view, their various skills, and the things for which they cared most. He took the attitude of a learner, and was able to pour out such a flood of thought because he continually added to his own store of knowledge.—Success.

Mechanics and the Soil.

By Dr. George G. Groff, Lewisburg, Penn.

SOME years ago, when erecting my home, attention was called to the different financial condition of the mechanics who lived in the town and those living in the country. The town mechanic, if he works by the day, is ordinarily, as here observed, always poor. If he becomes a master workman and a contractor he may accumulate some property, but not if he continues to work for others.

But should he place his family in the country, the case at once becomes different. A home is secured. The children are educated and take higher positions in life than the parents, and altogether the condition of the family is improved. Near small towns, from ten to twenty acres of land, with buildings, may be secured for the same or less money than would purchase a very modest home in the town, with a lot large enough only for a house and a very small garden. In the country a cow furnishes milk and butter, poultry give eggs and meat; a garden, vegetables, one or more pigs, the family meat and lard. The orchard gives fruit for all the year. On the days when he has no work at his trade the man can work on the place. As the children grow older they attend the garden, the cow and the poultry.

These homes can be secured so near towns that the children may attend the town schools if this is desirable. That the plan here suggested is feasible is proven by the numerous illustrations where it is a living success to-day and it can be a success in all cases where the persons concerned believe in and love an independent, wholesome life. It is far better for children to grow up in the country, where they may become acquainted with plants and animals, both wild and domesticated, than in the town, where commonly all knowledge of nature is at a discount.

The writer has in mind several carpenters who, following the plan here suggested, have given up their trades and become successful farmers. The same is true of stone masons, plasterers and painters. All have been seen to leave the narrow life of the town for the broader one of the country.—New York Tribune.

The Test of Good Citizenship

By Henry Cabot Lodge.

NO man can hope to be a useful citizen in the broadest sense, in the United States, unless he takes a continuous and intelligent interest in politics, and a full share not only in the election but also in the primary operations which determine the choice of candidates. For this everyone has time enough, and if he says that he has not, it is because he is indifferent when he ought to be intensely and constantly interested. If he follows public affairs from day to day, and, thus informed, acts with his friends and those who think as he does at the caucus and the polls, he will make his influence fully felt and will meet completely the test of good citizenship. It is not essential to take office. For not doing so, the excuse of lack of time and the demands of more immediate private interest may be valid. But it would be well if every man could have, for a short period, at least, some experience in the actual work of government in his city, State, or Nation, even if he has no idea of following a political career. Such an experience does more to broaden a man's knowledge of the difficulties of public administration than anything else. It helps him to understand how he can practically attain that which he thinks is best for the State, and, most important of all, it enables him to act with other men to judge justly those who are doing the work of public life.

The man of business who devotes his surplus wealth to the promotion of education or of art, or to the alleviation of suffering, is doing public service. So, too, among business men and lawyers and journalists, among the men engaged in the most energetic and active pursuits, we find those who are always ready to serve on committees to raise money for charitable or public purposes, to advance important measures of legislation, and to reform the evils which are especially rife in great municipalities. To do this they give their money, as well as their time and strength, which are of more value than money, to objects wholly outside the labors by which they support themselves or their families or gratify their own tastes or ambitions. Thus they meet the test of what constitutes usefulness in a citizen by rendering to the country, to the public, and to their fellow citizens, service which has no personal reward in it, but which advances the good of others and contributes to the welfare of the community.—Success.

Switzerland's Tourist Trade.

One of the chief industries of Switzerland is the care of pleasure seekers. There are 1271 hotels devoted exclusively to strangers, with 92,333 beds. Twenty of these hotels have more than 300 beds, 380 have between fifty and 100, 540 from twenty to fifty. Lucerne has 4075 beds, Interlachen 4149, Geneva 3439, Davos 2810, Rigi 2034, Zermatt 1253, etc. Counting the smaller and more modest hotels, there are 1890 places for strangers in addition to the 1271 larger hotels, with 101,876 beds. The capital invested is over $110,000,000. The hotels employ 27,000 persons. In 1899, the year of the latest report, there were 2,559,000 arrivals registered at these hotels, which corresponded to between 300,000 and 400,000 tourists. It is estimated that thirty-four per cent. were Germans, twenty per cent. Swiss, seventeen per cent. English, eleven per cent. French and eighteen per cent. of various other nations.—New York Commercial.

The problem of the world is woman; its solution is in the unknown.

WOMAN'S REALM.

AN ALPINE HOSTESS.

A Venus of Milo, Clad in a Man's Attire, a Tourist's Discovery

We had been climbing since 5, catching glimpses of rosy-topped mountains, and at last the sun shone forth in all his glory over a snowy peak. As we turned from the dazzling splendor of our first sunrise in the Alps we could not help exclaiming, "Have the gods deserted Olympus!" For there in the doorway of one of the chalets stood the Venus of Milo. A pair of man's trousers tucked into top boots, a short, rough jacket and a velvet cap could not extinguish the majesty of that pose. Her eyes, blue as the mountain flowers, looked down upon one from another sphere, and kinky gold hair framed the ineffable calm of the face, a calm not of this world.

"Golly!" whispered the irrepressible one, "if she looks like that in those togs, what would she be in a Worth gown!" Our guide told us she was waiting breakfast for us, and we followed her into the chalet, feeling much as one would if the marble Venus should lean from her pedestal some morning and say, "Come, have some bread and butter." Only bread and butter and black coffee she gave us, but exquisitely served, in spite of the coarse napery and dishes, as only a goddess could serve it. At each place was a little bunch of blue harebells we had reveled in while tramping through the lovely green valley to Champery. We could scarcely eat, hungry as we were, so fascinated were we by every movement of the immortal as she glided about waiting upon us. She spoke no word and we longed for her voice.

"Do you live up here, mademoiselle?" we asked in French. In perfectly good English a voice that matched the face replied: "Only while the cattle graze, madam."

"And then?"

"Then I go to my home in the valley."

This was all. "News and pottage" were not in her line. We came away feeling that we could not leave her, we must know more of her.

"Who is she?" we asked the guide.

"Oh, her? Her Anglss, come over here to climb up lak we. Young man fine too, but dunno how kep his foot from slip—En nom De It is so high down! Ver long her sick, and now her nev' go way home 't all, jes stay lak she spec 'im to come back sometimes. Her boss th' farm and tech th' chil'n."

The little bunch of blue harebells lies among my treasures crisp and faded, but that wonderful breakfast in the Alps would be such stuff as dreams are made of but for its presence.—Clara Stowell Honeyman, in Good Housekeeping.

The Sunshiny Girl.

The girl who is everybody's favorite is generally a girl of average qualifications.

She is not wonderfully beautiful nor astonishingly clever, nor so wise that she knows other people's business better than they do themselves, yet she is beloved by all, young and old, and she will be sought for when the pouting beauty, with her matchless hair and eyes, is left alone, and the student who can tell you all about the things of science sits moping in a corner, while the all-wise person is shunned as a plague.

The universal attraction is a gift which is born with one, and, although I will not say that it could not possibly be acquired, it is not often the result of education.

We see babies who toddle into our hearts with their first trembling steps whose dimpled hands hold our fondest, warmest loves as firmly as they clutch our hair.

They may be among the dearest things in the world to us all through childhood to maturity, and some day we awaken to find that the laughing baby has developed into the beloved woman, whose voice is music in all ears, and who has fond hearts scattered so thickly along her path that the whole road seems rose-colored.

The old people regard her as a sunbeam, the young think no gathering is complete or enjoyable without her; and the children hang after her with adoring eyes and hearts, which are not the least of her triumphs.

She can always get what she wants, and the paradox is that she doesn't want things half so badly as other people who are never gratified.

She is content to take what comes her way, and she never sighs after the unattainable, which might as easily be hers, if she wished, as the most ordinary, everyday things of life are owned by other mortals.

This girl is a puzzle. The girls wonder why she is so beloved by their brothers and cousins.

"Of course," they reason, "she is a dear, sweet little thing, but then there is nothing extraordinary about her," never dreaming that it is just that quality which is admired and loved.

Extraordinary things are all very well when we go sightseeing, or take a day's journey into some curiosity cabinet to see the queer articles which are in the world, but for the every day purposes of life we want something like ourselves, something not above sympathizing with our ills, ailments and tempers.—Marion F. Mowbray, in New York News.

Mixed Motives.

Motives are almost always mixed in this imperfect world of ours, and it is often hard even for the people themselves who are termed philanthropic to distinguish just where selfishness ends and true charity begins. [illegible] who has social aspirations, and is also of a kindly disposition, develops, under the combined promptings of her ambition and her conscience, into a most efficient worker in certain charitable associations, [illegible] It is not for those who, urged by such promptings, do little for the good of mankind to criticise her actions or analyze unkindly her motives in associating herself with Mrs. Midas and Mrs. Haut-Ton, who are also interested in the work. Nevertheless, it is impossible not to remark that the bread cast upon the waters is returned in the form of substantial loaves indeed. Mrs. A. succeeds in establishing her footing by virtue of hard, cheerful work among her associates, and slowly but surely climbs the ladder of social success, while she not unnaturally feels a glow of satisfaction in contemplating the good which she feels she has accomplished. The face value is what we must look for in this life, and the rest we must take on trust. No one is wholly good; neither is any one wholly bad. In every direction one finds genuine feeling mixed up with self interest, and he who is without sin in this respect is the only one who should cast stones of criticism.—New York Tribune.

A Unique Club.

The Scratch Club of San Francisco is a unique organization, composed of women of artistic tendencies, whose object in banding together is not the customary motive of feminine club members, mutual improvement, but rather relaxation from the work and duties associated with their calling. The club has quarters in a quaint old mansion which once belonged to a Spanish grandee, and is situated on one of the terraces in the ancient part of San Francisco. There in their picturesque quarters, overlooking the bay, the Scratch Club women assemble periodically and give unique entertainments, distinguished for spirit and humor. The ordinary home life of the club is also of an attractive character. Many of the members are descendants of "forty miners," and among the entertainments given by the club have been "costume evenings," when frocks, hats and other personal apparel worn by the wives and daughters of the "forty-miners," half a century ago, were resurrected and donned by the grandchildren of the pioneers represented on the Scratch Club roll. As might be expected, the rooms of the club abound in decorations and sketches of a most interesting character.

The Art of Sitting.

Such a simple art—one that we spend so much of our lives in doing, especially if our occupation is of the kind known as sedentary, says the Lady's Magazine. Too much cannot be said against the indiscriminate habit of lounging. Naturally, if the muscles are let off their proper work, they complain when suddenly expected to perform their natural duties with the result that the unfortunate person becomes aware that it is next to impossible to sit or stand perfectly erect, and therefore she flies to the support of stays, or those abominations known as shoulder braces. Seek rather to develop and strengthen all the muscles, and, having done this, sit up. There is no need to assume an attitude of ramrodlike stiffness: it is quite possible to sit correctly and gracefully at the same time.

Chrysanthemum Petticoats.

Quite Japanesque is the chrysanthemum petticoat. Not only because the design is of chrysanthemums, but because the embroidery is on the lines laid down by Japanese experts. And there's no embroidery so utterly soft and yet so heavily rich looking as the Japanese.

This particular petticoat is of palest blue taffeta and tucked narrow frills edge the deep flounce. It is upon this flounce that there is a veritable riot of chrysanthemums. These dainty, fantastic, capricious blossoms are in any number of delicate pink shades, and they are given additional beauty by means of a smart open-work design, the edges of which are finely done in black—a mere line, just enough to accent the exquisitely pale colorings.

She Reclaims Siberian Convicts.

Eugenie de Meyer, a Russian woman, has undertaken the work of reclaiming the convicts of the penal settlement of Saghalien. To this island only the worst type of criminals are sent. Among these are 8000 murderers, but their brave countrywoman lives there with them entirely unprotected and, except for the hospitality of the officials, entirely unmolested. The conditions of the life at the settlement are such as to dismay the stoutest heart and blunt the kindliest feeling, and the keepers are reported as a brutalized set at best. The keen interest of the Czaritsa in this self-sacrificing work of her young subject is all that makes its continuance possible.

Pretty Things to Wear.

Chenille will be freely worn in fringes.

Lace of the same color as the gown, set in, forms one of the most exclusive trimming ideas of the season.

A corded white silk purse covered with duchesse lace and mounted with gold makes a charming bridal gift.

Green and black is a favorite combination, and a number of the new materials are woven in these two colors.

Reproduction of rings that were worn in the days of the third George are included among the season's designs.

Dragon flies, butterflies and humming birds represent some new effects in hair ornaments that are pretty as well as inexpensive.

Horizontal effects are much more preferred this season for skirt garniture than the up-and-down styles. This applies particularly to tucks.

Collars of guipure with stole ends caught together with bows of chiffon are worn with many of the smartest of the new blouses in crepe de chine and fancy silk.

Many tails are offered for the modish long boas, as the tails must hang down the centre of the back as well as at the waist and others are required to finish the ends.

Velvet for street dresses is among the extravagant ideas of the day. Brown in the very darkest of hues is trimmed with a woolen lace of the same shade, upon a silk lining that shows through the wide meshes.

The very newest of the new is the pleated skirt—a pretty old fashion revived. This is arranged in folds round the hips and at the back, but the front is still kept fairly plain. This, let me tell you, is charming for a smart frock, but must not be composed of too thick a material. Tailors adore the new box-pleated or kilted skirt, which they mostly put into a plain piece fitted round the hips.

The man who knows it all is compelled to spend all his time trying to convince people that he does.

THOUSANDS OF WOMEN ARE SLOWLY DYING FROM CATARRH

Pe-ru-na Cures, That Is Why the People Like It.

All the Advertisement in the World Could Not Make Pe-ru-na as Popular as It Is.

Miss Margaret Donnelly, 21 Webster Place Brooklyn, N. Y., writes

"Peruna was recommended to me about a year ago for catarrh, with which I had been troubled nearly all my life, but which had given me serious trouble a few months before I took Peruna. In two weeks my head cleared up, I did not have headaches, and in a short time felt perfectly well."—Margaret Donnelly.

November Colds Should Not Be Allowed to Develop Into Chronic Catarrh.

Pe-ru-na Cures a Cold Promptly and Permanently.

"I am glad to recommend Peruna, as it has done so much for me. I had been a great sufferer from catarrhal colds until I was urged to try Peruna, and I am happy to say that it has entirely cured me. I shall never be without it, and most cheerfully recommend it to others who are afflicted as I have been."—Katherine Dauter, 239 13th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Most people think the success of Peruna depends upon the use of advertisements. Undoubtedly the advertisements help some. But by far the greatest number of people who hear of Peruna have their attention called to it by a friend.

Some one gets cured of chronic catarrh by Peruna. After he is certain of his cure he is sure to recommend it to his friends. Friend recommends it to friend and the news spreads from tongue to tongue.

All the advertisements in the world could not make Peruna as popular as it is. Peruna cures. That is the reason people like it. Peruna cures a very stubborn disease. That is why everyone recommends it. Peruna cures chronic catarrh after all other remedies fail, which explains why neighbor recommend it to neighbor. Peruna cures catarrh permanently, and this way has gained a lifelong friend.

People who have been cured by Peruna many years ago *have been eager to recommend* Peruna to their friends ever since. This is the way Peruna is advertised. It advertises itself. Its merits are its chief advertisement. Once cured of so distressing and exasperating a malady as catarrh it becomes the duty of every one to pass it along, to call the attention of those who are still victims to a remedy that rarely fails to cure.

Beware of Cheap Imitations of Pe-ru-na---Be Sure That You Get Pe-ru-na.

There are no substitutes for Peruna. Allow no one to persuade you that there is something just as good. The success of Peruna has tempted many people to devise cheap imitations. Beware of them. Be sure that you get Peruna.

Miss Jennie Driscoll, 870 Putnam ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"I heard so much in praise of Peruna as a specific for catarrhal affections that *when I found myself with a bad case of catarrh of the head and throat Peruna was the first thing that I thought of.* And my convictions were not wrong, for in a few weeks after using Peruna systematically I was entirely rid of this aggravating and distressing disease, catarrh.

"If people knew how efficient Peruna was for this trouble they would not hesitate to try it. I have all the faith in the world in it, and have never known of a case where the person was not cured in a short time."—Jennie Driscoll.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

England's High Price of Living.

Consular prices from England are to the effect that the increased cost of living there keeps parallel with the pronounced advance in food prices in the United States.

A Love Affair.

Take some imagination, mix with a little passion, bottle it up—and you have a love affair.—New York Press.

The Important Thing.

In the social swim life preservers are not so important as reputation preservers.—New York Press.

The Flag on the New Stamps.

A Washington correspondent writes: For the first time since 1869 the Post-office Department, with the issuance of the new series of stamps now in preparation, will make use of the American flag in one of its designs. This will be a part of the two-cent stamp, which, by the way, will bear little resemblance to the one now in use.

The portrait of Washington, which has long appeared on the popular stamp, will be succeeded by a photograph taken from Gilbert Stuart's famous painting. The familiar bust of Washington, so long known to the stamp-using public, was drawn from Houdon's profile cast.

From a Cook's Letter to a Friend.

"Our Lady Amabel she've took lessons, so as to help us in the cooking. One day she comes to make an apple pie. I'd made the paste ready for 'er to roll, and buttered the dish, and Jane had peeled the apples, and John and Robert stood over 'er with the things, and 'Liza had 'ot water for 'er to wash 'er hands in when she'd done. So it was a nice 'help,' you may be sure. Hows'ever, she did it, and I baked it, and upstairs they all said as there'd never bin known sich a pie—tho' it was as sour as warjuice, for lor' if she hadn't forgot to put in the shuggar!"—Food and Cookery.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price, 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Europe has 33,000 births and 24,000 deaths daily.

Johnson's Happy Pills are manufactured by the Happy Medicine Co., Borough of Richmond, N. Y. City. They are highly recommended for malaria and chills and fevers.

A combination of chain makers was formed in Cleveland, Ohio, recently.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Absence makes the heart grow fonder of the people who bore you.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Many a fellow who is blind to his own interests is always looking for trouble.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle, except green and purple.

The empty-headed fellow demonstrates that there is plenty of room at the top.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Procrastination is a word that carries wait.

Uncle Sam's Waste Basket.

A little more than 9,000,000 pieces of mail turned up at Uncle Sam's dead letter office last year. Letters and parcels to the number of 50,000 were opened, yielding $48,000 in cash and commercial paper of an aggregate face value of $1,399,926. Yet there are some people cruel enough to say that husbands who neglect to mail their wives' letters are the most absent-minded people on earth. It will be consoling to the maligned to know there are others.—Omaha Bee.

Davy Crockett's Rifle.

One of the most interesting relics on exhibition in the office of Secretary of State Crockett is the rifle which was presented by admiring friends to his great grandfather, the immortal Davy Crockett, hero of the Alamo, and author of the equally immortal phrase, "Be sure you are right, and then go ahead." This gun was carried by the grandson of the first owner, the late General "Bob" Crockett, who brought down much game with it, but now it has been retired with honor and full pay to pass the remainder of its days, or centuries, as a relic of one of the greatest characters this country has ever produced. It is a formidable-looking weapon, originally of the flint-lock type, with a 40-calibre bore. The barrel was originally forty-six inches long, but some of it has been cut off, and it is now only forty and one-half inches. It was presented to David Crockett soon after his second election to Congress in 1829, by some of his admiring young whig friends of Philadelphia. It cost $250 and was made especially for him. The donors raised the money by contributing half a dollar each to the fund. The stock is trimmed in sterling silver, elaborately designed with figures of the Goddess of Liberty, a raccoon, a deer's head and other figures. Along the upper part of the barrel are the letters, set into the barrel in gold, some of which has worn out. "Presented by the Young Men of Philadelphia to the Hon David Crockett, of Tennessee." In similar letters near the muzzle are the words, "Go ahead."—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

Colds

"I had a terrible cold and could hardly breathe. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and it gave me immediate relief."
W. C. Layton, Sidell, Ill.

How will your cough be tonight? Worse, probably. For it's first a cold, then a cough, then bronchitis or pneumonia, and at last consumption. Coughs always tend downward. Stop this downward tendency by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS. N Y 4

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL
BURNS, SCALDS
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

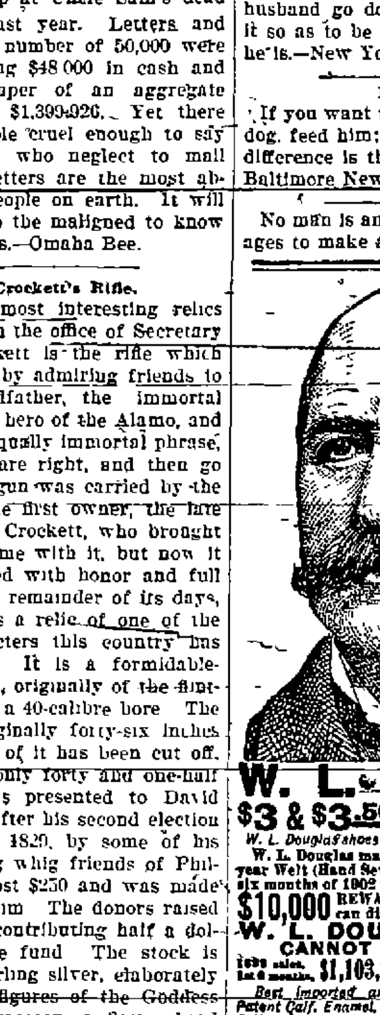
The Wife's Way.

When a woman is dead sure it isn't a burglar, but a cat, she makes her husband go down stairs to see about it so as to be able to brag how brave he is.—New York Press.

Feed Him.

If you want to win the gratitude of a dog, feed him; as to men, the material difference is the quality of the food.—Baltimore News.

No man is an utter failure if he manages to make a living.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas shoes are the standard of the world.

W. L. Douglas made and sold more men's Goodyear Welt (Hand Sewed Process) shoes in the first six months of 1902 than any other manufacturer.

$10,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOES CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

1899 sales, 1st 6 months, $1,103,820 | 1902 sales, 1st 6 months, $2,340,000

Best imported and American leathers, Heyl's Patent Calf, Enamel, Box Calf, Calf, Vici Kid, Corona Colt, Nat. Kangaroo. Fast Color Eyelets used.

Caution! The genuine have W. L. DOUGLAS name and price stamped on bottom.

Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Illus. Catalog free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

R·I·P·A·N·S

I will be sixty-one years old next April, and all my life had been a great sufferer from dyspepsia and indigestion. Up to three years ago I was sure that nothing would help me, as I had tried almost every known remedy, none giving me much relief. One day my family physician told me to try Ripans Tabules, as he had found them of great benefit in several obstinate cases of indigestion and dyspepsia. I will say candidly that I had little faith in them or in any other medicine when I began taking the Tabules. Much to my surprise I felt better within a day and was soon greatly relieved. I kept taking them and continued to improve. I felt like a new woman, and my neighbors and friends saw a great change for the better in my health.

The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Men for the United States Navy, able-bodied, age 18 to 35, and boys, age 15 to 17. Write for information NAVAL RECRUITING RENDEZVOUS, 87 South Street, New York, or 120 Prudential Building, Buffalo.

CAPITALISTS, TAKE NOTICE! For sale in Buffalo at 50 cents on the dollar Brick Factory Building with power, forty thousand feet of floor. Address JOHN KINGSTON, 5 Henry St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Happy CURES MALARIA CHILLS & FEVERS 35c Johnson's

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, November 13.

The Hudnut Hominy Mills, at St. Joseph, Mo., were destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $100,000.

Carl Torno, of Webster, Mass., was yesterday sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of his son.

The annual meeting of the board of trustees of the Cathoic University of America was held at Washington yesterday.

Grandin Layton, aged 66 years, of Corning, N. Y., died on a train of the Long Branch Railroad at Elizabeth, N. J., yesterday.

General William Booth, head of the Salvation Army, addressed 2,000 persons at a mass meet ' at Detroit, Mich., last night.

Friday, November 14.

Brigadier General H. S. Hawkins, retired, has been detailed to duty as governor of the soldiers' home near Washington.

In a quarrel over the cost to use a telephone, John Southern, of Rogersville, Tenn., was shot and killed yesterday by H. B. McCullough.

J. M. McKnight, former president of the defunct German National Bank of Louisville, Ky., was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary for embezzlement.

The United States Philippine commission has passed an act to suppress Ladronism. It makes highway robbery committed by three or more persons a capital offense.

Saturday, November 15.

Joseph Swain, LL. D., was installed as president of Swarthmore College, near Philadelphia, today.

Lieutenant George B. Rice, U. S. N., has resigned. He was appointed to the naval academy from Kentucky in 1892.

Alonzo Ryan, of the United States signal corps, who saw service in the Philippines, committed suicide yesterday by shooting, at Highland Falls, N. Y.

Generals Corbin, Young and Wood are preparing an elaborate report of their observations of the European armies of the countries they recently visited.

Monday, November 17.

The annual horse show of the National Horse Show Association opened in Madison Square Garden today.

Vernon Corson, 19 years old, of Jersey Shore, Pa., was thrown from a hay wagon Saturday and killed. His neck was broken.

St. Louis World's Fair officers say they know nothing of the reported plan of President Loubet of France to visit the exposition.

A Manila dispatch places the loss to the Philippine treasury on account of the depreciation of silver since January at $1,054,000 in gold.

Tuesday, November 18.

The United States Supreme Court yesterday took a recess until Monday, December 1.

Japan will maintain a permanent fleet in the American waters of the Pacific. It will be sent out next year.

The plant of the Massillon Stone and Firebrick Company, at Massillon, O., was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $75,000.

Congressman James S. Sherman, of Utica, N. Y., yesterday sent out letters saying he was not a candidate for the speakership.

The powder mill near Greensburg, Pa., blew up yesterday, killing Joseph France and William Vanis. This is the fifth time the mill has blown up.

Wednesday, November 19.

Ambassador Von Holleben, of Germany, sailed yesterday for New York from Bremen.

Dr. Frank A. Baden, of Baltimore, was found dead yesterday in a hotel at Richmond, Va.

Pope Leo yesterday signed the brief appointing Mgr. Sharetti apostolic delegate in Canada.

Robbers cracked the safe in the Farmers' Bank at Arthur, Ia., yesterday and secured $2,500 in cash.

The national convention of the Brotherhood of St. Paul was held at Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday and today.

The Wilkesbarre and Wyoming Valley Electric Railway Company increased the wages of motormen and conductors from $1.70 to $1.75 per day.

GENERAL MARKETS

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 18. — Flour was steady; winter superfine, $2.60@2.80; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $3.10@3.25; city mills, extra, $2.85@3. Rye flour was quiet, at $3.15@3.20 per bbl. Wheat was firm; No. 2 Pennsylvania, red, new, 76@76¼c. Corn was firm; No. 2 yellow, local, 67c. Oats were quiet; No. 2 white, clipped, 37c.; lower grades, 34@35c. Hay was steady; No. 1 timothy, $18.50@19 for large bales. Beef was steady; beef hams, $19@20. Pork was firm; family, $23@24. Live poultry, 11½c. for hens, and 8@9c. for old roosters. Dressed poultry, 13c. for choice fowls, 9c. for old roosters. Butter was steady; creamery, 30c. per pound. Eggs were steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 26c. per dozen. Potatoes were steady; choice, 60@63c. per bushel.

Live Stock Markets.

East Liberty, Pa., Nov. 18. — Cattle were steady; choice, $6@6.20; prime, $5.75@5.90; good, $5.25@5.50. Hogs were active; prime heavy, $6.55@6.60; medium, $6.55@6.40; heavy yorkers, $6.50@6.35; light yorkers, $6.25@6.30; pigs, $6.15@6.25; roughs, $5@6. Sheep were lower; best wethers, $3.60@3.75; culls and common, $1.50@2; choice lambs, $5@5.20; veal calves, $7.50@8.50.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 18. Cattle were steady; fine steers, $6.25@6.75; shipping steers, $5.25@6; heifers, $3.25@4.75; cows, $2.25@4; stock heifers, $2.25@3. Veals were steady; tops, $8.25@8.50; common to good, $5.50@8. Hogs were active; heavy, $6.50@6.65; mixed, $6.40@6.50; yorkers and pigs, $6.20@6.30. Sheep were easier; mixed tops, $3.15@3.25; culls to good, $1.75@3.10. Lambs slow and lower; tops, $4.80@4.90; culls to good, $3.50@4.75; yearlings, $3.60@3.75.

Ten Day Low Rate Excursion to Boston.

On Tuesday, Nov. 25th, the New York Central will sell excursion tickets to Boston and return, good ten days, permitting stopover on the going trip at either Springfield, Worcester, Palmer or South Framingham, at rate of $10 from Corning, and intermediate points, $11.25 from Wellsboro and Westfield, and proportionate rates from other stations. Pennsylvania division trains make close connections at Lyons with through vestibuled trains carrying parlor, sleeping and dining cars. For detailed information concerning train service, tickets and pullman car space apply to New York Central ticket agents.

CHANGES IN FARMINGTON.

Several Fall Removals—New Church Nearly Completed—Personal Points.

FARMINGTON CENTER, Nov. 19.—Ira H. Mourey has moved in with his father, Daniel Mourey, and W. O. Mourey has moved in the house vacated by his father, Ira Mourey. Henry Badman has sold out to Prof. Cass and has moved to his own farm. Jerry Niles will look after the Cass farm.

The Gospel Mission people have their little church nearly completed. It will be a very neat house of worship.

James VanZile, of Candor, N. Y., has moved into the house owned by A. E. Rice, on the old homestead.

A few friends and neighbors turned out last Wednesday afternoon and put the siding on a part of the house of Mrs. Ella E. Odle. Come again some day and it can be finished.

All the personal property of the late Juliet Faulkner, of Academy Corners, was sold last Saturday afternoon at public sale. A. E. Rice was the auctioneer.

C. O. Churchill is drilling a well for A. E. Rice on the old home farm.

Mrs. Eleanor Bosard, who has been sick at the home of her granddaughter, Mrs. Lee Seely, at Osceola, is convalescing.

Abe Odle and Frank Grover are pressing straw at Sheriff VanDusen's farm.

Miss Gussie Davis has secured a position with Minor & Son at Elkland.

Taylor Bros. will commence sawing again on the Smith & Campbell job this week.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Here is an exceptional chance to obtain fine reading at remarkably low cost. It is by all means the best offer yet announced by the Wellsboro Gazette.

Providing you subscribe for all four at the same time, you can have the Wellsboro Gazette, the Thrice-a-Week World, the Woman's Home Companion and the Cosmopolitan Magazine one year for $2.75, but you cannot subscribe for one and then send for the others.

The Thrice-a-Week World is without a rival in its own field. Published every other day, except Sunday, at its regular subscription price of $1 per year, it is equaled by few dailies that cost five times as much.

The Woman's Home Companion is all that its name indicates. It has the services of the best writers and artists, and is especially adapted to women. It comes monthly to the fireside. Its separate price is $1 per year.

The Cosmopolitan is a monthly magazine costing separately $1 per year.

The Gazette is one of the best local papers in the county. It contains all the local and general news when it is news. Terms, $1.50 per year.

Thus for $2.75 you can obtain reading material that would cost $4.50 if the publications were furnished separately. Send to us for all four at the same time. Address Gazette, Wellsboro, Pa.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

W. E. Davis Has Sold His Store at Little Marsh—Personal Notes.

LITTLE MARSH, Nov. 19.—W. E. Davis has purchased the store and stock of goods of Mr. Phillips at Nelson and will soon remove there to conduct the business. Mr. Davis has sold his stock of groceries in this place to A. M. Roberts, who will continue the business at the old stand.

Several of the school buildings in this township have recently been treated to a coat of paint, which was greatly needed, as they were becoming to look quite shabby.

S. P. Beach was called to Hornellsville, N. Y., last week by the death of his brother-in law, John Major, of that place, which occurred last Friday. He was also called to Sunderlinville by the death and burial of another relative, Mrs. Sunderlin.

Postmaster Cooper is again quite sick. Ed. Cloos and Mrs. Charles Whiting are both sick with typhoid fever.

Ed. Ordway, who has been very poorly for some time, contemplates going to Pine Bluff, North Carolina, in hopes of improving his condition. His voice has been seriously affected.

Mrs. Tibbs, of Scio, N. Y., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. F. A. Johnson, at the parsonage.

Howland's portable sawmill is cutting a stock of logs for A. M. Roberts, near the Faulkner schoolhouse.

Walter Hawkins has built an addition to his house.

N. W. Ashton spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at Galeton.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Roe, of Wellsboro, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cooper.

Cheap and Convenient Tickets.

The thousand mile books sold by the New York Central at all stations at the rate of $20 are the most convenient and economical form of transportation. They are good until used and will be accepted from the holder for any number of persons, not only on the New York Central, its leased lines and branches, but also on the Boston & Albany railroad, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg railway, Philadelphia & Reading railway, Atlantic City railroad, Central railroad of Pennsylvania and Pittsburg, Johnstown, Ebensburg & Eastern railroad, subject to the local regulations of those lines.

The Best Mileage Book.

With the New Central interchangeable thousand mile ticket, passengers can travel at two cents per mile on any portion of the New York Central, including leased and operated lines, and several connecting lines, aggregating over 6,000 miles of track. These mileage books are on sale at all stations at rate of $20, are good for one or any number of persons, and good until used. Apply to ticket agents for detailed information.

Five hundred mile books, good only on New York Central leased lines and branches in the State of New York, are sold for $10.

Worth **$100** to you to cure child or adult of incontinence water during sleep. "Anti-Diuretic" stops it immediately. $1. Sold by Hyer & Howd.

Whooping Cough

Stopped almost immediately by "DETCHON'S WHOOPING COUGH SPECIFIC" Sold by Hyer & Howd.

Prescribing and Prescription.

It is the business of the physician to prescribe, and it is his interest to prescribe all remedies that threaten to supersede his prescriptions. Hence it is not surprising that Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar, which is rapidly taking the place of all the official preparations as a cure for coughs, colds, influenza, difficult breathing, &c., find less favor with the faculty than with the universal public. Sold by the entire drug trade at 25 cents, 50 cents and $1. Buy the large size, it is much the cheapest. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

—Governor Wright sees a great future in the Phillippines. At present the islands's greatest need is railroads.

While There is Life There is Hope.

I was afflicted with catarrh; could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it.—Marous G. Shautz, Rahway, N. J.

Cream Balm reached me safely and the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief. Respectfully, Mrs. Franklin Freeman, Dover, N. H.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cents or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

—A German accused of threatening to to kill many New York millionaires is under arrest.

Lovely warmth of color, with traces of pink and white, is the exquisite complexion which follows the use of Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

—Sixteen thousand tons of anthracite coal imported from Great Britain reached the port of New York a few days ago.

"I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered my body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Chas. Hutton, Berville, Mich.

—Senator Hanna says stories that he is in a desperate state of health are "ridiculous."

A household necessity. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort; cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthama, never fails.

—Rubber goods manufacturing companies are forming a trust.

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless. Positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

—Philadelphia dealers are demanding $8 a ton for hard coal.

Itchiness of the skin, hortible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Distressing Stomach Disease

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "South American Nervine Tonic." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by Hyer & Howd.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys or back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Hyer & Howd.

A $75 SEWING MACHINE FREE!

TO EVERY PERSON calling at my store I will give a ticket entitling them to a chance on any Sewing Machine in my store not listed at more than $75, including Wheeler & Wilson, Standard, Domestic, Eldridge and other makes. Call before tickets are all given away. Machine will be given away Wednesday night, December 31, 1902.

Three Car Loads of Pianos

purchased before the advance in prices enables me to quote some very low prices on these instruments during the next 60 days. These pianos include Wegman, Newman Bros., A. B. Cameron, Chickering and other makes.

Also a number of Organs at greatly reduced prices. Second hand pianos, organs and sewing machines constantly on hand. Taken in exchange for high grade goods.

W. G. PITTS,

TRADING STAMPS GIVEN. Coles House Block, Wellsboro, Pa

BARGAINS IN FURNACES.

IN THE MIDST OF SUMMER

PREPARE FOR WINTER.

The time to put in Furnaces IS NOW, before the Fall rush of that character begins and you suffer with the cold, waiting your turn.

WE BOUGHT A CARLOAD OF FURNACES

Only Tioga county firm that ever did. After having our pick of the market, we retained the most famous, reliable, standard, up-to-date, economical heaters which have led the procession for twenty-five years, namely:

THE RICHARD & BOYNTON HOT AIR HEATERS.

We bought them early. Caught a jobber who had more furnaces than money. Took them all at a very low figure and saved the freight besides. Every one an 1902 model with the latest improvements. Having bought these heaters so advantageously, we are prepared to save you from $10 to $15 from the regular retail price on each furnace. Isn't that worth saving. It will pay nearly half of your fuel bill for the winter if you don't use hard coal, and at the same time you will be getting the best and most durable heater made. Call or write for prices and estimates.

ROBERTS & GARDNER,

HEATING. SANITARY PLUMBING.

Which Way Do the Trade Winds Blow

AT THIS SEASON OF THE YEAR?

TOWARD THE

New York Clothing House,

and that is an axiom. But all people will not accept this unqualified statement, unless it is proven conclusively, and that is what we are prepared to do for all who will but come in and inspect our immense stock of Clothing. We can suit you, even though you have been paying from $25 to $40 at some tailoring establishment, for we have a select and complete line of

Alfred Benjamin's Clothing.

The conservative and careful buyers are the ones with whom we wish to deal, for they become regular patrons.

We have suits ranging from $4.00 to $30, of the latest cloths and in all the latest effects, consequently we can please all who may wish to get warm clothing for cold weather. The above can be repeated of our line of Overcoats.

We also carry a full and complete line of the W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES for men and boys. The name, W. L. DOUGLAS, stands for the best in footwear.

Remember we save you the middleman's profit, for we are manufacturers.

WE GIVE PREMIUM STAMPS.

The Celebrated W. L. Douglas Shoes

ROSENBAUM & PHILLIPS

I. COHEN, Manager.

Alfred Benjamin's High Art Clothing.